The New-York Times.

VOL. XVI....NO. 4842. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1867. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Advices to April 2 by Ocean Telegraph.

England Indifferent as to the Sale of Russian America.

Small Encounters with Armed Fenians Near Dublin and Cork.

The Formal Opening of the Paris Exposition.

GREAT BRITAIN.

England Indifferent in Regard to Russian-America.

LONDON, Tuesday, April 2.

In the House of Lords last night the Duke of Buckingham, the Colonial Secretary, said that the prospective transfer of the Russian North American Possessions to the United States was a matter of indifference to England.

An Encounter with a Party of Fenians.

LONDON, Tuesday, April 2—3 P. M.

A dispatch received from Dublin to-day, says that the British troops, while searching for Fenians in the country near that city, yesterday, came upon three of them who were fully armed and equipped. The troops fired upon them, and killed one. Another, who subsequently proved to be the notorious McClure, was captured. The third escaped.

An Encounter Near Cork.

DUBLIN, Tuesday, April 2.

A dispatch from Cork reports that a fight took place in the vicinity of that city this morning between the troops and a band of Fenians, and several of the rebels were taken prisoners.

East Indian Cotton.

LONDON, Tuesday, April 2—3 P. M.

Advices have been received from Bombay which state that the growth of Cotton in that region has been greatly increased.

FRANCE.

The Opening of the Paris Exposition.

PARIS, Tuesday, April 2.

The Emperor NAPOLEON, accompanied by the Empress EUGENIE and the Princess CLOTHILDE, formally opened the International Exposition yesterday afternoon. There were no boisterous demonstrations whatever from the masses of people present.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Financial.

LONDON, Tuesday, April 2—Noon.

The following are the opening prices of Consols and American Securities in this city to-day:

Consols for money	91
Erie Railway shares	39¾
Illinois Central shares	78¾
U. S. Five-twenty bonds	75

At Frankfort United States bonds opened at 78, and at Paris at 84¾.

LONDON, Tuesday, April 2—Evening.

Consols close at 91 for money.

United States Five-Twenties	75
Illinois Central Railway shares	79
Erie Railway shares	39¾

FRANKFORT, Tuesday, April 2—P. M.

United States Five-Twenty Bonds	78

PARIS, Tuesday, April 2—P. M.

United States Five-twenties	84¾

PARIS, Tuesday, April 2—Evening.

American bonds have advanced ¼ per cent., and closed at 84¾.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, April 2—Noon.

The Cotton market to-day opens dull and with little activity. The sales are not likely to exceed 6,000 bales. Prices, however, are unchanged.

Middling Uplands	13d.
Middling Orleans	13¼d.

The Breadstuffs market is quiet and without decided change. Wheat, 13s. 3d. for Red Western, and 13s. 6d. for California White. Flour, 28s. 9d. for Western State. Corn, 40s. for mixed Western. Barley, 4s. 6d. Oats, 3s. 3d.

The Provision market is generally steady; Beef has advanced 6d. ℔ bbl., and is somewhat firmer at 125s.; Pork, 76s.; Bacon, 40s. 6d.; Cheese, 60s.; Lard, 49s. 6d.

The market for Produce is quiet. Ashes have declined 6d. ℔ cwt., and now quoted at 33s. 6d. for Pots. The market for Iron is firmer, and prices have advanced 52s. for Scotch Pigs. Other articles are without quotable change. Petroleum—11d. for Spirits and 1s. 6d. for Standard White. Resin—8s. 9d. for Common and 16s. for Fine. Turpentine—37s. for Spirits. Tallow 44s. 6d. Linseed Oil £39. Whale Oil £41. Clover Seed 54s. Linseed 66s. Linseed Cakes £10.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, April 2—3 P. M.

The dullness in the Cotton market continues, and prices have slightly declined; Middling Uplands are now quoted at 12¾d.

The market for Breadstuffs is firmer, and prices are advancing. Corn is now quoted at 40s. 6d. per quarter for Mixed Western. California Wheat has advanced 2d., and is now quoted at 3s. 8d. per cental, for best White grades.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, April 2—Evening.

The Cotton market closes dull. The sales to-day foot up 7,000 bales. The closing quotation for Middling Uplands is 12¾d.@13d.

The advices from Manchester are unfavorable.

BREADSTUFFS—The Breadstuffs market closes firm. Sales of No. 1 Red Wheat at 13s. 3d. and White California 13s. 6d. Flour 28s. 9d. Corn, 41s.—an advance of 6d. Barley, 4s. 6d. Oats 3s. 3d.

PROVISIONS—The Provision Market closes generally unchanged. Pork, 76s.; Beef, 127s. 6d.—an advance of 2s. 6d.; Bacon, 40s. 6d.; Cheese, 60s.; Lard, 49s.—a decline of 6d.

PRODUCE—Spirits of Petroleum, 11d.; Common Resin, 8s. 9d.; Refined Petroleum, 1s. 6d.; Spirits Turpentine, 37s.; Cloverseed, 54s.; Pot Ashes, 33s. 6d. Scotch Pig Iron, 52s.; Tallow, 44s. 6d.; Linseed Oil, £39; Linseed Cakes, £10; Calcutta Linseed, 66s.; Whale Oil, 41s.; Fine Resin, 16s.

Arrival of the Belgian at Portland.

PORTLAND, Me., Tuesday, April 2.

The steamship *Belgian*, Capt. BROWN, from Liverpool on the 21st, *via* Londonderry on the 22d of March, arrived here at 1:45 o'clock this afternoon. She brings 216 passengers.

The following is her report: Spoke, April 1, at 9:30 o'clock in the morning, in long. 63° 13', steamship *Moravian*. Passed immense quantities of drift ice between lat. 44° 45' and long. 50° 53'.

DISASTER AT SEA.

Lifeboat Found at Sea with One Living Occupant—A Wave Washes Him Out before he can be Reached.

BOSTON, Tuesday, April 2.

The brig *Proteus*, at this port, makes the following report: "March 22, on the northern edge of the Gulf Stream, while lying to in a heavy gale, discovered a boat with a man in it. While making an effort to reach him a sea broke over the boat, washing the man overboard with two dead bodies that were lying in the bottom of the boat. The man soon sunk from sight. The boat was a metallic life boat, painted white with a black or blue gunwale. Same day passed a large quantity of cotton, &c."

AFFAIRS IN CALIFORNIA.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SAN FRANCISCO, Saturday, March 9, 1867.

SENTENCE OF THE RIOTERS.

The rioters who made such a terrible raid upon the Chinese, a few weeks ago, have had their trial and have been sentenced by the Police Judge to three months' imprisonment in the County Jail and $500 fine each. Strenuous efforts were made by their counsel to secure a new trial, but without avail. In default of paying their fine they will be compelled to work it out at the rate of $2 a day. Under their present sentence, provided they do not pay their fine, their term of imprisonment will amount to over 11 months each, or within three months of the time prescribed by statute. When sentence was passed upon them the Judge read them a severe lecture on the offence on which they stood convicted. The reason why he had not given them the full extent of the law, was simply because it was not proved that they were the ringleaders; but that he should show no mercy to the instigators and getters up of the riot, should they be caught and convicted. And if the present defendants were ever caught and convicted of repeating the offence, he would show them no consideration. They should understand that the laws were made for the protection of all, and for the punishment of those who trampled them under foot. The defendants were very much astonished and completely taken aback at the severity of their sentence. They evidently looked upon the cleaning out of the Chinamen as a pleasant joke, which would meet general public approval, but the result has proved a very serious joke to them. Great efforts are being made by certain parties, aided by a portion of the Press, to induce the Governor to pardon them; but it is to be hoped that he will prove as firm to his convictions of right as Judge RIX. The counsel for the defendants made the most ridiculous speech ever heard in a Court of Justice. I give a verbatim report of the harangue for the amusement of your readers:

"This is a white man's country. Do Chinamen have the same rights as white men? Sir'r'r, I answer no. Sir'r'r, it is the duty of the laboring masses to rise in their might and protect themselves from the encroachments of the Chinese. Sir'r'r, the American revolution was brought about by a similar question. Did not our forefathers destroy China tea in Boston harbor? They have attained an eminence in history as patriots, and who knows but future ages will look upon these defendants in the same light? Why, Sir'r'r, these Chinamen live on rice and eat it with a stick. Sir'r'r, shall white men come to this? What chance, Sir'r'r, has white men got in competition with Chinese? The Chinamen do all the washing, and do it cheaper than white women, and Sir'r'r, (giving the jury a severe look as if to overwhelm them,) over 1,000 white women have been driven to prostitution from that cause. The Steam Navigation Company is going to bring Chinamen over to this country by thousands, and Sir'r'r, what chance will a white man have?"

One of the defendants forfeited his bail and skedaddled leaving his counsel in the lurch, but that did not trouble the counsel, who gave cause for his absence in the following style:

"Let the waves of public opinion rage, roll and roar, I will not desert my client even if he deserts me. Sir'r'r, I presume that he is one of those men who prefer basking in the sunshiny slopes of the Sierra Nevadas to languishing in the cells of the Bastile at San Quentin. Sir'r'r, these defendants are Irishmen. The blood of their countrymen has been on every battle-field."

At this point the counsel seemed to have got beyond his depth for he suddenly subsided.

SMELLING FOR MONEY.

A lady in Victoria had $4,000 stolen from her a few days ago, and suspicion having fallen upon an Indian, a large reward was offered for its recovery. About 200 Longish or Flathead Indians, led by a noted medicine man, who sails under the sobriquet of Squash, undertook to recover the money. A few white men, filled with a desire to share the spoils, joined the party and followed the seer through bush and bramble, and wood, until he suddenly prostrated himself before a posthole into which he thrust his nose, and after breathing two or three times declared that the money had been buried there, but had been recently removed. The fellow then took a zig-zag course, leading the whites a long and wearisome chase, stopping occasionally to snuff, until he suddenly stopped before a large mud-puddle, into which he prostrated himself and commenced digging with his hands, at the same time snuffing like a dog and howling like a demon. Shovels not being considered orthodox, the avaricious whites had nothing to do but to follow his example. After a depth of two or three feet had been reached and nothing found, the medicine man pretended to have received a fresh revelation, and followed by his Longish followers, started across lots to the village at full speed, leaving the mud-bespotted Christians highly disgusted with the manner in which they had been humbugged. Squash was seen the next morning limping about on one foot. He said that the presence of the white men displeased the Great Spirit, and in his anger he destroyed the scent. A cute way to save his reputation as a medicine man.

TOO MUCH PAPER.

A suit was commenced a few days ago in the District Court of Nevada County against two companies of Chinese, engaged in the mining business about two miles below Grass Valley. A copy of the summons and complaint were placed in the hands of the Deputy Sheriff to serve. On arriving at the Celestials' camp he called the parties together, and informing them of his business, he proceeded to pull the massive documents out of his pocket. Now Johnnie Chinaman has come to look upon every piece of paper as a tax receipt, and not exactly comprehending the language of the Deputy, one of them exclaimed: "How muchee you charge?" The officer informed him that he charged nothing. This was too much for Johnnie's comprehension; he could not understand the situation, and hurling the papers to the ground, he exclaimed: "Me no habbe; too muchee paper; no likee; no ketchum money. On tatsum takee." The officer took his leave while Johnnie was in the midst of his appeal, and rode at a quick pace toward the town. Alarmed at the sudden departure of the officer, the Johnnies seized the papers and started for the town, carrying them at arms' length. They arrived there almost as soon as the officer, and at once went to see the boss Chinaman, AH-SALE, who put an end to their alarm by informing them that it was not to collect a tax, but to take their ground away from them, that occasioned the officer's visit.

AN INDIAN FIGHT.

The residents of San Bernardo Valley have, for some time past, been very much annoyed by roving bands of Indians, who have made frequent inroads into the valley, stealing stock, burning houses and killing the inhabitants. A short time since they attacked a saw-mill, which was situated on the side of a mountain a few miles from the village of San Bernardo. Before the attack on the mill they robbed a house which stood near, belonging to one of the men and then burned it. Four men at work in the mill, discovering the invading party, sallied forth to meet them, and a brisk fight ensued. But the party finding that most of the Indians were armed, retired to the mill, fearful of being overpowered before reinforcements could reach them. The next morning the party were reinforced by five men, and they proceeded to the scene of the previous day's fighting, when the Indians rose from their place of concealment around the brow of the mountain and fired upon the party, wounding two of them. The firing then became very brisk, though not very effective; for after an hour's work, only two of the copper skins had been killed and three more wounded. The party then retreated and sent into town for reinforcements, and a company was soon made up to send in pursuit. They followed the Indian trail as far as Mojare Desert, when not being prepared for a long tramp they returned for provisions. Having fully equipped themselves for a long march, they started out again and struck the trail at Mojare Desert, and following it up discovered the Indians strongly posted at Rabbit Springs. Feeling hardly strong enough yet to make a strong fight, they sent back for reinforcements, and a large party at once left to take part in the fight. The boys seemed determined to exterminate the entire copper-skinned race throughout that section.

A QUESTION OF MOUNTAINS.

Has California or Oregon the highest mountain in the United States is a question which is now occupying the attention of the scientific men on this coast. The question lies between Mount Hood in Oregon, and Mount Whitney in California. The former is 15,000 feet high, and the latter, up to last August, has been reputed to be 15,000. At that time Prof. WOOD ascended Mount Hood and reported its height to be 17,600 feet. The report has excited no little astonishment. The latitude and longitude are easily ascertained, and are probably correctly stated on the maps of the United States coast survey. It seems a little strange that if the mountain was 17,600 feet high, that it has not been discovered before this, and it is the general opinion among scientific men that Prof. WOOD has made a mistake. Prof. WHITNEY made some remarks upon this question at the February meeting of the California Academy of Natural Sciences, and he called attention to the fact that a correct calculation of Prof. WOOD's observations would make Mount Hood, not 17,600 feet, but 24,000 feet high! Dr. NEWBERRY, who is considered good authority, says that forest trees are not found more than 6,500 feet above the sea at Mount Hood, where, as Prof. WOOD says, they grow to 9,000 feet. An investigation to be made this Summer will probably deprive Mount Hood of the honor of being the highest mountain in the United States.

ANOTHER ANTI-COOLIE MEETING.

The American Theatre was completely packed last evening to hear the Copperhead leaders get off a little of their spread-eagle eloquence against poor Johnnie. The meeting passed a long string of resolutions bitterly denouncing all who employed a Chinaman in preference to an Irishman. And the speakers pictured in glowing terms the terrible future which awaited California in case any more Chinamen were allowed to land on our shores, and take our washing out of the hands of the white women. The meeting adjourned at a late hour, highly delighted with itself, and with the idea in its head that it had done a big thing.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The public schools have been the pride of San Francisco. And we have had the reputation of employing the best teachers and paying the most liberal salaries of any city in the Union. At their last meeting the Board of Education made a retrograde movement, which cannot but prove injurious to the interests of the schools. They passed a resolution reducing the salaries of the lady teachers to so small a figure that many of them will not be able to support themselves respectably. The action of the Board has created a great deal of indignation throughout the city, and strong efforts will be made to secure a return to the former salary which is small enough. At the same time they raised the salaries of the Superintendent and the Principals of the high schools who already had large salaries. ROD.

THE SOUTH.

AFFAIRS IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

The New Military Government.

From Our Own Correspondent.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Saturday, March 30, 1867.

Scarcely less striking than the results of Emancipation itself are the effects of the passage of the new Military Government law. The people of South Carolina, white and black, have now had time to become generally informed of the spirit and scope of the measure, and a fair estimate may now be formed of the manner in which its provisions will be received by all classes. The working of the machinery of the new political system will be watched with more interest, perhaps, in this State, than anywhere else in the South, for here the colored population not only bears the largest proportion to the white, but actually holds a decided numerical preponderance in almost every district. Here also the plantation negro is least removed from the rude and ignorant condition of the native African. It is in South Carolina, therefore, that the great experiment which the recent legislation of Congress initiates will be most severely and thoroughly tested.

Among the whites but one sentiment prevails, a sentiment born of the stern necessities of the hour, and of the daily increasing desire for some kind—any kind of political repose—as the condition precedent of agricultural and business prosperity. The universal feeling among those, whether disfranchised or not, who have hitherto formed the dominant class, is one of ready, though by no means cheerful, acceptance of the mode of reconstruction prescribed in the new law. The masses swallow it—just as they swallowed emancipation—as a bitter pill from which there is no escape, and which they hope will prove the final dose. The more intelligent and thinking class—they whose united and persistent opposition, founded upon the notions of honor that prevail in these parts, killed the Constitutional Amendment—regard the military act with rather more favor, inasmuch as they consider that it involves no compromise of principle on their part, being a force-measure, imposed upon conquered communities by their conquerors. I understand that even WADE HAMPTON, who is looked upon in this State as the embodiment of all honor and manhood, and whose recent address to the freedmen has been so widely published, has written to several of his friends in Charleston, urging them, not only to comply with the requirements of Congress, but as they value the welfare of South Carolina, to do so with the least possible delay. When men like HAMPTON and Gen. LEE lead the way, you may be sure there will be no lack of lesser lights to guide a willing people along the rough but certain road to restoration.

Among the negroes, the tidings that Congress had invested them with political rights, have spread from one end of the State to the other with marvelous rapidity. I am told that there are at this moment very few of the blacks, even in the more remote districts, who are not perfectly well aware that the same power to which they are indebted for the boon of freedom, has recently granted them fresh rights and dignities. Regarding the precise character and value of their new privileges, of course, those in the interior have, as yet, rather vague impressions; but everywhere their interest in political affairs and their curiosity concerning their changed social status is now fairly awakened, and it is safe to predict that they will not be slow to learn their own importance as an element in the body-politic, and to make their weight felt in local and national elections. In the cities, and, indeed, generally along the coast, the process of transforming the listless and ignorant darkies into voters, conscious of their rights and eager to maintain them, will of course be more rapid than elsewhere. In this city there are already half-a-dozen candidates for the suffrages of the new constituency, and every candidate is, of course, a volunteer expounder of the rights and interests of the black electors. The would-be representatives of the unfledged voters are of various shades of opinion, some deeming it safest to stand upon the out-and-out platform of the extreme Radicals of the North; others professing Republican principles while urging cautious and moderate counsels; others again eschewing politics altogether, and resting their claims upon their personal popularity with the negroes, and their record in the past as friends and well-wishers of the black race. And this brings me to the question of

HOW THE NEGROES WILL VOTE.

It is very clear to any one who has watched the political current in this quarter of late, that the colored men will not vote as a unit. There is quite a large number of them who were free before the war, and who hold themselves partially aloof from the rest. These, to a man, announce their determination to stand by the old white residents in whatever action they may take. On the other hand, there is a more numerous party, composed chiefly of idlers from the plantations, who have found their way into the city, where they live from hand to mouth, who are convinced that their release from daily toil was accomplished by the Radical Party of the North, and who may therefore be relied upon to vote and act with the men who represent and are indorsed by that party. But the most numerous class of all is made up of sensible freedmen, who are now earning a living by honest labor, who are intelligent enough to think for themselves, and to act as they believe their own interests dictate. Perhaps if they followed their own impulse merely, they might imitate the example of their shiftless and improvident brethren from the country, and give their support to the Radical candidates. But it must be borne in mind that these men derive their subsistence almost entirely from white employers, and they will take heed how they put their livelihood in jeopardy, for the sake of what, to them, is now a mere political abstraction. In view of these facts I find that the shrewdest observers here are of opinion that either a majority of the blacks will be found supporting the whites at the polls, or that if this should not be the case, the freedmen's vote will be divided so as to become a matter of little comparative importance. If this be true in Charleston and along the sea coast, it is even more so in the interior, where the freedmen are less exposed to the influence of political agitators. The gatherings of negroes that have lately taken place, to listen to harangues from orators, white and black, were rather tame affairs, having been gotten up in the interest of a few would-be leaders of the colored population.

Since his return from Washington Gen. SICKLES has been the recipient of many marks of respect from leading citizens here. Deputations from the mercantile community and the Bar have waited upon him, and their visits were marked by a very agreeable interchange of views and good feeling. Occupying the delicate and responsible position of District Commander, the General, by his uniform moderation, firmness and courtesy, bids fair to become quite popular among the people whom he governs. A grand dinner will be given to him on the fourth proximo, which will be attended by the military dignitaries, the Foreign Consuls, and some of the principal citizens of Charleston. Q.

Gen. Sickles and the Freedmen.

On the night of Tuesday, the 26th, the freedmen serenaded Gen. SICKLES, in Charleston, and elicited the following reply:

My friends I thank you for your visit. Although unexpected, it is none the less gratifying. It is your privilege, not mine, to take part as a partisan in the political action of the day. My duty is to see that every citizen of North and South Carolina not disfranchised has opportunity to vote as his judgment and conscience dictate. This duty I shall endeavor to perform. The colored race in this country have gained just praise for their admirable conduct during the war and pending the recent agitation of their civil and political enfranchisement. In my department I can truly bear testimony to your patient forbearance. When sorely provoked to retaliate by cruel acts of violence and humiliation, you have borne yourselves with unfaltering confidence that the day of your deliverance was not distant. [Cheers.] Let me enjoin upon you all in this hour of your success perseverance in well doing. You are now citizens of the Republic. Remember that the strength of the nation lies in the virtue, industry, loyalty and courage of its citizens. You must try and vindicate the hopes of your friends and repel the forebodings of the skeptical by proving yourselves worthy of the privileges to which you have been admitted. [Applause.] Whenever any large addition has been made to the voters of a State the same apprehensions have been expressed that are now heard with reference to yourselves. Those already enfranchised are easily alarmed at any considerable change in the established order of things. So far, in this country, experience has shown that union, liberty and power are safe in the hands of those who earn their bread by the sweat of their brows. [Applause.] None love the land of their birth more fondly; none will defend it with more constancy and valor than those whose labor make up the sum of a nation's wealth. [Applause.] So long as the destinies of this country are in the hands of those whose homes are made sacred by justice—whose liberties depend on the courage with which they are maintained—the old flag may defy all enemies, whether from without or within. [Great applause.] It would be difficult, under the most favorable circumstances, for any race of men to engage, as you have now to do, in the most interesting political events, without being deeply moved by their importance and novelty. Let me advise you as a friend, and as one not without experience in public affairs, to preserve at all times the utmost moderation of language, temper and conduct. Avoid everything like violence, impatience or indecorum. Do not give even your adversaries just occasion to complain of the least disrespect shown to them in your discussions, private or public. And beware of those who would endeavor to excite animosities between the white and black races. The prosperity of the South, the welfare of the country, are intimately associated with the harmony and good-feeling which should exist between the people of both races and the South. Whatever seriously impairs the interests of one race, must result seriously to the other. Intelligence, culture, capital, land, are not less essential than labor, and yet without a prosperous, contented and happy laboring class, society lacks an essential element of strength and repose.

You have already shown your appreciation of your advantages by the eagerness with which you have employed the opportunities lately given to you to educate yourselves. It will not be long before the white race in the South will see how deeply they are interested in the education, industry, thrift and progress of their colored population. In this mutual dependence lies the security of all. Abundant time and opportunity will be afforded, and ample notice will be given of all the successive steps to be taken in the organization of the State Governments within my command. It will not be necessary, nor can it be otherwise than injurious to yourselves for you to neglect your regular employment and associations to attend to political affairs. I promise you that without any such sacrifice on your part every man in the Carolinas entitled to a voice in the decision of the great question to be passed upon under my supervision, shall have a fair chance to act his part without let or hindrance from any one. My friends I wish you all good night. [Enthusiastic cheers.]

The Southern Press on the Progress of Reconstruction.

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Daily Opinion* asserts that the mass of the Southern people earnestly favor prompt compliance with the law.

"Statements, made by the partisan press in this State, that the people are yielding a slow and reluctant acquiescence in the SHERMAN plan of restoration, are not only untrue but they are mischievous as well. The impression is thus created abroad that our people are obstinate, sullen and rebellious. In this way the public mind North is being educated up to Mr. STEVENS' plan of confiscation. Let the truth go forth. There never was a more sudden and general uprising of the masses in favor of any measure. No journal has lost patronage by urging a prompt and cheerful acquiescence in a measure which was seen to be inevitable. Some may have lost caste and patronage by timid inaction, by keeping an 'open rear,' and by the numerous ridiculous blunders of their conductors, but none have sustained loss by merely keeping up with the people."

Whatever opposition the law encounters proceeds from politicians as distinguished from soldiers and people. The *Opinion* says:

"Opposition to an acceptance of the policy of Congress comes from politicians and would-be leaders. They fail to recognize the true *status* of the South. It would be charitable to say they are dull of comprehension; but regard for truth compels the assertion that obstinacy and selfishness rules them. They have discovered that office and power have escaped from their grasp. They know that an exhibition of stubbornness will not only render their sway short-lived, but in the end will be fruitless, except to entail greater burdens upon the South, should the people follow their counsels. We repeat—they know these things. But their selfishness has ever been proverbial; and in the present crisis it need not be expected they will yield without a struggle."

The Augusta (Ga.) *Daily Press* asserts that many causes of apprehension, which have heretofore operated prejudicially to the industrial interests of the South have already disappeared:

"Enterprising men from abroad, whatever their political views—though really safe before—now feel security under the ægis of military protection, while they see a fixed plan for organizing a Government which meets their views of stability. Our own people begin to see, under the considerate and liberal orders of the military commandants, that temporary despotism, administered by a clear head and sound judgment, is not worse, and perhaps is better, than the uncertain and captious exactions of a furious and relentless Congressional majority. And so far as the apprehensions of confiscation are concerned, they are daily diminishing under the manifest purpose of the excluded States to come frankly up to the adoption of the prescribed mode of reconstruction. This is shown in the postponement of the Stevens iniquity until next December, and from the unmistakable indications that if we reorganize under the law, public opinion at the North will not sanction such a measure."

The Columbia (S. C.) *Phœnix* takes a similar view, and contends that the duty of the Southern people, and especially of real estate owners, is to aid faithfully in carrying out all the provisions of the plan.

In Mississippi, moderate views are making progress. The Jackson *Clarion*, edited by Mr. BARKSDALE, steadily works in the direction of reconciliation. The letter of Ex-Gov. BROWN, of Georgia, continues to be dwelt upon approvingly. The Rienzi (Miss.) *Union* remarks:

"If the Southern States are ever to reorganize under the Military Bill, we should do so this year, and thereby have the advantage of participating in the Presidential election. If we form new State Constitutions, and do it soon—at next Winter's session—we will have sixty or seventy more votes, which may determine the result in our favor. But postponement will shut us out completely, and may be the means of subjecting us to Radical rule four more years. If we should reorganize next year, our Constitution could not be submitted to Congress for approval until after the Presidential election is past. We of the South have a far deeper stake than the people of the North, in rescuing the Government from Radical control, and our electoral votes would, in all probability, turn the scale."

The Kosciusko (Miss.) *Chronicle* is equally decided:

"It may be rather humiliating to accept these terms, to avoid more serious evils. Admit it; have we not already suffered humiliation after humiliation? It is now too late to talk of preserving chivalry, honor and dignity, when the total disfranchisement of the South—sweeping measures of confiscation and disfranchisement, with all the horrors of an indefinite military rule, are placed in the scales against the disfranchisement of a few leaders of the South. It is true that we all dislike by our own act to disfranchise our neighbor; but if by it we accomplish a greater good to a greater number, is it not the best policy to do so? We are of the opinion that the best policy of the South, though painful it may be, is to accept the Military Bill as it is and fully comply with its every requirement. Go to work as speedily as possible to organize State Governments under its provisions. The sooner this is done, the sooner we will have representation in Congress and the control of our own legislation, and the sooner will peace, quiet and prosperity be restored to our now unhappy country."

The New-Orleans *Times* alleges that the difficulty now is to find opponents, not supporters, of the policy of submission. The idea of passive resistance has also been abandoned.

"All now unite in agreeing to act under this act of Congress, in faithful compliance therewith, and striving to ward off or moderate its hardships by a proper exercise of all the lawful and constitutional influences and agencies we can bring to bear upon the Administration and Executive of the land, and by an example of good faith, patience and strict conformity to law, to disarm our adversaries, who could not be better pleased than by our resistance or even our languid submission thereto. Among the many ardent and earnest, and even ultra advocates of and participants in the late rebellion, we have yet to find one who can reconcile it to his duty and manhood to stand aloof from the obligations and responsibility which are now imposed on him, to give his aid to his fellow-citizens in the reorganization of our Government under the only plan left to us. As illustrative of the temper of gentlemen of this class, we take pleasure in referring to the motion of Gen. GREY, in our Senate, who, when other Senators of less pronounced views in the late issues were in doubt as to the proper course, so promptly took the bull by the horns, and moved the repeal of the Convention Bill."

The conciliatory conduct of the Generals appointed to command the Southern Military districts is the subject of much comment. The Wilmington *Journal* sees in it a reason for active coöperation:

"Let us, therefore, go to work at once: let our best citizens interest themselves. This is not a question of mere politics, but of vital social importance; it is not for to-day merely, but for all time to come. By our prudence, our activity and our labors now, our children and our children's children may bless or curse us. We certainly cannot afford to waste time in useless speculation and regrets; we must act at once, for soon it will be too late. Let us comply strictly with the legislation of Congress and the orders of the Military Commander; but let us retain, as far as we are able, the old landmark of the past."

Of the Reconstruction Convention held a few days ago in Raleigh, N. C., the *Standard* of that city (Ex-Gov. HOLDEN's journal) speaks enthusiastically:

"The white man and colored man met upon the same floor on the same footing, and coöperated together in the most cordial and harmonious manner. It was apparent to all that every one was in earnest, and that nothing was done for mere effect. It was the noble spectacle of one people, uniting under the folds of the old flag in the glorious work of restoring the State to her natural position in the Union, and ready and willing to adopt promptly and cheerfully any measures deemed important to effect that result. The former master met his former slave as his equal in all that pertains to manhood and the rights of self-government, and this meeting of freemen had no restraint in it, but was cordial, respectful, kind and confiding on both sides."

The Removal of Louisiana Officials by Gen. Sheridan—Comments of the Press.

The New-Orleans papers of March 28, contain Gen. SHERIDAN's order removing from office Attorney-Gen. HERRON, Judge ABELL, and Mayor MONROE. Most of the papers issued it in extras on the afternoon of the preceding day, but the *Times* says that although it was received, they refrained from so issuing it, as it would but have "added to the excited state of feeling already prevailing." It makes no other allusion to it; and the *Bee* is also silent. The *Crescent* says:

"The order excited wide-spread feeling and comment throughout the city. The specific causes of the sudden changes are not stated; but it is presumed that the action of Gen. SHERIDAN is based upon a general purpose to fill important offices with men of pronounced sympathy with the authors of the military government. The new Attorney-General, Mr. LYNCH, held the same position here under the Banks *régime*. Mr. HEATH, who succeeds Mr. MONROE, is a merchant, of Union antecedents. Mr. HOWE, the new Judge, is a lawyer, and only for a few years a resident of this city."

The *Picayune* alludes to the fact that the officials removed are the chief functionaries to whom is committed, by law, the charge of the criminal jurisdiction of the State and the Police of the city, and says:

"The action of Gen. SHERIDAN is not inconsistent with his general order, which gave assurance that no unnecessary changes would be made. It is entirely within his discretion to decide what changes are required to fulfill the objects of the Military Bill, of which the administration has been committed to him. The main motive for the passage of the bill was therein pronounced to be the preservation of order and the prevention of crime. We may be clearly of opinion that these changes were unnecessary for that object. We have argued incessantly that the Police has been always sufficient, and that the riots of July were exceptional cases, which cannot fairly be pleaded against us. But we failed to produce any impression in favor of that view on the people of the North; and the Military Bill had its chief justification in the belief that the blame of the riots here was due to the neglect or misconduct of the civil authorities. From this standpoint Gen. SHERIDAN, who shared originally in this opinion, and acts under a specific direction given to him by law, in conformity with that view, has decided that the administration of criminal matters should be changed. The persons removed are those accused with most violence, and condemned by the false public opinion which the perverted facts of the riot created; but we may see that this order means to execute a judgment which was pronounced beforehand, and must be conceded to be a natural sequence of the Military Bill, its causes and its injunctions. We cannot affect the case by repeating our own convictions, or rearguing what has been adjudicated against us, by an authority from which there is no appeal. There is, we find, a very general apprehension expressed that these are but initiatory measures for a general sweep from office of the civil authorities of State and city. It may be so, but it is not proved by these removals, which rest on a distinct principle of action that does not necessarily apply to appointments strictly civil, not coming within any of the definitions of the bill or the scope of the general order. On this head we can only be decided by events, and as we cannot divine or control them, we must wait."

Reconstruction Meeting in Georgia.

A meeting of citizens of Chattooga County, Ga., was held in Summerville on the 23d ult., for consultation on national affairs, but as soon as it had organized and its object had been stated, a motion to adjourn without action was made and carried. Thereupon a request was made that all should remain who believed that the adoption of the Amendment proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress was the shortest way to peace. The same gentlemen were chosen as officers as had been selected at the first meeting, and the following resolution was unanimously adopted by a large proportion of the citizens assembled at the first meeting:

Resolved, That we believe the shortest and surest method of adjusting our differences with the Government of the United States, is for the people of the State to adopt the Constitutional Amendment proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, for ratification to the Legislatures of the several States; and that we will vote for it whenever an opportunity presents itself.

At a meeting of the citizens of Whitfield County, Georgia, on the 23d ult., which was attended by blacks and whites, resolutions were adopted promising cheerful coöperation with the Commander of the Third District, and recommending that the State Legislature inaugurate a general system of education for all persons, irrespective of race or color. The following resolutions were also adopted:

That we, of our own good will and choice, do cheerfully accept and indorse the Military Bill (known as the Sherman Bill) as a basis of reconstruction of our State, and that we pledge ourselves to meet all its requirements; that we recognize in Congress the proper authority to prescribe the terms under which our people may again resume their full and proper functions as a State in the Union.

That we are in favor of no one as a delegate to frame a Constitution for the State of Georgia who was not at all times truly loyal to the Government of the United States and opposed to President JOHNSON's policy. We therefore place our reliance in God, the wisdom of Congress, the sincerity of our people to reconstruct and reëstablish a wholesome, permanent, loyal State Government, republican in form.

A meeting of freedmen was held in Atlanta, Ga., on the evening of March 19, at which resolutions were adopted thanking Congress for the Military Bill, as the noblest act which was ever passed by any Congress in the history of nations, and promising that the names of those illustrious gentlemen who voted for the bill shall be "enshrined with immortal honor in their and their children's affection, as long as a colored foot shall tread American soil." They also pledged themselves to make every effort to "show their friends North and South that they are justly entitled to every right conferred," and requested their people everywhere, "including preachers, all other church officials, lay-members and non-communicants," to remember the President in all prayers, in compliance with the injunction: "Love your enemies and pray for them which despitefully use you."

Letter from Gov. Patton, of Alabama.

Gov. PATTON, of Alabama, in a recent letter to Lieut.-Gov. VOORHIES, of Louisiana, alludes to his published letter on the political situation, and says:

"It seems to me that it is the true feeling of the Southern people to contribute their best influence in favor of an early organization of their respective States, in accordance with the requirements of the recent Reconstruction Act. Congress claims the right to control this whole question. In my humble judgment it is unwise to contend longer against its power, or to struggle further against its repeatedly expressed will.

I am clearly of the opinion that an appeal to the Courts would accomplish no good. If a test case were brought before the judiciary, it would open up a series of the most complicated questions which, perhaps, ever engaged the attention of any tribunal. Questions of such vast magnitude could not speedily be disposed of. They would necessarily require much time; and before a conclusion could be reached the Southern States, in all probability, would be fully reorganized under the Congressional plan. Indeed the supplemental bill provides specifically for a reorganization; and the only practical question is, who will participate in the work. If the many do not coöperate in the movement and give it a proper shape, the few will carry it to completion, and there is no telling what discrimination may be made against the non-actionists. Very respectfully,

R. M. PATTON, Governor of Alabama.

Military Orders in the Southern Districts.

Gen. E. O. C. ORD, at Vicksburgh, Miss., on the 26th ult., issued his first order assuming command of the Fourth Military District. It is as follows:

I. The undersigned having been appointed by the President to command the Fourth Military District, consisting of the States of Mississippi and Arkansas, hereby assumes command thereof.

II. Competent civil officers in this District are expected to arrest and punish all offenders against the law, so as to obviate as far as possible the necessity for the exercise of military authority under the law of Congress, passed March 2, 1867, creating Military Districts.

III. Such other orders as may become necessary to carry out the above named act, and an act supplementary thereto will be duly published.

E. O. C. ORD,
Brevet Major and Brigadier-General U. S. A.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Gen. WAGER SWAYNE, commanding Sub-district of Alabama, issued the following order on the 28th ult.:

I. By direction of Gen. GRANT, all State and local elections in this State are disallowed, pending the arrival of the District Commander appointed for this District, and his order in the premises.

II. In default of certain information that municipal or other corporate elections have not occurred since the passage of "An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," all persons chosen to public office in this State during this month will report the fact by letter to these headquarters, for the action of the District Commander.

WAGER SWAYNE, Major-General.

Alexander H. Stephens' Advice to the South.

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Era* thinks the published statement that ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS has "counseled the South to do nothing, but to wait," does him injustice, and says:

"So far as we are advised, that distinguished citizen and statesman has given no public intimations of his views; but, from what was known of them before the war, and just previous to its disastrous close, we think there is no reason to doubt his agreeing with the *Era*, and the prominent leading minds of the day, that acceptance of the reconstruction measures, and an active participation by all who are entitled to do so, in our political reorganization and restoration to the Union, is the true and wise policy.

Mr. STEPHENS is known to be in feeble health, and is compelled to desist as much as possible from mental and physical labor. Hence his silence. But the people who so much admire him, who almost venerate him, and who have honored him whenever he desired honor, would, no doubt, be glad to hear from him. We hope they will. Whether he agrees or disagrees with the position the *Era* felt consciously bound to assume, we would like for him to announce his own. We doubt not he deems the exactions of the measures passed by Congress as harsh, unjust, and uncalled for; but yet, we believe, from the conservative cast of his mind, he would recommend, not only passive acquiescence in those measures, but prompt, efficient and active coöperation in reorganizing under them."

The Atlanta *Intelligencer*, alluding to the same statement, says that "Mr. STEPHENS has not expressed any opinion as to what the Southern people should do under present circumstances, because he considers himself a prisoner of war."

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Tuesday, April 2.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

Incorporating the City of Binghamton.

Authorizing the Utica Common Council to borrow money for school purposes.

Authorizing the Villages of Ellenville and Malone to borrow money.

Amending the charter of the New-York State Convention of Universalists.

Incorporating the Young Men's Christian Association of Poughkeepsie.

Amending the charter of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company.

Requiring the Delaware and Hudson Canal Bridge in Port Jervis, for the consideration of the Senate.

To provide for an addition to the Kings County Lunatic Asylum.

Authorizing the Supervisors of Kings County to purchase lands for the purposes of a nursery.

Exempting Columbia County from the operations of the Dog-tax Law.

On motion of Mr. H. C. MURPHY, a conference was requested with the Assembly on the bill for the better protection of female employes in New-York.

Mr. H. C. MURPHY introduced a bill authorizing churches to acquire land for the erection of chapels.

Mr. WILLIAMS introduced a bill for the relief of the village of Clyde.

BILLS PASSED.

Amending the charter of the village of Perry.

Authorizing the town of Queensburgh to take railroad stock.

Amending the charter of the Cayuga and Seneca Railroad and Bridge Company.

Incorporating the Wilson Harbor Company.

Amending the charter of the Franklin Savings Bank of New-York.

Increasing the salaries of the members of the Capital Police Force.

Amending the Revised Statutes relative to new trials granted.

Relative to the appointment of the Commissioners of Excise of Herkimer County.

Appropriating $100,000 to continue the Soldiers' Home at Albany and the agencies in New-York and Washington.

To prevent obstructions upon the piers and wharves in New-York.

Incorporating the Sigma Psi Society.

For the better regulation of pawnbrokers and junk shop keepers in the Niagara Police District.

Mr. SESSIONS reported favorably the bill appropriating $100,000 for the completion of the Blind Institution at Batavia.

Mr. GIBSON introduced a bill amending the charter of the Troy Hydraulic Company.

Mr. SUTHERLAND introduced a bill incorporating the New-York City and Saratoga Medicinal Water Company.

BILLS CONSIDERED IN COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

To facilitate the construction of the Whitehall and Plattsburgh Railroad. Ordered to a third reading.

Concerning the registration of voters in the Metropolitan Police District.

Mr. H. C. MURPHY moved to strike out the seventh section, which gives to the Metropolitan Police Commissioners the appointment of Inspectors and Registrars, and to designate the polling places in Brooklyn. Carried.

Mr. LENT moved a section authorizing the Police Commissioners to pay the expenses of the special election for the Constitutional Convention. Carried.

The bill was then ordered to a third reading.

Incorporating the New-York Cross Town Railroad Company.

Mr. LOW stated that the bill had been carefully drawn to obviate the objections made by the Governor against the Cross Town Railroad Bill, previously passed and vetoed. The bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. H. C. MURPHY moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill authorizing Commissioners for licensing sailor boarding-houses to go into the business of shipping seamen. Motion lost by a vote of 8 to 8. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. ANDREWS—Amending the charter of the Village of Ilion.

By Mr. FOLGER—Authorizing St. Luke's Hospital to convey certain lands for the benefit of the Trustees of St. Luke's Retreat.

By Mr. D. DONNELL—Authorizing the preparation of a manual for the use of the Constitutional Convention.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

Increasing the School Tax in New-York from $8 to $10 per pupil.

Mr. PIERSON moved to amend, providing that the increased sum to be raised be exclusively expended in the purchase of sites and the erection of school-houses—one-half for primary schools. Carried.

Authorizing the Second-avenue Railroad Company to extend their tracks.

BILLS REPORTED.

To incorporate the New-York and Long Island Bridge Company, for the purpose of building a bridge over East River, between New-York and Brooklyn.

Authorizing certain towns to subscribe to the stock of the Schenectady and Mohawk Railroad.

Authorizing the town of Queensbury to issue railroad bonds.

Authorizing Sandy Hill and Fort Edward to issue railroad bonds.

To prevent injury and loss of life on railroad cars.

For the extension of the South Side Railroad on Long Island.

Amending the act authorizing towns to subscribe for stock of the W. Hrill Valley Railroad.

Amending the charter of the Market Savings Bank, New-York.

Requiring Receivers of Insurance Companies to make annual and other reports.

Amending the charter of the Westchester County Insurance Company.

Authorizing the Atlantic Insurance Company to make special deposits.

Authorizing the Hartford Accidental Insurance Company to effect insurance on lives.

Mr. FOLGER introduced the general bill authorizing life insurance companies to make special deposits in the Insurance Department.

By Mr. PARSONS—A bill for the relief of the City of Rochester because of the destruction of the Sophia-street canal bridge. It appropriates $2,000.

The Central Railroad Fare Bill was announced from the Assembly, with an amendment requiring freight to be removed within ten days. The amendment was concurred in, and the bill finally passed.

ASSEMBLY.

The Speaker presented the annual report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department.

BILLS PASSED.

Confirming the action of the Common Council of Syracuse in closing an alley in said city.

Providing for the draining of the lands in the town of Barre, Orleans County.

BILLS ADVANCED TO A THIRD READING.

To facilitate the construction of the New-York, Oswego and Midland Railroad, and to exempt town and city bonds from taxation; to facilitate the construction of the Southern Central Railroad and Susquehanna Valley Railroad, and to exempt from taxation town and city bonds. Recess.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

More Accurate Returns—The Democratic Majority for Governor 700.

HARTFORD, Conn., Tuesday, April 2.

The returns of the election in this State are nearly all in, and the following is the result within a fraction:

The Democratic State ticket is elected by 700 majority.

The net Democratic majority on Congressmen is 1,800.

The average Democratic majority on the whole ticket is 1,200.

HOTCHKISS, Democrat, is elected to Congress in the Second District by 2,500 majority.

HUBBARD, Democrat is elected to Congress in the First District by 500 majority.

WM. H. BARNUM, Democrat, is elected to Congress in the Fourth District by 500 majority.

The Republicans elect STARKWEATHER in the Third District by 1,700 majority.

The Legislature is Republican by a reduced and small majority in each House.

The Indian Expedition—Cold Weather on the Plains.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, April 2.

The Junction City (Kansas) correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat* says that Gen. HANCOCK's Indian Expedition, 15,000 strong, was at Selma on Saturday. Gen. HANCOCK proposes to go to Fort Learned, on the Santa Fe Road, where he will invite the chiefs of the hostile tribe to a council to discuss terms of peace. If they fail to come to terms, he will immediately commence a vigorous war against them.

Advices from Utah and Colorado say the weather was intensely cold in March, in some cases the mercury falling forty degrees below zero. The snow was very deep, and disastrous floods were looked for in its mountain districts. A large number of horses and cattle had been frozen to death.

Gen. AUGUR and staff and fifty passengers are snow bound at Lone Star Station on the Northern Pacific Railroad.

Elections in Wisconsin.

MADISON, Wis., Tuesday, April 2.

At the Charter elections to-day the Democratic ticket was elected by 250 majority.

Hon. A. S. SANBORN was elected Mayor.

KENOSHA, Wis., Tuesday, April 2.

The City election was held to-day, and M. H. PETTIT, Republican, was elected Mayor.

MILWAUKEE, Tuesday, April 2.

The Municipal election to-day resulted in the election of the Democratic ticket by 1,500 majority.

Hon. E. O'Neill was elected Mayor.

Municipal Elections in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, April 2.

The election passed of quietly to-day. JAMES S. THOMS, Radical, was elected Mayor by about 1,500 majority. The vote was light.

Another large sum was subscribed here to-day to rebuild the Lindell Hotel.

Mr. DAVIS, Conservative, was elected Mayor of St. Joseph to-day.

Republican Successes in Minnesota Towns.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Tuesday, April 2.

The Democratic city ticket was elected to-day by about 1,000 majority. Winona, Lake City, Hastings, Northfield, Owattona, Anoka and other small towns give Republican majorities.

Suspension of Elections in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Tuesday, April 2.

Gen. SCHOFIELD has issued an order suspending all elections until the registration is completed. In the meantime the vacancies occurring will be filled by the Commanding General.

The Maryland Constitutional Convention.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, April 2.

In the Superior Court to-day the case of A. M. ROGERS, BENJAMIN DEWORD, and others, *vs.* Board of Police Commissioners and the High Sheriff of the city, was heard on an application for an injunction to restrain the latter from holding an election for a Constitutional Convention, as authorized by an act of the late Legislature. The Court declared its want of jurisdiction, as a Court of equity, to decide questions of a political nature, especially involving the sovereignty of the political power of a State.

The Court therefore decided that the application for injunction be rejected, and the bill dismissed with costs.

Escape of Prisoners from the Jail at Hudson, N. Y.

HUDSON, N. Y., Tuesday, April 2.

Last evening, between 7 and 8 o'clock, JOHN WELCH, who was confined in our jail, charged with murdering his wife at Germantown a few weeks ago, made his escape in a very mysterious manner, accompanied by JOHN HAGADORN, who was confined for a minor offence. It is supposed they must have had a false key, or invented an instrument to unlock the door. The turnkey entered the jail about 7 o'clock, and found everything all right; he returned again about 8 o'clock to lock the prisoners in their cells, and on going to the cell of WELCH found it vacant. Thinking he might be in HAGADORN's cell, he proceeded there and found that vacant also. A thorough search was then made, and it was ascertained they had both fled. The Sheriff offers a reward of $200 for the capture of WELCH, and $50 for the capture of HAGADORN. Descriptions of the fugitives have been sent to all points where they would be likely to turn up.

Appointments in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Tuesday, April 2.

Gov. BROWNLOW has appointed HORACE H. HARRISON Chancellor of the Nashville Division, *vice* DAVID CAMPBELL, resigned; and JOHN HUGH SMITH Judge of the Criminal Court of Davidson, *vice* J. N. FRAZIER, resigned.

The articles of impeachment preferred against Judge FRAZIER were to be tried by the State Senate next month, but his resignation being received, the trial cannot take place.

Reconstruction in Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Tuesday, April 2.

Gen. SWAYNE, who is charged with the administration of the Military Bill in Alabama, says a literal compliance with the Civil Rights Bill will be exacted, and payments for services rendered the State during the war are peremptorily forbidden.

Gen. POPE will establish his headquarters at Atlanta.

Affairs at Charleston, S. C.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Tuesday, April 2.

The trial of the negro rioters has been postponed until to-morrow.

The Board of Trade gave a grand banquet to-night at the Charleston Hotel. Gen. SICKLES and staff and Gov. ORR were present.

Destruction of a Popular Resort at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Tuesday, April 1.

GREEN's Bath Hotel took fire this afternoon and was totally destroyed. It was owned by C. S. GREEN, the amount of whose loss or insurance has not yet been ascertained.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Nos.
83—Guernsey vs. Guernsey
85—Osborn vs. Robbins.
86—Westerloo vs. DeWitt.
87—Mallory vs. The Tioga Railroad Company.
88—Ely vs. Spafford.
26—William Newell vs. Ezra Wheeler et al.
89*—Devlin vs. Brady.
90—Emerson vs. Bleakley, Jr.
91—Blivin vs. Hudson River Railroad Company.

Nos.
92—Northrup vs. Syracuse and Boston and N. Y. Railroad Co.
94—Merchant vs. Bunnell.
95—Moore vs. Manwaring.
1016—Dolan vs. Schultz et al.
96—People ex rel. Dann et al. vs. Andrew Williams et al.
4—Seguine vs. Seguine.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Leonard, P. J., and Sutherland and Ingraham, JJ.

Enumerated Motions.

Nos.
1—Robinson vs. Flint.
2—Willoughby vs. Clark.
3—Van Schaick vs. Third-av. R. R. Co.
4—Jackson vs. Second-av. R. R. Co.
5—Mead vs. Shepard.

Nos.
7—Sauran vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
8—McCombie vs. Spader.
9—Morgan vs. Peabody.
10—Provot vs. Lawrence.
11—Same vs. Same.
12—Carter vs. Taylor.

Non-enumerated Motion.

No.
38—Baxter vs. Brown.

Enumerated Motions Continued.

Nos.
13—Field vs. Munson.
837—Hubbard vs. Mathews.
14—Fessenden vs. Swift.
16—Union Bank N. Y. vs. Mayor, &c.
17—Downing vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
18—Union India Rubber Co. vs. Lake et al.
20—Hicks vs. Cleveland.

Nos.
22—Willits vs. Sun Mutual Ins. Co.
23—Prouty vs. Potter.
24—Clute vs. Keeling.
25—Limburger vs. Westcott.
26—McCready vs. Thorn.
27—East River Bank vs. Butterworth.
28—Gilman vs. Gilman.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Mason, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
837—Lyon vs. Third-av. R. R. Co.
1145—Bryan vs. Brule.
1305—Fennelly vs. Cen. Park N. & E. R. R. R. Co.
651—Waring et al. vs. The Hoffman Fire Ins. Co.
245—Rosenthal vs. Lynch.
2005—Atkins et al. vs. Collier et al.
363—McCormick vs. Polhamus et al.
1443—Kuhele vs. Leary et al.
247—Snedicker, vs. Lynch, Sheriff et al.
763—Lawton vs. Bylandt.

Nos.
1171—De Ford vs. Dodd.
925—Donohue vs. Cen. Park N. & E. R. R. R. Co.
1105—O'Brien vs. Cert.
1231—Pepin vs. Lachenmeyer et al.
1139—Mylert vs. Barr.
25—Nothan vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
923—Bounell vs. Briggs.
997—Stewart vs. Atlantic Coast Mail S. S. Co.
387—Freeman vs. Second-av. R. R. Co.
493—Parker et al. vs. Wiard et al.

Part II.—Held by Davis, J., at No. 73 Duane street.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
918—Stevens vs. Patrick.
1276—Brayer et al vs. Fisher et al.
1226—Howe vs. Bryant et al.
1150—Lay vs. Hastings.
1050—Paton et al. vs. Butterfield et al.
1049—Leventritt et al. vs. Same.
2602—Hutton et al. vs Trask, Jr.
1162—Sanborn vs Herring et al.
756—Nevins et al. vs. Marston et al.
864—Meade vs. Kerr.

Nos.
1134—Greer et al. vs. Harmar.
570—Bryan vs. Duryee.
1200—Covell vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
376—Adams vs. Russell.
377—Same vs. Same, impleaded.
1143—De Witt vs. Sullivan.
1132—Smith vs Lee.
956—Peck et al. vs. Bailey et al.
1600—Brod, &c. vs. Pacific Mutual Ins. Co.
1102—Hand et al vs. Herrick et al.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Barnard, J.

Court opens at 10 A. M. Calendar called at 12.

Nos.
11—Delamater vs. Phillips.
17—Stadeker vs. Leckendorf.
31—Wildman vs. Staples.
49—Shewman vs. Engel.

Nos.
94—Cooke vs. National Eagle Bank of Boston.
120—Schurman vs. Ritter.
123—Raisbeck vs. Van Sanson.
128—Smith vs. Eadie.

The general call commences at 130—Prentice vs. Ambler.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Clerke, J., at 73 Duane-st.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.

Nos.
144—Work vs. Ellis et al.
145—Same vs. Same.
146—Halloway vs. Stephens and another.
151—Dunton vs. Pearse.
152—Hagnet vs. Phelps.
156—Palmer vs. O'Brien.
158—Martine vs. Phyfe.
166—Kearney vs. Briggs.
163—Hills, Jr., vs. Williams et al.
164—Davies, Jr., vs. Dollner.
166—Sherman vs. Parish.
167—Kelly, Sheriff, vs. Howland et al.
168—Kip et al. vs. Norris et al.

Nos.
169—Frement vs. Larned et al.
170—Shaler & Hall Quarry Co. vs. Chase.
171—Armour vs. Johnson et al.
172—Seely vs. Wright et al.
173—Letimer vs. Hatch et al.
174—Dry Dock, &c., R. R. Company vs. N. Y. & Harlem R. R. Co.
175—Waterbury vs. Dry Dock R. R. Co.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Before Cardozo, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
861—Renard vs. Dinkelspiel, &c.
662—Canty vs. Exchange Fire Insurance Co., &c.
469—Ambrose vs. Byrne.
464—Lowenthal vs. Kraus.
465—Wood vs. Bouck.
370—Wood vs. Truslin, &c.
477—Cumming vs. Winchell.
380—Langman, &c., vs. Gilbert, Jr.

Nos.
521—Harris vs. The New-York and Philadelphia and Liverpool Steamship Co.
534—Drew vs. Drew.
555—Lord vs. Bunn.
356—McNeill vs. Rogers.
545—Beebe, &c., vs. Wilder.
546—Burden vs. Hawk.
596—Goldsberger vs. Leary.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I—Before Jones, J, and a Jury.

Nos.
3409—Strasburger vs. Western Union Tel. Co.
3063—Hoffman vs. Manhattan Fire Ins. Co.
2919—Farr vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
2005—Clark vs. Pierce.
3035—Blake et al. vs. Peck.
3036—Lockwood vs. Cullin.
3085—Belser vs. Weissheimer.
2841—Webster et al. vs. Graham.

Nos.
1772—Ripley vs. Jerome.
3015—Townsend vs. McMarkin.
3031—Miller vs. The Mayor, &c.
3033—Gwin vs. The Mayor, &c.
3067—Magson vs. The Mayor, &c.
3009—Fowler vs. The Mayor, &c.
2023—Spring vs. Day et al.

Part II.—Before McCunn, J, and a Jury.

Nos.
3128—Fowler vs. Burnham.
3130—Beck vs. Son.
3132—Billings vs. Silber.
3136—Bruns vs. Rourk.
3140—Beebe et al. vs. McCormack et al.
2880—Carrick vs. The N. Y. Consolidated Stage Co.
3070—Curry vs. The Mayor, &c.
3074—Vilmar vs. Schall et al.

Nos.
1774—Jaffray et al. vs. Ramage et al.
3018—Hurley vs. Denecke et al.
3084—Lang vs. Hulle.
3090—Schlaefer vs. Fehrs.
2004—Cooney vs. Clare.
3114—Steinberg et al. vs. Fitzgerald et al.
1660—Rosenthal vs. Searle, Executor, &c.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Henry E. Davies, Chief Judge; Judges Wright, Porter, Hunt, Scrugham, Bockes, Parker, and Grover.

Being motion day, various motions to dismiss appeals were stated and submitted.

CASES ARGUED AND SUBMITTED.

The Attorney-General on the relation of Nicholas J. Marselis, Appellant, vs. The Minister, Elders and Deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, of the City of New-York, Respondents.—This is a proceeding, by information, filed by the Attorney-General on the relation of Nicholas J. Marselis as the minister of a Reformed Protestant Dutch Church and congregation, duly incorporated and located in the City of New-York.

Its object is to establish *trusts* in two several parcels of real estate (alleged to be held by the defendants) in favor of the relator as a minister of a Reformed Dutch Church, in common with all the other ministers of the churches of that denomination in the City of New-York, and to compel the application of the income arising from such real estate to the support of the Relator and all such other ministers.

To this end the information claims: *First*—That such lands are held by the respondents upon *express trusts* for the support not only of the ministers of the respondents, but of all of the ministers of the churches incorporated in the City of New-York, and belonging, by ecclesiastical association, to the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, of this County, as a "*denomination*" of Christians, and that the Relator and all such other ministers are therefore, as *cestui que trust*, entitled of strict right to have the income applied to their support. *Second*—If the express trust upon which said lands are held be deemed to provide for the support of the respondents' ministers only, yet the income exceeds the sum annually required for that purpose.

The income sought to be reached arises from lands held in trust under two distinct devises, one being in the will of Cornelius Steinwyck, dated Nov. 20, 1684, devising lands in Westchester County known as the "Manor of Fordham," to the Nether Dutch Reformed Congregation of the City of New-York. These lands were conveyed to the Church by the executrix, Jan. 1, 1694, and the title was confirmed to the Church by charter of the Crown in 1696 and 1755, and the Church was authorized to sell the lands, which it subsequently did. The other devise is in the will of John Harpendink, one of the Elders of the above legatee, made in February, 1723, devising to the Ministers, Elders and Deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New-York the interest of the testator in one-fifth of certain lands in the City of New-York.

The income arising from these devises now amounts to $150,000 per annum, and is now enjoyed by the three Churches in New-York known as the Collegiate Reformed Protestant Dutch Churches, located one on the corner of Fourth-street and Lafayette-place; one on the corner of Fifth-avenue and Twenty-ninth-street, and another now in process of erection at the corner of Fifth-avenue and Forty-eighth-street.

The relator insists that the respondents are bound to apply the whole net annual income of all the lands mentioned to the support of all the ministers in the City of New-York ordained according to the "Church orders of the Netherlands," in any and all the congregations of the City of which the Nether Church was the common predecessor; that the churches in Netherland at the time the wills were made were one body, though different congregations, and that the devises were made in view of this fact, and were evidently intended for the benefit of all the churches, instead of the one church then existing. The relator further claims that although the "manor of Fordham" was sold, the money was reinvested in lands and is still a trust in the hands of the Church, and that the bequest has not, as claimed by the respondents, been exhausted, the land having been sold and the money spent.

The respondents insist that the "Nether Dutch Reformed Congregation" included none but those who were in actual communion with them as a church; and the property being given to that congregation and the charter and Colonial Act having confirmed it to the use of the corporation, it is wholly inconsistent with any right of property to have it shared by all who choose to form other organizations without becoming members of the corporation according to the nature of the franchise; that the lapse of one hundred years has effectually precluded the relator from any action, even if cause of action existed.

The papers in the case are voluminous, the printed case on the part of the relator embracing a comprehensive history of the Dutch Church in New-York, as well as of the bequests and the attendant circumstances.

The cause was argued at length for the relator by P. Y. Cutler, and for the respondents by L. B. Woodruff and Daniel D. Lord.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 2.

Before Judge Barnard.

THE WALL-STREET SQUABBLE.

James O. Kennedy, Receiver of the Merchants' National Bank of Washington, vs. Leonard Huyck and Joseph B. Stewart.—This case was argued yesterday on the motion made by the defendants to be discharged from arrest, or in the event of that being denied, to reduce the amount of bail which was fixed by the Judge who granted the order of arrest, at the sum of $200,000 each. The defendants were taken into custody by the Sheriff of this City on Friday last, and since that time Mr. Huyck has been in Ludlow-street Jail. Mr. Stewart, the other defendant, has been permitted to go on his parol. The substance of a portion of the affidavits has already appeared in our columns. On Monday the motion was called on, and after argument postponed until 12 o'clock yesterday, at which time Mr. Birdseye proceeded with an extended argument to show that neither Huyck nor Stewart had been guilty of any offence against the United States Government, the Merchants' National Bank at Washington, or any of the Government officials. He produced affidavits to show that the money obtained by Huyck, and with the embezzlement of which he is charged in this action, was taken from the defendant Stewart, and not from the bank. Counsel went into a long argument for the purpose of showing that the failure of the Washington Bank was not in any degree owing to the acts or misconduct of the defendants, or either of them; but it was due solely to the failure of the firm of Bain & Co., of Baltimore; that on the day the bank failed that firm had overdrawn their account more than $460,000, and that they were indebted to the bank nearly double that amount. The judgment obtained by Stewart against Huyck, counsel undertook to explain by affidavits, portions of which he read. He claimed that the Wall-street pool, about which so much has been said, had nothing to do whatever with this money from the bank. It was not true, he said, that the plaintiff in this action and the others first learned of the transactions of the defendants from the notice addressed to Mr. Daniel Drew as to the appointment of the Receiver, &c., which notice was published in our law columns on Monday last.

Mr. Sterne Chittenden, counsel for the Government, produced the affidavit of the Receiver, showing the alleged defalcation of Huyck to be almost half a million of dollars, and exhibiting the nature of the judgment which had been obtained by Stewart against Huyck, the way in which it was obtained, its very large amount and the loss sustained through the bank by the Government in consequence of the failure of that institution. Long affidavits were also produced which were obtained by the order of the Court from the defendants.

Mr. Chittenden then proceeded to argue that the Government has a lien upon the assets of the bank, the bank being by law a financial agent of the Government, and the latter is vitally interested in these proceedings; that it is, by express statutory provisions of the act of Congress, made the duty of the Comptroller to act as he has. As to the imputations of want of good faith in this prosecution, counsel said he might dismiss them by calling the attention of the Court to the fact that they come from the defendant Stewart through his counsel, who originally undertook for the plaintiff, to prosecute Huyck. There was little question that the public funds flowed from this bank which had a life of only eighteen months, and during the last six of which the business was transacted under the control of the defendant Huyck, its President—he meant the funds with which this Erie Pool, so called, was wholly or in part carried on. Of Huyck's guilt in the transactions, there was not, and there could not be any reasonable ground of doubt. He asked the Court to look at the evidence, which was yet but in part obtained, as to Mr. Stewart's connection with the affair. If the latter has entirely falsified as to his connection with the bank in its inception, then he is so wholly unworthy of credence that the case stands as if upon the affidavits furnished by the plaintiff, and upon which this order of arrest was obtained. If the Court were to trust the story of one who was the recent insolvent partner of Huyck, then there was the testimony of a man who subsequently avowed that he held a paid agency from him with respect to the business had with the bank. He then referred to the notary who signed his, Stewart's, name to the certificate of organization. Though often present in the room of the President of the bank, during the short life of that institution, yet he says he never learned the imposition which had been practiced upon him while he aired his colossal frame at Newport and Saratoga. Stewart now seeks to protect his co-defendant, who lies in Ludlow-street Jail, and who despises and rejects the bail which, it is said, has been proffered. Why is that this alleged rich man, this builder of bridges and the landlord of Judge Black, clings closer than any poor man's plaster to Leonard Huyck in the jail? The Court could gather its own impressions from a judgment confessed by Huyck to Stewart for almost $200,000—a judgment which is not alleged or pretended to have any other basis than certain bonds, and as to the trifling value of which proof is furnished by the Receiver of the bank; and in my judgment, said Mr. Chittenden, it is a shameful thing that the machinery which, with the rapidity of guilty action, brought about this judgment, was contrived and put into operation in the office of those who should have been diligent in the plaintiff's interest—diligent in behalf of the Government, and zealous and quick to ferret out and furnish fraud and corruption. Counsel adverted to the contradictory statements of the defendant Stewart as the sworn and intimate friend of Huyck. Then again, as appears by affidavits, he is not the friend of Huyck. The latter was in a destitute condition, but bail to the amount of $85,000 had been furnished him in Washington, where there are now several indictments against him. He (Stewart) has had no very extensive dealings with him, and yet upon a sworn statement he obtains a judgment by confession for the large amount stated. At all events it is enough for the plaintiff—enough for the Government—to show that the defendants had contracted an obligation in fraud, or that they are about to try to evade the collection of the assets of the bank. Their plan was to put the bank, the Government, the Comptroller and all into their pool, reeking and contaminated as it was with plunder. But the Comptroller is unwilling to come in. The bank lies all helpless and broken on the margin of that pool, but it cannot descend into it. The Court was now asked to rebuke the corrupt conspiracy and the fraud that had been perpetrated.

At the conclusion of the argument the Court decided to discharge Mr. Stewart from arrest, with leave to the Government to renew the application for his arrest on further testimony. Mr. Huyck is held, the Court being unwilling to reduce the amount of bail.

For the Government, Mr. Sterne Chittenden; for the defendants, Mr. Birdseye.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—APRIL 1.

Before Judge Jones and a Jury.

A STOCK TRANSACTION.

Leonard W. Jerome and others vs. Geo. W. Greene.—This was an action to recover $4,781 14 claimed to be due plaintiffs for money advanced to defendant in the purchase of one hundred shares of the New-York and Havre Steamship Company, including interest, brokers' commissions, &c. It appeared from the testimony of plaintiffs that in May, 1864, defendant entered into a written agreement with plaintiffs by which plaintiffs were to carry stock for defendant on a twenty per cent. margin, which was always to be kept good by defendant, and in default of which plaintiffs were allowed to sell any of defendant's stock held by them without notice. In accordance with this agreement one hundred shares of the New-York and Havre Steamship Company was carried by Plaintiffs until Sept. 28, 1865, at which time the stock having depreciated in value, and defendant having failed to keep his margin good, the same was sold after notice for eighty-three per cent., leaving a balance due the plaintiffs, including interest, brokers' commissions and expenses of sale, of $4,781 14.

The defence was the agreement to carry the Havre Steamship's Company's stock, was a parole agreement made and completed before the written agreement above alluded to was signed by defendant, and entirely disconnected from it; that the written agreement had reference solely to any future stock transactions that might take place between plaintiffs and defendant; that by the terms of the parol agreement they were to carry the Havre stock as long as defendant desired at 20 per cent. margin "on its par value;" that after the depreciation of the stock defendant gave permission to plaintiffs to sell the same whenever they "could make themselves whole and not bring him in debt"—defendant consenting to lose all he had advanced; that in accordance with this provision plaintiffs sold the stock, as alleged by them, on the 23d of September, 1865, and immediately thereafter gave notice to the defendant that the same had been sold at 183 per cent., which sale defendant ratified in writing; that afterward plaintiffs notified defendant that their clerk had made a mistake in the previous notice of sale given to defendant, the stock having been sold for 83 per cent. instead of 183 per cent.; that before this second notice was given to defendant he had entered into other stock transactions in the belief that money was coming to him from the sale of the Havre stock, which transactions he should not have entered into had it not been for the mistake of plaintiffs. Defendant also puts in a defence of usury against the plaintiffs, alleging that the parol agreement by which they were to carry the Havre stock permitted plaintiffs, in addition to the 7 per cent. interest on the money they advanced on the stock, to charge ½ per cent. a month extra as "carrying commission"—the name "carrying commission" being used for the purpose of evading the Usury Law. Defendant therefore claimed judgment in his favor for $5,218 86, the amount that would have been coming to him but for the mistake of plaintiffs, including the usurious interest claimed to have been paid to plaintiffs.

The Court excluded, as being too remote, all evidence offered by defendant as to what losses he had sustained in the stock transactions which he said he was led to enter into in consequence of the mistake of plaintiffs in giving him an exaggerated report of the sale of the Havre stock.

In charging the jury Judge JONES said there was but one issue in the case for them to decide, and that was whether this was an usurious transaction or not; if it was, the plaintiffs could not recover, and the defendant would be entitled to a verdict for the amount of usury paid by him to plaintiffs. The legitimate business of brokers was to buy and sell stocks for others, and, if required, to "carry," as it was termed, stocks for other people. In order to do this they were obliged to borrow from day to day large sums. It was not necessary that the plaintiffs should show that they were compelled to borrow money to carry this particular stock in order to entitle them to commissions; it was sufficient that this was a part of their regular business. If this were a mere loan to the defendant, like the loan of money by a bank, it would clearly be usury if they took more than seven per cent., but if the half per cent. additional was to reimburse them for their trouble and expense in "carrying" the stock for defendant, it was not usury. It was for the jury to determine which of the two theories was most consistent with the testimony and facts as developed on the trial.

The jury, after a short consultation, returned a verdict for the plaintiffs for the full amount claimed. William Henry Anthon for plaintiffs; Dexter Hawkins for defendant.

DECISIONS.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 2.

By Judge Garvin.

O. F. Compton *vs.* Thomas T. Read; motion granted on payment of $10 costs. In the matter of the petition of Mary Jones for a writ of *habeas corpus*; writ granted. Michael Beisbarth *vs.* August L. Noeser; motion dismissed with costs. Mary Kruse *vs.* Herman Kruse; commission granted and issued. C. A. Alexander *vs.* Samuel Wood; motion granted. Mahlon Mattison *vs.* W. P. Demarest et al.; motion granted.

By Judge Monell.

Annie Thomas *vs.* Henry Bauch; the verdict must be set aside and a new trial granted, with costs to abide event, unless the plaintiff's attorney within ten days consent in writing to a reduction of the verdict to $50; if he so consent, then motion for new trial denied. Breton Richardson *vs.* Thos. J. Jones; judgment for the plaintiff for $795 41.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 2.

By Barnard, J.

Augustine Leferre *vs.* August Leferre; report of referee confirmed and judgment of divorce granted. Custody of the child awarded to the plaintiff. Christian Supp *vs.* Louisa Supp; report confirmed and judgment of divorce granted. Charles P. Bucking *vs.* Henry Bucking et al.; motion granted. Francis A. Esty *vs.* John W. Embler; motion granted. Henry A. Gauge *vs.* George Roberts, &c.; reference ordered.

SPECIAL TERM.

By Barnard, J.

Lusty *vs.* Van Schoening; judgment for the defendant with costs. Leaman *vs.* Finkle & Lyon, sewing-machine; order settled. Ornstein *vs.* The Forty-second-street and Grand-street Railroad Company; order settled.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

The presence of Mr. A. Oakey Hall, District Attorney, and Mr. Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., his assistant, in Court yesterday, appeared to admonish the learned gentlemen, engaged as counsel for defense in the several cases on the calendar for the day, that business and not trifling was the order of things. The work began and was continued without any of the usual detentions—the apology of engagements in other Courts was not offered as ground for adjournment in any of the cases. The result was a clearing out of several cells in the Tombs; the final disposition of some cases and the progress of others to the extent of being remanded for sentence.

PRISONERS REMANDED FOR SENTENCE.

George W. Walker and George Harris pleaded guilty of an attempt at burglary in the third degree. On the morning of the 10th of March, they, in company with others, by means of false keys, effected an entrance to the store of Duncan McDougall, No. 342 Broadway, and stole therefrom thirty-three cashmere shawls of the value of $1,600. The property was found in their possession and identified by the owner. They were remanded for sentence.

John Laffler pleaded guilty of an attempt at burglary in the third degree. He broke into the millinery store of Thomas Redding, No. 15 East Twenty-first-street, on the night of the 16th March, and stole $4,000 worth of millinery goods. He was remanded for sentence.

Joseph Rose pleaded guilty of an attempt at burglary in the third degree. On the night of the 24th of February he broke through the window of Adolphus W. Magerhaus' fancy-goods store, No. 145 Bowery, and stole goods to the value of $33 25. The goods were found in his possession, and he was remanded for sentence.

John Keffer pleaded guilty of an attempt at burglary in the third degree, having, on the night of the 23d of February, broken into the grocery store of D. Hageman, corner of Third-avenue and Twenty-first-street, by entering through the fanlight over the front door, and stolen goods of the value of $14 70, which were found in his possession. He was remanded for sentence.

Samuel Johnson was tried, and convicted on a charge of grand larceny. It was fully proven that he, on the 27th of February, went into the store of Chas. H. Holden, No. 550 Broadway, under the pretence of desiring to purchase some articles, and that while there he pocketed two pairs of sleeve-buttons of the value of $47. He was remanded for sentence.

James Wilson, indicted for burglary, was tried, and convicted of an attempt at grand larceny. On the night of the 26th of February he broke his way through a panel of the door of the premises of Wm. H. Roberts, No. 39 Union-square, and stole therefrom clothing to the value of $1,500. A pawn ticket was found in the prisoner's possession, and the stolen goods found in the pawn-shop denoted thereon. He was remanded for sentence.

Henry Johnson pleaded guilty of larceny. This prisoner was indicted yesterday morning, and his is the first case of the present Grand Jury which has been disposed of. He went into the room occupied by Harriet Wyche, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, on the 1st of April, from which he stole a quantity of women's apparel, all of the value of $200. He was subsequently caught in the act of selling the stolen articles at a place in Baxter-street. He was remanded for sentence.

Mary Hyman, one of a trio of expert shoplifters, indicted for grand larceny, was tried and convicted of an attempt. She, with others, went into the store No. 410 Broadway, on the 9th of March, and was waited upon by Chas. G. Doty. While they were pretending to look at goods with a view to purchasing them, two pieces of silk to the value of $375 were taken, and by some one or more of the trio carried away. Mary was dressed in the most seasonable and fashionable style. She was remanded for sentence.

PRISONERS SENTENCED.

Charles Hynes pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny. On the 9th of March he stole from William Brendenback, No. 168 East Fourth-street, money amounting to $90. He was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year.

George Henderson pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny. He was indicted for burglary in the third degree, having on the night of the 16th of February broken into the store of Whitfield Case, No. 191 Third-street, and stolen therefrom two coats, of the value of $30. He admitted having stolen the property at the time of his arrest. He was sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months.

Thomas Kelly, indicted for robbery in the first degree, pleaded guilty of assault and battery. Kelly and a companion assailed Henry Johnson, of No. 12 Seventh-avenue, while passing along Twenty-third-street toward Seventh-avenue, on the 26th of February, and were about to rob him of a gold watch and chain, when the transaction was cut short by the arrival of an officer, who arrested Kelly. He was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

George Johnson pleaded guilty of forgery in the fourth degree. On the 23d of February he went to the store of Brooks' Brothers, Broadway, and presented an order for a suit of clothes of the value of $60, said order purporting to be signed by A. T. Stewart. He dressed himself up in the new suit, but upon the forgery having been discovered, the clerk became plucky, and made the accused disrobe himself of the new suit, and had him arrested in his old one. Johnson was sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

DISCHARGED BY THE COURT.

The following named prisoners were discharged by the Court on the recommendation of the District-Attorney. Some of them had been in the City Prison for four or five months, and as there was no prospect of being able to get witnesses to appear against them, it was deemed best to let them go.

Charles Ecker, indicted for robbery in the first degree.

Robert Cusick, Thomas Golden, Jacob Smith and John Orr, indicted for burglary in the third degree.

Patrick Ferrey and Anthony Gillespie, indicted for burglary in the third degree.

William McGuire, indicted for burglary in the third degree.

Sarah Jane Irving, indicted for grand larceny.

Kate Sweeney, Mary McDermott and Johanna Carpenter, indicted for grand larceny. In this last case the complainant was a man who, when drunk, went home with one of the females named, who he alleged robbed him, and he was so drunk when he woke up to the fact of the robbery that he could not identify which of the women was the culprit.

The following is the

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

The People *vs.* Jacob Giesman—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Thos. H. Corwin—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Jno. Kelly, Jno. Edwards—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Eliza York, Ellen Cromly—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Thomas Finn—burglary and grand larceny.
The People *vs.* John Burke, Edward Canter—burglary.
The People *vs.* Thomas Thayer, Wm. C. Place—robbery first degree.
The People *vs.* Wm. Brand—assault and battery.
The People *vs.* John Burns—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Wm. Brown—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Luke Bordenmuller—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Edward Costello—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Christopher Berberd—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Jacob Badt—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* John Kopher—grand larceny.
The People *vs.* Wm. H. Hughes—false pretences.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

Seventeen cases of petit larceny, nineteen of assault and battery, seven offences against the Health Law, four excise cases, and one of cruelty to animals, made up a calendar of forty-eight cases which were disposed of yesterday.

WASHINGTON MARKET PICKPOCKETS.

Bridget O'Donnell and Bridget Corbett were charged with picking the pocket of Mrs. Christina Dodd, as she was standing before a stall in Washington Market. The proof was that the two women had been followed by an officer, who suspected them of being pickpockets, and were seen to be pressing up against the complainant, who, on being asked by the officer after the defendants had passed on if she had lost anything, discovered that her pocket-book containing a small sum of money was missing. The women were followed and arrested, and the pocket-book was found subsequently in the entry to the Station-house whither they had been taken. They were sentenced to the Penitentiary for six months each.

TOO HUNGRY TO WAIT.

A lad named John McGee, who was recommended to the proprietors of the hardware-store, No. 139 Church-street, for employment, while waiting for an answer to his application, commenced work on his own account by abstracting a number of knives from a showcase, and concealing them about his person. He pleaded guilty to the charge of theft, to which he was urged by hunger, having had nothing to eat for two days. He was remanded for sentence.

DRUNKENNESS NO EXCUSE.

In the case of William Downing, charged with assault and battery upon Margaret Bulkley, it was shown that the prisoner, while out of a lager-beer saloon partially intoxicated, jostled against the complainant, and on being remonstrated with, pushed her down and kicked her in a brutal manner. The Judge remarked that this appeared to be one of those cases in which men sally out into the street in a half-drunken condition, neither knowing nor caring what they do, and insult and maltreat any one they chance to meet. Downing was fined $50 and sent to the Penitentiary for three months.

KILLING A CAT.

David Heath, a cripple, was accused of having made use of unnecessary cruelty in causing the death of a cat. He took the animal into the open street, where he struck it several blows with his crutch in the presence of a crowd of boys, and threw it kicking into the gutter. He was sentenced to the City Prison for ten days, on hearing which he made an unamiable remark couched in terms not the most refined, to the effect that the officer who arrested him ought to be disemboweled, whereupon the Court annexed to his sentence a fine of $25.

AN IMPROBABLE EXCUSE.

A clerk in the store of Lord & Taylor, in Grand-street, A. F. Lovejoy by name, was charged with stealing some remnants of muslin, having been arrested by the night watchman, Thomas McShane, as he was passing out of the store, at the time of closing, with the muslin in his coat pockets. The prisoner did not deny the taking, but averred that it was without his knowledge, and that the cloth must have been put in his pockets by some one while it was lying under the counter. It appeared that Lovejoy has been employed in the store for nearly two years, and had charge of one of the departments. In the absence of evidence his excuse could not be received by the Court, and he was found guilty and remanded for sentence.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—APRIL 2, 1867.

$6,500	U. S. 6s, '81..R	109¾	500	Mar. Pref.	22⅝
6,000	U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'62	109¾	250	Pac. M. S. S. Co.	129⅝
15,500	U.S.6s,5-20s,C.'64	107⅝	300	do.	129
7,000	U.S.6s, 5-20s C.'65 New issue	107⅝	100	do. ...s30	129
			100	do. ...b30	129⅛
$2,500	U. S. 5s, 10-40, C.	98	10	do. ...2d call	129
4,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s, Second Series	105⅜	100	do.	128⅞
			100	do.	128½
13,000	do.	105¾	100	do. ...b10	129
1,000	do...Third Ser.	105⅜	150	do.	129
1,000	Brooklyn City 6s, W. L.	96½	150	N. Y. Cen. R.	105¾
			100	do. ...s10	105⅜
2,000	Brook. 6s, P. L.	91¼	200	do.	105⅜
3,000	Jer. City W. L.	94	100	do.	105⅜
6,000	Ohio 6s, '81	102	200	Reading R.	102⅝
5,000	Tenn. St. 6s, new	64	500	do. ...s30	102
5,000	do.	63¾	400	do.	102¾
5,000	do.	63	200	do. ...2d call	102
15,000	do. ...2d call	63⅞	400	M. S. & N. I.	72½
20,000	Missouri 6s...b10	88	100	do. ...2d call.b10	73
10,000	C. & M. Cer.	28	200	Clev. & Pitts.	78½
10,000	do. ...b30	28	200	Chic. & N. W.	36⅜
3,000	Erie 1st M.	102½	600	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	64⅝
2,000	Mich. So.S.F.Bs.	93½	100	C. & R. I. M.	91⅝
2,000	C.&N.W.S.F.Bs.	86	100	do.	91½
2,000	P.F.W.& C.1st M	102	800	do.	91¾
5,000	Peninsula 1st M.	76	200	do. ...b10	91⅝
2,000	Mil. & St. P. 1st.	88	200	do. ...2d call	91½
1,000	Morris&Es.1stM.	96	30	Chic., B. & Q. R.	122½
70	Shoe & L. Bank	112	200	Tol., W. & W.	[illegible]
15	Fourth National	104	100	do.	38¾
100	Del. & Hud. Canal.	145	13	do. ...2d call	38
350	West. U. Tel.	41¾	20	N. J. Cen. R.	118
200	Mariposa Min.	[illegible]	400	Pitts.F.W.&C.	92½
410	Wells Fargo Ex.	[illegible]	700	do.	92¾
100	Boston W. P.	26¾	800	do. ...s30	92⅝
100	do. ...b10	27	100	do.	92½
100	Cum. Coal. Pr.	31	100	do. ...2d call	92¾
1200	Erie Railroad	57⅝	100	Alt.&T.H.	34
100	do. ...b30	58⅛	100	Chic. & Alton Pr.	109
100	do. ...2d call	57⅞			

SECOND BOARD.

$2,000	U.S.6s,5-20s, C'62	109¾	300	Pac. M. SS. Co.	129¾
5,000	do. ...Small	109¾	500	do.	129⅝
10,000	do.	109¾	300	Erie R.	58
5,000	U.S.6s,5-20s,C'64.	107⅝	300	do.	57⅞
11,500	U.S.6s, 5-20s,C.'65 New Issue	107⅝	100	do. ...b30	58
			500	Reading R. ...s30	102
2,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.	98¾	17	N. Y. & N. H. R.	121
5,500	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s 3d series	105⅛	100	M. S. & N. I.	72⅞
			200	do.	72⅝
11,000	Tenn. 6s, New	63½	300	do. ...s30	72⅝
10,000	O. & M. C. ...b10	28¾	40	Panama R. ...x-d	205
10,000	do. ...b5	28½	200	Clev. & Pitts.	78⅝
5,000	C., R. I. & P. 7s.	99½	400	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	64½
5,000	Alt.&T.H.2d P.	80	100	do.	64⅝
50	Cen. N. Bank	116	50	do.	64¾
100	Quicksilver	32	100	Clev. & Tol	121
100	West. U. Tel. ...b10	41¾	200	do. ...s60	120¾
100	do. ...s60	41½	100	Chic. & R. I.	91⅝
30	Del. & H Canal	145	300	do.	91½
100	Boston W. P. ...b10	26¾	50	do.	91
100	do.	26½	100	do.	91¼
25	Wells Fargo Ex.	72½	200	P., F. W. & C. ...x-d	92½
20	do.	73	50	do.	92⅝
50	do.	73¼	100	Tol., W. & W.	38⅜
15	U. S. Express Co	67			

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

200	Con. Greg. Gold	9⅝	200	Chi., R. I. & P. ..x-d	92½
100	N. Y. Cen. ...c	105⅝	200	do.	92
300	Erie Railroad	58⅛	400	do.	91⅞
400	do. ...c	58⅛	400	do. ...b3	92
500	do.	58⅛	500	do. ...s3	91¾
100	Reading	102⅝	1200	do.	91⅞
100	M. S. & N. I. ...s3	73	600	C. & N. W. Pr.	64⅞
1800	do. ...s3	73⅛	300	do. ...b10	64⅜
800	do. ...b3	73¼	200	do. ...s3	64⅜
100	do. ...b10	73⅛	200	P., Ft. W. & C. x-d	93⅛
1500	do.	73⅛	300	do.	93⅛
400	do. ...c	73⅛	100	do. ...s3	93
400	Clev. & Pitts ...c	78⅛			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

200	Con. Greg. Gold	8⅝	200	Pac. Mail	129
300	do.	9	200	Clev. & Pitts	78¼
100	do.	9¼	600	Erie R.	58⅜
100	do. ...b10	9⅛	200	do. ...b3	58⅜
200	do. ...b3	9⅛	200	do. ...c	58⅜
300	Chic., R. I. & P. x-d	91⅞	200	Reading R. ...c	102⅝
500	do. ...s3	91⅝	600	M. S. & N I ...c	73
300	N. Y. Cen.	105⅝	200	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	64⅜
300	do.	105⅝	600	P., F. W. & C. ...x-d	92⅞
200	do. ...c	105⅝			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

100	Mar. Pref.	22⅝	100	Erie R.	58
100	do.	22⅝	300	do.	58⅜
200	do.	22⅛	400	Reading R.	102⅝
300	do.	22	200	Clev. & Pitts. ...b3	78⅜
200	West. U. Tel.	41⅜	100	Chi., R. I. & P.	91⅞
200	do.	41⅝	200	do. ...b3	91⅞
100	N. Y. Cen.	105⅝	300	do. ...b15	91⅞
100	Tol., W. & W.	38⅜	500	do.	91⅞
1300	M. So. & N. I.	72⅞	100	do. ...b4	91⅞
200	do. ...s3	72⅞	200	Chic. & N. W. P.b10	64⅛
600	do. ...b3	72⅞	600	do.	64⅜
200	do. ...b10	72⅜	300	do.	64⅜
800	do. ...s3	72⅞	100	P., F. W. & C. x-d.s3	92⅞

TUESDAY, April 2—P. M.

The sales of Gold to-day were at an advance of ⅛ ℘ cent. on the transactions of Monday. The Cash Gold was not abundant, and the speculators for an advance in price are able to carry forward their purchases free of interest, and even for a small consideration for lending their Gold from day to day. They are not assisted at present, for the Customs demand for Gold, as the Treasury Office is probably selling its daily receipts from this source. Nor are the Foreign Exchanges working in favor of dear Gold. The rates on London to-day for the Cunarder of Wednesday are 108¾@109 ℘ cent., on rather moderate transactions. On the other hand, the supply of Gold at Bank and on the Street is, to all appearances, quite limited, and in addition to this, the *Bulls* in the Gold Room possibly calculate upon an export demand later in the season. We are not aware that any political influences at home enter into their speculation for a rise.

The Brokers who are borrowers of Money on call started out early to-day to make up their Bank accounts, owing to the generally reported active demand of yesterday. Their reports, and also the reports of Money lenders, were somewhat conflicting at the close of business, though the general working of the market we should call easier than on Monday or Saturday. The impression gains strength that this temporary pressure is nearly or quite over. It is also understood from Washington that the Treasury will show little or no contraction in Greenbacks on its 1st of April Public Debt Exhibit, and will do nothing through the present month to lessen the circulation of these Notes. The Money drawn for or remitted to the neighboring cities, to the help of their Quarterly Bank Statements, will begin to return to New-York in a few days.

There was a good demand for the Public Funds to-day, and the old 5-20s of 1862 improved ⅛@¼ ℘ cent., and the new Consolidated were firm at 107⅛@¼ ℘ cent. The great dealers being able to carry over their surplus supplies on 6 ℘ cent. interest, they are not disposed to abate in their terms because of the general sharp demand for Money. Indeed, the investment business in the Funds goes on without much, if any reference, to the momentary changes in Money among the Banks and Brokers.

The Railway market at the Stock Exchange opened weak, and the feeling through the early Boards was rather bearish, especially on New-York Central, Erie, Michigan Southern and Rock Island. The actual business, however, was not of a pressing character, and later in the day there was an improvement to about the figures of Monday night. There was a continued demand for the shares of the Pacific Mail Company.

At the Afternoon Second Regular Board there was increased firmness in the old 5-20s of the United States, and also for Pacific Mail shares and the old Express shares of Wells-Fargo and United States; Erie and the Northwest Bonds were steady; nothing done in New-York Central; Michigan Southern and Rock Island showed no recovery.

At the 4 o'clock P. M. Open Board, and subsequently, up to 5 o'clock, in the Long Room, the Railway movement was irregular, and the quotations closed as follows as compared with Monday night:

	Mon.	Tues.		Mon.	Tues.
U. S. 10-40s	98	98	Northwest	35¾	35¾
U. S. 5-20s	109¾	109¾	N. West Pref.	64⅜	64⅜
U. S. 7.30s	105⅜	105⅛	Rock Island	92	91⅞
N. Y. Central	105¾	105⅝	Fort Wayne	93⅜	92⅞
Erie	58⅛	58⅜	Pacific Mail	128⅝	129⅛
Hudson	137½	137½	Quicksilver	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	102¾	102⅝	W. U. Telegraph	41⅜	41⅝
Mich. Southern	73⅛	72⅞	Mariposa Pref.	22⅝	22
Illinois Central	116	116	Ohio Certificates	27	28
Pittsburgh	78⅝	78¼	American Gold	134	134⅛
Tennessee 6s	63	63	Bills on London	108⅜	108⅝

The following bids were made for the Public Funds of the United States:

6 ℘ cent., 1867	111¼	5-20 reg., 1865, new issue	107⅝
6 ℘ cent., 1868	[illegible]	5-20 cou., 1865, new issue	107⅝
6 ℘ cent. coupon, 1881	[illegible]	6 ℘ cent. reg'd, 1874	[illegible]
6 ℘ cent. reg'd, 1881	[illegible]	5 ℘ cent., cou., 1874	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	10-40 registered	[illegible]
5-20 registered, 1862	[illegible]	10-40 coupon, small	[illegible]
5-20 500 & 1,000	[illegible]	10-40 500 & 1,000	[illegible]
5-20 registered, 1864	[illegible]	7 3-10 1st series	[illegible]
5-20 500 & 1,000	107⅝	7 3-10 2d series	105⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000	[illegible]	7 3-10 3d series	[illegible]

And the following for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	118	Hanover	110
Merchants'	115	Irving	108
Union	116	Metropolitan	125
America	128	People's	130
Phenix	107	Market	112
Tradesmen's	140	Nassau	108
Seventh Ward	110	Shoe and Leather	112
State of New York	109	Continental	103
Commerce	113	St. Nicholas	105
Ocean	102	Commonwealth	106
American Exchange	115½	Park	140½
Bank of the Repub.	115	Central National	110
Bank of N. America	105½	Fourth National	104

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	94	Alton & T.H. 2d M.Inc.	75
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	90	Chi. & N. West. S. F.	98
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Es.	91	Chi. & N. W. Ex'n B.	88
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n	91	Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	83½
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	104	Tol. & W. 1st M. ext'd.	86
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con, '76	103	Tol. & W. 2d M.	76
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '65-'76	115	Tol. & Wab. Equ. Bds.	70
Erie 1st mort., 1867	102¼	Gt. Western. 2d M. '93.	74
Erie 7s, 2d mort, 1879	100	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	99
Erie 7s. 3d mort, '83	97	Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	99
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	[illegible]	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	100¼
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., 1869	102	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund.	101
Hud. R. 7s,2d M., s.f.'85	103	N. J. Central 1st M.	105
Hud. R. 7s, conv., 1867	100	Pitts., Ft. W.&Ch.1st M.	101½
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	101½	Pitts., Ft. W.& Chi.2d M.	94½
Harlem 2d mort., '68	97	Pitts., Ft. W.&Ch. 3d M.	84
Mich.Cen.8 ℘ct. '69-'72	111½	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	96
Mich.C. s. 1st M. 8s. '82	107	Cleve. & P. 4th M.	74
Mich.S. & N.I.S.F'd 7 ℘ c.	96	Chi. & Al. 1st M.	99
Pac.R.7's guar'd by Mo	94	Peninsula R. R. bonds.	76
Ill. Cen. 7 ℘ c. 1875	108	Mil. & St.Paul 1st M.	85
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	90	Joliet & Chi. 1st mort.	103
Alton & T. H. 2d. pfd.	80	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	93

We find the following in regard to the Atlantic and Great Western Divisional First Mortgage Bonds in the *Evening Post.* It is quite certain that the American laws in regard to enforcing, on behalf of British creditors, the first mortgage liens upon our railways are much more direct and efficient than the English laws were found to be in certain recent cases of trouble near London—the Chatham and Dover Road for example; nor will this Receivership fail to decrease the expenses of operating the Atlantic and Great Western:

> "We are informed that by an order of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, made on Saturday last, Major-Gen. ROBERT B. POTTER (formerly of the Ninth Army Corps) was appointed Receiver of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway in Pennsylvania. The General, having been previously appointed receiver by the courts of New-York and Ohio, thus becomes receiver of the whole line from the Erie Railway to Cleveland and Cincinnati. The receiver is required to operate the lines, to give security in $300,000 for the faithful performance of his duties, and, out of the net earnings of the line, to first pay the interest upon the prior or divisional mortgages on the line, and then upon the consolidated mortgage."

The week's exports from this port of domestic produce and miscellaneous goods have been to the currency value of $4,650,390. Included in the exports were 18,845 bales Cotton, valued at $2,642,252.

The Kentucky *Statesman* of the 29th ult. says:

> For the information of dealers in whisky, we append herewith a statement of the number of gallons and the duty upon the whisky produced and placed in bond in this district, as appears from the books of Col. ROBT. M. KELLY, Collector, from the 1st day of February, 1866, to the 28th day of February, 1867, inclusive, to wit:

	Gallons.	Dollars.
For February, 1866	7,690½	$15,381 50
For March, 1866	20,581¼	41,162 50
For April, 1866	9,901¾	19,803 50
For May, 1866	55,682½	111,365 00
For June, 1866	95,325	190,650 00
For July, 1866	19,696	39,292 00
For August, 1866	14,661½	29,392 00
For September, 1866		
For October, 1866	11,237½	22,476 00
For November, 1866	7,023½	14,047 00
For December, 1866	63,144	126,288 92
For January, 1867	87,400	174,800 34
For February, 1867	95,433	190,867 62
Total placed in bond	487,778	$975,556 38
In addition to the above, the following was produced and not placed in bond, upon which the tax was paid for same period	52,218	103,436 53
Total amount of whiskey produced	539,996	$1,079,992 91

Of the Wheat and Flour business of California, in which Eastern merchants are now so much interested, the San Francisco *Times* of March 8 says:

> "That California-grown Wheat, when properly manufactured, was capable of making the best Flour in the world, has been known to our people ever since they began to grow this cereal on an extensive scale in this State—a fact that is now becoming equally apparent and generally acknowledged among dealers and consumers abroad. The berry of our Wheat is distinguished for its dryness and whiteness, and the Flour made from it for fineness, strength and preservative qualities—it standing long voyages far better than the famed brands of Haxall and Gallego. Our Wheat ranges higher in Liverpool and the other large Grain marts in Europe than that of the Baltic or any grown in the Atlantic States, Canada or Chili—the next in favor to ours being that of the James River region, in Virginia, whence are derived the supplies for the Richmond mills above-mentioned, whose Flour, prior to the introduction of the California article, had enjoyed a universal preference. Our Grain and Flour, when properly put up and protected never suffer from the longest sea voyages, though the latter be protracted and inter-tropical. The invoices of Flour recently sent East have arrived in such good condition, and proved so very acceptable, that purchasers and consignees have almost invariably renewed their orders for further and still larger shipments. Such is the extreme dryness of most of the California Wheat that it is much sought after by Eastern millers, for the purpose of mixing it with the damper Grain grown in their own country, large portions of which have to be kiln-dried, or thus intermixed, before it can be ground to advantage. Indeed, the Wheat raised in the interior of this State, beyond the reach of the moisture imparted to the atmosphere by the sea, becomes so hard and dry that our own millers are compelled to dampen it in order to manufacture therefrom a first-quality of *Flour.* The reason of this is that when the berry is of such flinty hardness its outside covering, which constitutes the bran, is ground into fine powder, and thus passing through the bolt, mixes with the flour, depreciating its value and rendering it speckled and dark colored. When the grain is somewhat moistened before being ground, the husk peels off, and, adhering in scales, fails to pass through the finer meshes of the bolt, and is thus prevented mingling with the finer particles of flour. The wheat grown in the hot valleys and other arid inland districts, besides this excessive hardness and dryness, possesses less gluten than that raised near the coast, a property that commends the latter to our bakers, inasmuch as this gluten, besides imparting lightness and strength to the bread, adds to its weight from its capacity for the absorption of water. The most of this glutenous wheat is produced in the region lying to the west of the main coast range of mountains, which is affected by the fogs and dampness of the ocean, and embraces the greater portions of the counties encircling the Bay of San Francisco, together with Santa Cruz and one or two counties lying on the northern seaboard, the grain grown in Alameda, San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties having it in the greatest excess, being therefore preferable in this respect. Owing to the greater thickness of the outer coating of this wheat, turning out more bran, it requires a larger quantity of it to make a barrel of flour than it does of that raised in the interior. To make a barrel of superfine flour, ordinary grade, takes from 270 to 290 pounds of dry California wheat, the average being about 280 pounds. Good extra requires from 300 to 320 pounds of wheat to the barrel, the grain being in all cases clean and of fair quality. It may be remarked, however, that our grades of flour range higher, as a general thing, than is the case elsewhere, our Superfine being fully up to Extra State in the East, and so of other grades. The extent to which flour is now being manufactured in California may be inferred from the fact that we have eight mills running at present in San Francisco, the most of them being of large capacity, not to mention two recently burnt down and most likely to be rebuilt, besides a still larger number scattered throughout various parts of the State, several of the latter being nearly equal to the best-class mills in this city. The list of flouring-mills in San Francisco comprises the following, with their several capacities per twenty hours affixed: The Golden Gate, 500 barrels; The National, 425; Genessee, 400; Commercial, 200; City Mills, 200; Pacific, 150; Pioneer, 150; Golden Age, 300; giving a nominal daily productive power of 2,325 barrels, the actual working capacity, allowing for breakage and other incidental causes of stoppage, being some fifteen or twenty per cent. less. The most of these mills are first-class in all their appointments, the latest improvements in mechanism having been introduced, and the best manufacturing skill secured, whereby they are enabled to turn out as much flour for their capacity, and of a quality equal to that produced by any other establishments in the world. At present some of our city mills are not running full time, the impossibility of finding sufficient means for sending away our breadstuffs shutting somewhat the demand that would otherwise exist for fresh ground flour. With an increase of these facilities it is believed they will all in good time be kept fully engaged, the demand for our flour being steadily on the increase, not only to supply Eastern wants but for consumption in China, Japan and the Islands of the Pacific, where its use is being every year extended. At other points on the Bay, as well as at many places further in the interior, capacious and costly flouring mills have been erected which, like those in this city, are generally kept busy, while in Oregon there are several of these establishments also, of large capacity, and which, after meeting the home demand and sending large quantities of flour to Idaho and regions adjacent, ship a heavy surplus to this City for a market. Under the circumstances, it is evident that California, while she is destined to become a large exporter of wheat, will also soon take rank among the heaviest flour manufacturing States in the Union—the only thing required to maintain her present prestige, and finally advance her to this position, being an adherence to the honorable course that has characterized the dealings of our millers thus far, and a determination that none but the primest articles of flour shall be sent to their customers abroad. Our farmers also should be a little more careful in cleaning their wheat, much of which comes to market in a very dirty condition. The observance of a little extra pains in screening it would insure for this class a better price for their grain, beside redounding much to their credit as farmers."

The San Francisco *Bulletin* says:

> "The amount of money paid for insurance upon this coast is very large, and the following amounts, as returned to the Internal Revenue Office of this city by the various companies, as premiums, in gold coin, for the month of January, will be interesting: Hamburg and Bremen, $4,863; British and Foreign Marine, $1,017; California, $7,296; Home Mutual, $6,089; Imperial, $7,712; Merchants' Mutual Marine, $12,835; National, $14,720; Northern Assurance, $1,829; Pacific, $54,206; San Francisco, $3,677; Union, $21,476; Builders, $6,445; North British and Mercantile, $8,718; Occidental, $4,347; Firemen's Fund, $11,760—making a total of premiums paid for insurance, for the month of January, of $167,990. Taking this return as a fair average, would make the amount paid as premiums for insurance per year, $2,015,880."

Michigan Southern Election.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Persons who are the owners of stock, and who hold certificates for the same, standing in the name of LOCKWOOD & Co., and any other firm, and who may wish to vote themselves on their stock at the approaching election, should call on such firms and request to give them a proxy, as they are both legally and equitably entitled to the same. Indeed, it would be doing gross injustice to refuse such proxies to such parties as were debarred from transferring stock by the sharp practice at the transfer office, on the day the books closed.

REFORM.

Western Pork-Packing—Review of the Season's Business.

From The Cincinnati Price Current, March 27.

In previous impressions of our paper we have given reports and estimates regarding pork-packing, which very accurately indicated the result of the season's business.

Having now completed our collection of statistics, we make our full statement, showing the extent and character of the pork crop of 1866-7 in the Western States.

It will be seen that there is a marked increase, furnishing another illustration of the abnormal state of the agricultural interests of the country, which had its origin in the war. No such changes as these were known before 1860, as will be seen by referring to the table given below, showing the number of hogs packed in the West each season since 1850. Had the corn crop been a full one last year, which it was not, and had the price of pork been up to $9@$10 net, the crop put up at the regular packing places in 1866-7 would not have been less than three million hogs; but the corn crop of 1866 proved poor in quality, and deficient in quantity; and more than this, an immense amount was ruined by the wet weather and the great overflows in September.

We have reports from nearly all the packing places, giving the prices paid, but without printing them in detail we will say that the average price paid for the entire crop does not vary much from $7 per cental net. This price proved ruinous to farmers, because their stock of hogs was worth in August last $10@$12 gross, and after having fed them for three months, they did not realize over $6 gross, so that their corn and labor were lost, or nearly so. But, on the other hand, the prices paid will doubtless prove high enough to give packers a reasonable prospect of remuneration for their investment. The feeders, during the previous two seasons, obtained prices far above the real value of pork, as has been shown by the results; and packers suffered serious losses; consequently, it is but therefore fair they should have an opportunity to recover a small portion of these losses, at least.

The average weight of hogs packed in 1865-6, was far above the usual; but notwithstanding this as will be seen, the general average this season shows a further slight increase. At all the smaller places, the hogs were much heavier than they were the previous season; but at the larger places they were lighter; so that the pork crop the present season, as regards its quality, is the best ever cured in the country. The hogs being young, the proportion of bone is very small.

The yield of lard falls short of that of the previous season, notwithstanding the increase in the weight of hogs, which is consequent upon the relative low price of the article, which made packers make as little as possible; indeed, the general tenor of the reports we have from the packing points, leave no doubt that the rule this season was to make as little lard as possible, while last season it was to make as much as possible, and this led packers to render out a large amount of sides into lard in the early part of that season. In this city fully 20,000 hogs were rendered into lard excepting the hams, in October and November, 1865, and there can be no doubt that ten per cent. of the crop of sides last season was thus disposed of. Nothing of this kind was done this season. We repeat that our lard report embraces only leaf and trimming; the head and gut must be added to find the aggregate product, say ten to twelve pounds per head.

The following shows the packing:

	1865-6.	1866-7.
Ohio	460,638	636,983
Illinois	624,980	831,442
Indiana	171,177	299,204
Iowa	93,831	115,241
Wisconsin	97,400	135,060
Missouri	165,210	233,230
Kentucky	92,719	174,085
Grand Totals	1,705,955	2,425,254
		1,705,955
Increase in number		719,299

The average weight of hogs, and the yield of leaf lard per hog, compare with those of the previous year, as follows:

	—Average weight per hog.—		—Yield of lard per hog.—	
	1866. Lbs.	1867. Lbs.	1866. Lbs.	1867. Lbs.
Ohio	242 1-6	234½	33 1-6	31½
Indiana	231	232½	31	31 3-7
Illinois	230	231⅜	29½	28
Kentucky	228	228	28	27
Missouri	222 1-9	226½	30½	31½
Iowa	219	231 1-6	30½	29 1-7
Wisconsin	232½	218 3-5	33½	31½

The general averages, based upon the actual weights of all the hogs packed at these places, from whence we succeeded in getting the averages, compare as follows:

	Lbs.	Lbs.
1866	231 3-10	31 1-7
1867	232 1-7	29½

In order to arrive at the net increase in the crop, without further detail, all necessary to be done is to multiply the number packed each year, by the general averages respectively, and the result shows that the total packing this year is equal to 2,436,348 hogs, of last year's average—the crop of both seasons comparing as follows:

Year.	Hogs.
1866-67	2,436,348
1865-66	1,705,955
Net increase	730,393

This is equal to 42¾ per cent. increase.

The following shows the pork crop reported by us each season since we first commenced collecting the statistics of the pork-packing:

Year.	No. of Hogs.	Year.	No. of Hogs.
849-50	1,652,220	1858-59	2,465,552
1850-51	1,332,867	1859-60	2,350,822
1851-52	1,181,846	1860-61	2,155,702
1852-53	2,201,110	1861-62	2,893,666
1853-54	2,534,770	1862-63	4,069,520
1854-55	2,124,404	1863-64	3,261,105
1855-56	2,489,502	1864-65	2,422,779
1856-57	1,818,468	1865-66	1,705,955
1857-58	2,210,778	1866-67	2,425,254

Previous to 1852-53 the reports were obtained only in part.

With regard to the shipment of hogs to the eastern markets during the season, we made application for them early, but up to last evening had not got those over the New-York and Erie Railway from Dunkirk and Buffalo, but doubtless will get them soon. The shipments, so far as we have been able to get them, compare as follows from Nov. 1 to March 1:

	1864-5.	1865-6.	1866-7.
Baltimore and Ohio Railroad from Wheeling	17,487	22,951	29,487
Do. do., from Parkersburg.	7,665	7,250	10,556
Pennsylvania Central	181,841	10,361	472,141
Total	206,993	40,562	512,184

The destination of shipments over the Pennsylvania Central during the season, that is from Nov. 1 to March 1, was as follows:

LIVE.

	Head.		Head.
New-York	275,886	Baltimore	38,723
Philadelphia	134,163	Local	13,916
Total			$462,688

DRESSED.

	Head.		Head.
New-York	6,255	Philadelphia	2,966
Boston	89	Baltimore	143
Total			9,453

It will be seen that the shipments over the Pennsylvania Central this season were unusually large, but the figures have been furnished to us from official sources.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, NO. 5 NASSAU-ST.,
Will receive SEVEN-THIRTY notes of all the series in exchange for the NEW 5-20 CONSOLIDATED BONDS, at the best market rates, which holders of seven-thirties will find to their advantage.

☞ A SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company are constructing, under the patronage of the United States Government, the western end of the great National Railway across the Continent. Their line will extend from Sacramento, California, across the Sierra Nevadas to the California State line, and thence through the great mining regions of the Territories to the vicinity of Salt Lake City, where the connection with the line from the East will be formed.

Their road is already completed, equipped and running for 94 miles from Sacramento to within 12 miles of the summit of the Sierras, and a large amount of the work of grading, tunneling, &c., beyond that point has been accomplished.

The earnings of the completed portion are extraordinary, and such as to render it certain that this will be one of the most profitable lines of railway in the world.

The liberal aid which is bestowed by the Government upon this enterprise, together with the State and municipal aid which it has received, and the wonderful trade which its progress develops, places it beyond the contingencies and uncertainties which are supposed to attend railroad enterprises in general—and gives to its FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS a stability and importance, and entitles them to a confidence second only to that which is accorded to the securities of the Government itself.

The Bonds have thirty years to run and bear interest at the rate of SIX PER CENT IN GOLD, payable in the City of New-York, and are now offered at 95 per cent. and accrued interest from Jan. 1, in currency.

For further particulars apply to
FISK & HATCH,
Bankers and Dealers in Government Securities,
No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 2, 1867.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been 20 bbls. Ashes, 8,055 bbls. Flour, 1,400 bags Corn Meal, 5,647 bushels Wheat, 8,426 bushels Corn, 2,963 bushels Oats, 2,160 bushels Malt, 619 bbls. Pork, 534 pkgs. Cut Meats, 260 pkgs. Beef, 1,011 pkgs. Lard, and 666 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are quiet but steady at $8 37½@$8 50 for Pots and $12 75@$13 25 (nominally) for Pearls, ℘ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Is dull at old rates.

CANDLES—Have been lightly dealt in at previous quotations.

COFFEE—Has been inactive yet stiffly held, including Java at 25c.@25½c.; Native Ceylon, 19c.@20c., Maracaibo, 17½c.@19c.; Laguayra, 17½c.@19c.; Rio, 16c.@19½c.; St. Domingo, 16c.@16½c., in gold, ℘ lb. The week's receipts of Rio have been 6,000 bags, against sales of 3,953 bags. Stock of Coffee to-day, 32,752 bags, including of Rio and Santos, 20,338 bags; of Java, 1,031 bags; of Ceylon, 1,560 bags; of Laguayra, 4,065 bags; of St. Domingo, 1,085 bags, and of other descriptions, 4,672 bags.

STOCK OF RIO IN THE COUNTRY.

New-Orleans, bags	6,000
Mobile, bags	2,000
Baltimore, bags	2,000
New-York, bags	20,338
Grand Total, bags	30,338

COTTON—Has been less sought after, and though holders have not been disposed to make any important concessions, the market has been unmistakably weak, tending decidedly in favor of buyers, under the influence of the less favorable foreign news and the liberal receipts at the ports. Middlings at 29½c.@31c., chiefly within the range, ℘ lb. Sales and resales since our last 2,450 bales, against receipts of 7,068 bales. The exports from this port during the week ending this afternoon have been decidedly heavy, having amounted to 18,845 bales, valued at $2,642,252 in lawful money.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales
Receipts thus far this week	10,309
Receipts last week	14,365
Receipts preceding week	11,354
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867	252,715
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1866	490,096
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	667,394
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,638
Exports week ending to-day	18,845
Exports since Jan. 1	166,733
Exports since Sept. 1	357,977
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866	381,094
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,302
Estimated stock on hand here	197,000

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports from Sept. 1, 1866, to latest mail dates	1,545,000
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1866	916,000
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports latest mail dates	575.000

FEATHERS—Have been inactive at irregular prices.

FISH—All kinds have been very moderately inquired for, including Dry Cod at $5 25@$5 75 ℘ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel at $17@$20, as extremes; No. 2 do. at $15 75@$17 50; No. 3 do. at $13 50@$14 25 ℘ bbl. Pickled Herring at $5 25@$6 50 ℘ bbl.; Smoked Herring at 45c.@50c. for scaled, and 20c.@25c. for No. 1 ℘ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in moderate request at essentially unchanged prices. Sales since our last have been 7,800 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 70@$10 80; common to good Extra State at $10 75@$11 75; good to choice do., do. at $11 75@$12 75; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands, at $11 55@$12 65 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$9 70	@10 80
Extra State	10 75	@12 75
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 90	@15 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	11 55	@12 65
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	12 80	@15 00
Extra Genesee	12 80	@15 00
Common to choice extra Missouri	13 75	@17 50

Southern Flour has been inactive at steady rates. Sales have been reported of 470 bbls., at $11 25@$12 75 for ordinary to fair extra, and $12 80@$17 25 for fair to choice extra do. ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is in better demand at equal to $11 85@$15 50 for extra, ℘ bbl.; sales 750 bbls. Rye Flour continues in request at from $7 40@$8 30 ℘ bbl.; sales 300 bbls. Corn Meal has been in less demand at $5 15@$5 30 for Western and Pennsylvania; $5 20@$5 30 for Jersey; and $5 65 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl.; sales 340 bbls. Of California Flour sales were reported of 1,100 bbls. and sacks, at $15@$16 25 ℘ bbl. of 196 lbs.

FRUIT—The demand has been moderate, and confined to the wants of regular buyers, on the basis of the annexed prices: Layer Raisins at $3 85@$3 87½, and bunch do. at $3 60@$3 65 ℘ box; Currants, 12c.; Almonds at 23c.@35c.; shelled do. at 34c.@36c.; Figs at 16c.@20c.; Brazil Nuts at 15c.@18c. ℘ lb.

GRAIN—Desirable lots of Wheat have been very firmly held, but have not been in much request. Sales have been reported since our last of 11,400 bushels, including Amber State at $3 15@$3 22, chiefly at $3 15; No. 2 Spring at $2 47½; and White California at $3 16@$3 25 ℘ bushel. Corn has been decidedly more active, and has advanced fully a cent a bushel. The inquiry has been largely from export buyers, stimulated by the more favorable foreign news. Sales since our last 184,000 bushels, at $1 20@$1 21, closing at $1 20½@$1 21 for Mixed Western in store; $1 22½@$1 23, closing at $1 23 for mixed Western afloat; $1 19@$1 22½ for new Yellow and White Jersey, Western and Southern ℘ bushel. Oats have been in good demand, and really sound lots have been quite firm in prices. We quote Chicago, Milwaukee, Michigan and Ohio at 65½c.@71c., the inside price for very inferior; and State at 73c.@75c. ℘ bushel; sales 63,000 bushels. Barley continues quiet but firm; sales since our last 22,000 bushels, at $1 18 for Canada West, free, 95c. for do., in bond, and $1 10 for two-rowed State, ℘ bushel. Barley Malt continues inactive and heavy at $1 @$1 35. Rye is in demand; sales 11,000 bushels, at $1 33@$1 35 for Western, ℘ bushel.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been quiet at irregular prices.

HAY—North River continues in moderate demand at $1 50@$1 55 for shipment, and $1 75@$1 90 for local use, ℘ 100 lbs. Straw, 95c.@$1 10 ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are quiet, yet steady, including new at 35c.@70c.; old at 20c.@45c.; also, new foreign at 58c.@85c. ℘ lb.

HIDES—Have been in limited request at unchanged prices.

LEATHER.—Sole has been in pretty fair demand, since our last, on the basis of the annexed rates: SOLE—Oak Slaughter and Salted good Light, 34c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Heavy, 40c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped good, 44c.@47c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good, 47c.@50c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies Cropped, good, 18c.@21c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Light, 28c.@29½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 28½c.@30c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 28½c.@30c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 27c.@29c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 27c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres Damaged, all weights, 23½c.@26c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres Poor, all weights, 19c.@21c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 34c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Light, 35c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle, 35c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, heavy, 38c.@45c., cash, ℘ lb.

MOLASSES—Continues dull and heavy, including Porto Rico at 60c.@75c.; Cuba at 45c.@55c.; New-Orleans at 80c.@90c. ℘ gallon. Stock, to-day, 456 hhds., against 5,981 hhds. and 301 bbls. same time last year.

NAVAL STORES—Are attracting rather more attention and are quoted pretty firm, including Spirits Turpentine at 77½c.@79c. ℘ gallon; Crude do. at $5 50@$5 75; Resin at $4 25@$11 75 ℘ 280 lbs; Tar at $2 75@$3 50; Pitch, $4 25@$4 50 ℘ bbl.

OILS—Continue dull and heavy, including Crude Whale at 80c.@90c.; Bleached Whale at 95c.@$1; Crude Sperm at $2 50@$2 60; Unbleached do. at $2 90@$2 95; Lard Oil at 90c.@$1 20; Red Oil at 55c.@67½c.; Linseed Oil $1 28@$1 32 for English and American, ℘ gallon.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET, FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 1. SPERM—Has been quiet since our last. The sales embrace 300 bbls. for manufacturing, on private terms. WHALE—Has been in more demand, and the transactions for the week include sales of 100 bbls. Arctic, to the trade, and 1,800 bbls. South Sea, in parcels, for export, at prices not made public.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
From Jan. 1 to April 1, 1867	7,138	13,682	428,250
Same time last year	3,654	2,557	83,050
Exports for the week ending April 1, 1867	684	—	12,450
Previously	6,179	2,569	92,100
From Jan 1. to date	6,863	2,569	104,550
Same time last year	757	154	132,300

[*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—Has been quiet at about former rates, closing at 16c¼.@17c. for Crude, 26c.@29c. for ordinary to prime Refined, in bond, and 40c.@42c. for Refined, free, ℘ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more freely offered, and has been much depressed in price to-day. The demand has been very limited. Sales have been reported of 3,750 bbls., in lots, at $23 62@$24 for new Western Mess, closing at $23 65, cash; $22 50@$22 75 cash, and regular way, for one-year-old City and Western Mess; $19 75@$20 12 for Prime; $22 25@$22 50 for Prime Mess, ℘ bbl. Cut Meats continue in moderate demand at 9c.@10c. for Shoulders, and 12½c.@14½c. for Hams, ℘ lb. Sales equal to 395 pkgs. Bacon continues in limited demand at drooping rates; sales 396 boxes, at 11¼c. for Short Rib; 10¾c. for Cumberland Cut; 11½c. for Short Clear, ℔ lb. Lard is in less request at declining prices; sales since our last 940 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 12½c.@13¼c. for new, ℔ lb. Small lots of very choice new bring a shade higher prices. Beef is in better demand at $12@$20 for very poor to choice Plain Mess, and $18@$23 50 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 580 bbls. Tierce Beef is in limited supply and demand at from $30@$40 for India Mess, and $36@$38 50 for Prime Mess, ℔ tierce. Beef Hams continue quiet at $41@$45 ℔ bbl.; sales 112 bbls. Butter is in fair request at 20c.@35c. for State, and 36c.@38c. for fancy do., and 11c.@31c. for poor to prime Western, ℔ lb. Cheese continues inactive at 10c.@18c. ℔ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ℔ lb	28 @36
Sussex, Orange and Chemung County Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ℔ lb	35 @38
New-York State Dairies—firkins, good to extra, ℔ lb	30 @34
New-York State Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ℔ lb	28 @32
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, good to extra, ℔ lb	30 @35
New-York State Dairies—half-firkin tubs, fair to good, ℔ lb	28 @32
New-York State Dairies—fresh firkins, extra, ℔ lb	35 @38
New-York State Dairies—ordinary qualities, ℔ lb	24 @28
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, good to extra, ℔ lb	30 @35
New-York State Dairies—Welsh tubs, fair to good, ℔ lb	20 @26
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, fair to good, ℔ lb	30 @32
North Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins, ordinary, ℔ lb	25 @27
Western Reserve—firkins, fair to prime, ℔ lb	23 @25
Western Reserve—firkins, ordinary, ℔ lb	14 @15
Western States—firkins, fair to good, ℔ lb	13 @15
Western States—firkins, ordinary, ℔ lb	13 @15
Western States—firkins, common	11 @12
Rolls, State, good to prime in cloths	20 @25
Rolls, Western, good to prime, in cloths	20 @25
Rolls, poor to good	15 @18

CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, 1st quality State, ℔ lb	17 @18
Factory Dairies, 2d quality State, ℔ lb	16 @17
Factory Dairies, Western, ℔ lb	16 @17
Farm Dairies, 1st quality State, ℔ lb	17 @18
Farm Dairies, 2d quality State, ℔ lb	15 @16
Farm Dairies, Western, ℔ lb	15 @16
Skimmed Cheese, Western and State, ℔ lb	10 @15
Farm Dairies, Common, ℔ lb	13 @14

Stocks in the Packing Yards of New-York and Brooklyn.

PORK.

	April 1, 1867.	March 1, 1867.	April 1, 1866.
Clear	1,061	1,104	388
Mess	54,815	43,822	61,609
Thin Mess	826	470	328
Prime Mess	3,754	1,783	1,784
Prime	4,263	3,036	3,797
Rumps	116	89	195
Refuse Mess	295	324	208
Refuse Prime Mess	55	45	71
Refuse Prime	87	280	271
Other Refuse	273	373	574
Uninspected	33,667	46,623	30,024
Grand total, bbls	99,181	98,069	98,246

BEEF.

Repacked Mess	475	2,510	3,667
Repacked Chicago Mess	4,446	4,607	6,425
Railroad Beef	16	145	118
Refuse Mess	180	226	28
Other Refuse	112	166	160
Tcs. Prime Mess	510	478	1,008
Country Mess	271	90	2,206
Uninspected tcs	2,414	2,183	3,617
Uninspected bbls	1,719	4,767	4,661
Grand Total, tcs. and bbls	10,243	15,036	27,361

SALT—Has been inactive and nearly nominal in price.

SEEDS—Have been in moderate request at uniform prices.

SOAP—Has been quiet yet quoted steady.

SPICES—Have been lightly dealt in at unchanged figures.

SUGARS—Have been in limited demand at essentially unaltered rates. Sales since our last 510 hhds. Cuba, at from 10c.@12¼c., and 320 boxes Havana at 10½c.@12¼c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars continue in moderate demand at from 12½c.@14¼c. ℔ lb. Stock of Sugars to-day, 20,172 hhds., 106,532 bags, and 27,338 boxes, against 22,308 hhds., 118,937 bags, and 42,078 boxes same time last year.

STEARINE—Sales 56,000 lbs. at 11½c.@12¼c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 144,000 lbs. at 11c.@11¼c.; also 30,000 lbs. Grease at 9¼c.@11c. ℔ lb.

TEAS—Have been in request and steady in price.

WHISKY—Has been quite dull at about 30c. for bonded Western, ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 1,650 bales Cotton at ¼d. by sailing vessel and 7-16d. by steamer, ℔ lb.; 67,000 bushels Corn at 3¼d. by sailing vessel and 4¼d. by steamer, and 6,200 bushels Peas at 3d. ℔ bushel. For London, 15,000 bushels Barley at 5¼d. ℔ bushel; 500 bbls. Resin and 100 tons heavy goods on private terms. For Galway, direct, a brig with 20,000 bushels Corn at 5s. ℔ quarter. For Bremen, 600 bales Cotton at [illegible] ℔ lb.; 400 bbls. Resin at 2s. 4½d. ℔ 280 lbs. For Cork and orders, a vessel with about 25,000 bushels Corn at 5s. 7½d. ℔ quarter.

Sales of Real Estate—April 2.

BY MULLER, WILKINS & CO.

2 lots on south side of West 43d-st., 175 ft east of 11th-av. each	$1,925
2 lots adjoining above each	1,900
1 lot on s. e. corner of 8th-av., and 133d-st.	2,800
1 lot on n. side of 114th-st., 195 ft. e. of 5th-av.	1,050
1 lot on n. side of 112th-st., 380 ft. w. of 4th-av.	770

BY JAMES M. MILLER—ASTORIA PROPERTY.

3 lots on s. e. side of Academy-st., 225 ft. s. w. of Grand-st. each	3,790

NEW-YORK PROPERTY.

Three-story brick house and lot, No. 288 Front-st.	10,000
Three-story brick house and lot, No. 286 Front-st.	8,100
Four-story brick store and lot, No. 313 Water-st.	7,500
Three-story brick house and lot, No. 315 Water-st	3,500
Three-story brick house and lot, No. 424 West-st.	11,250

BY JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL.

Brooklyn Property.

4 lots on Classon-av., 100 ft. from Lafayette-av., each	$750
3 lots on Atlantic-av., 100 ft. from New-York-av., each	850
1 gore lot adjoining above	1,600
3 two-story brick houses and lots on 6th-av., 63 ft. from Wyckoff-st., each	10,200
1 four-story brick store and lot on Myrtle-av., corner Grand-av.	2,200
1 four-story brick store and lot adjoining	3,000
3 lots on n. s. Wyckoff-st., 100 ft. w. of Grand-av. each	1,000
6 lots on Hopkinson-av., corner of Bergen-st., each	125
10 lots on Howard-av., between Baltic and Butler sts., each	120

DRY GOODS

LINENS A SPECIALTY.
MILLIKEN & CO.,
NO. 748 BROADWAY,
offer at low prices a large and complete assortment of
IRISH LINENS OF THE BEST BRANDS.
BED AND TABLE LINEN
of the best Irish, Scotch and Barnsley makes, together with a complete assortment of
TOWELS, DIAPERS, L. C. HANDKERCHIEFS,
and everything else in the Linen line, to which they invite the attention of housekeepers and others in want of such goods.

ASTOUNDING BARGAINS.
150 pieces BLACK COLORADO CLOTHS, a new fabric, 2 yards wide, $8 per dress, worth $14. 50 pieces BALMORAL CRAPE, $5 per dress, worth $9. 200 pieces Silver and Iron Gray materials for traveling from $8 to $12 per dress; most beautiful goods; call and see.
W. JACKSON, Importer,
No. 551 Broadway, opposite Tiffany & Co.'s.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
IN
NEW AND FASHIONABLE
SILKS,
SHAWLS and
DRESS GOODS,
Just received from auction.
ALSO,
A large assortment of
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
just received, at greatly reduced prices.
Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all widths and qualities.
Shirting and Sheeting Linens, all widths and qualities.
White and Colored Marseilles Counterpanes, all widths and qualities.
Lace and Muslin Curtains, new styles.
Bleached and half-bleached Table Damasks, new styles.
Huckabacks, Towels, Napkins and Crashes, all qualities.
Flannels, white and colored, all widths and qualities.
ALSO,
White and colored Marseilles and Piques, all prices, very cheap.
ALSO,
Spring Cloakings and Cassimeres, very choice styles.
W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery,
near Houston-st.

R. H. MACY.
SPRING TRADE
NOW OPENING.
1,000 CASES STRAW GOODS.
LATEST SPRING STYLES AND SHAPES.
2,500 NEW STYLES PARASOLS.
A full assortment of best quality Ribbons, Velvet Ribbons, Velvets, Dress Trimmings in all the latest novelties, Buttons, Notions, French Flowers, &c.
AT POPULAR PRICES.
DESCHAMP'S BEST QUALITY FRENCH KID GLOVES.
EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.
AT POPULAR PRICES.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LINENS, WHITE GOODS, FLANNELS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES.
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, &c.,
AT POPULAR PRICES.
No. 63 14th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av.
Fourteenth-st. and 6th-av.

AT F. DE PERCEVAL'S,
No. 729 BROADWAY, (opposite Astor-place.)
NOW OPEN.
Spring novelties for children, POPLIN and PIQUE SUITS, ROBES GABRIELLE, CLOAKS, CAPS, SLIPS, WAISTS, APRONS, BLANKETS, BIBS, SHOES, CORSETS, SPENCERS, &c., &c., ready made and made to order.

AT F. DE PERCEVAL'S,
BROADWAY, (opposite Astor-place.)
FRENCH LINGARIE for ladies and children, large stock of EMBROIDERED YOKES, CHEMISE BANDS, DRAWERS, TRIMMINGS, NIGHT-GOWN SETS, &c., &c.
INITIALS and MONOGRAMS EMBROIDERED to ORDER for HANDKERCHIEFS, TABLE LINEN and BED CLOTHES. EMBROIDERIES, STAMPING and STAMPED GOODS.

KID GLOVES REDUCED IN PRICE.
$1 50 for the best, $1 25 for the seconds; every pair warranted. Also, fabric gloves at low prices. N. B.—Paris flowers, wreaths, &c., just received; new styles. W. J. ELGER, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

DRY GOODS.

E. L. SOLOMON & SONS
WILL REMOVE INTO THEIR "NEW STORE"
MAY 1.
Until that time they will offer their stock of
CURTAIN GOODS,
FURNITURE COVERINGS,
PAPER HANGINGS,
AND WINDOW SHADES
AT PRICES THAT WILL WELL REPAY AN INSPECTION.
No. 369 Broadway.

OPENING OF
SPRING AND SUMMER MANTLES.
MISS M. GREGG,
No. 19 5th-av.,
WILL OPEN ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1867,
AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT
OF SPRING AND SUMMER MANTLES,
WALKING SUITS IN SILK AND WORSTED GOODS,
ELEGANT IMPORTED DINING AND CARRIAGE DRESSES,
LADIES BREAKFAST SACKS, &c.
Miss G. calls attention to her dressmaking department, which she is prepared to carry on in all its branches.
ORDERS EXECUTED AT SHORTEST NOTICE.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW SPRING RIBBONS.
Rich Round Edged Bonnet Ribbons at 13c., 20c., 25c., 31c., 44c., 56c. and 75c. per yard, every color.
From auction, half price, Lines of Fancy and Rich Brocaded Ribbons, 10c., 16c., 20c., 25c. and 31c. per yard.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW SPRING BONNET MATERIALS.
Silks, Satins and Velvets in endless variety.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW SPRING FEATHERS AND FLOWERS.
Largest stock in this City to select from.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and 66, 68 and 70 Allen.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW SPRING STYLES IN LACES.
Cluny, Guipure, Valenciennes, Brussels, English and French Blonds, Thread Laces and Edgings. Also, bargains in Lace Vails.
CHEAP LOT OF BLACK CRAPE VAILS.
MILLINERY LACES, ILLUSIONS AND MALINES,
VERY CHEAP.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW SPRING DRESS TRIMMINGS.
Endless variety of Gimps, both plain and beaded, Fringes, Insertings, &c., &c., unusually cheap.
BUTTONS AND ORNAMENTS
for dresses and cloaks, very cheap.
The largest, cheapest and most complete line of Silk Velvet Ribbons for trimmings yet exhibited, every width, at gold prices.
Also full line of our celebrated brand of Black Silk Ribbon Velvets—gold prices.
Also, Black Ribbon Velvets, white edge, at half European cost, this week's purchase.
This department will repay examination.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand; Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
AMERICAN NOTION DEPARTMENT.
From auction and private sale, Silk Sunshades, Parasols and Umbrellas, extensive variety, from $1 each and upward.
White and Colored Corsets at 50c., at 75c., at $1, at $1 50 per pair.
We have lines of finer Corsets worthy inspection.
This department crowded with novelties in all kinds of Fancy Goods, cheap.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand; Nos. 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW SPRING HOSIERY AND GLOVES.
Popular makes in Ladies' and Children's Hose, under regular market prices.
New styles in Lisle Thread Gloves.
Ladies Kid Gloves at 44c., 75c. and $1 per pair; our own importation and best, every pair warranted, $1 60 per pair.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand, and 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
About 189 styles of Linen Collars, Cuffs, Sleeves, &c. Sets very much under regular prices.
EMBROIDERIES FROM AUCTION.
Bargains in Linen Handkerchiefs, 13c., 18c., 20c. and 25c. each.
Fine Hemstich Handkerchiefs, 20c., 25c. 31c. and 38c., bargains.
Hundreds of Lace Handkerchiefs, 31c., 44c., 56c., 75c. and $1 each.
Grass Linen Handkerchiefs, 15c., 20c., 25c., 31c. each and upwards.
From auction, bargains in Plaid Jaconet, Mull and Swiss Muslins.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand and 66, 68 and 70 Allen sts., fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.
NEW SPRING STRAW BONNETS AND JOCKEYS!
ROOM No. 1 contains Infants, Children's and Misses Hats and Jockeys.
ROOM No. 2—Ladies Jockeys.
ROOM No. 3—Ladies and Misses Bonnets,
New Spring Shapes,
Treni, Josephine, Princess Dagmar, Boulevard, Avenue, Empress, Standard, Ristori, M. Stuart, Vesta, Graceful, Venus, Alma, Promenade, Cariotta, Paris Turban, London, Park, Sontag, Rainbow, Star, Eureka, Rosetti, &c., &c.
We have these and other styles in every description of Plain and Fancy Braids suitable for Infants, Children, Misses and Ladies, in both Bonnets and Jockeys. Our prices, as usual, will be LOWER than any house in the business.
EDWD. RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st.; and Nos. 66, 68, and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
BENNETT WILLIAMS,
NO. 477 BROADWAY,
WILL OFFER AT COST,
AND LESS THAN COST,
2,500 yards EMBROIDERED AND MACHINE EDGINGS and INSERTIONS.
1,500 yards VALENCIENNES LACES and INSERTIONS.
1,000 dozen HEM-STITCH LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.
800 BLACK THREAD LACE VEILS.
REAL VALENCIENNES LACE HANDKERCHIEFS, $3 and upward.
VALENCIENNES LACES, sets $5 and $6, worth $10 and $12.
BREAKFAST AND TRAVELING SETS at half price.
REAL POINT-POINT APPLIQUE and CLUNY LACES, SETS, and HANDKERCHIEFS.
BLACK THREAD GUIPURE and BLOND LACES.
LLAMA LACE POINTS and MANTILLAS.
With a complete assortment of every other article in the trade,
AT REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

TO FAMILIES VISITING THE PARIS EXPOSITION.
CACHMIRES AND LACES,
COMPAGNIE DES INDIS,
80 RUE RICHELIEU, 80.
Messrs. VERDE DELISLE, the proprietors, respectfully desire to inform the American ladies who visit the French capital, that they will find at their establishment the largest and richest assortment of CACHMIRES AND LACES in the world, at prices that will sustain any and every comparison. The fabriques of the Company, placed as they are in every lace district of France and Belgium, and in all of the shawl districts of India, enable them to sell at the price of manufacturers instead of merchants, as well as to produce designs EXCLUSIVELY THEIR OWN. English is CURRENTLY SPOKEN IN THE ESTABLISHMENT.
N. B.—The proprietors pay no commissions to any parties to bring custom to the house.

UNDERGARMENTS, NIGHT DRESSES Chemises, Drawers, Slips, Baptismal Robes, Waists, &c., all reduced to cost price.
BENNETT WILLIAMS, No. 477 Broadway.

LINENS, TABLE-CLOTHS, NAPKINS, Towelings, Hdkfs, Muslins, Blankets, Quilts, &c. at retail, low. GRAHAM'S Linen Warehouse, Clinton Hall, Astor-place, bet. Broadway and Cooper Institute.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

BARGAINS IN CLOTHING.
A LARGE WHOLESALE STOCK OF
READY MADE CLOTHING,
will be offered for sale
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 1,
AT RETAIL,
REGARDLESS OF COST,
consisting of BUSINESS SUITS, FROCK COATS, SACKS, PANTS & VESTS, SPRING OVERCOATS, &c.

BUSINESS COATS	$3 00 to $20
VESTS	$1 00 to $10
PANTS	$1 50 to $8

At Nos. 100 and 102 Read-st.

MILLINERY.

MLLE. R. CORDIER, NO. 114 9TH-ST. will open THURSDAY, April 4, an assortment of French bonnets and round hats.

MACHINERY.

TO STEAMBOAT OWNERS.
"LOCK-UP SAFETY VALVES."
The undersigned would call attention to PAIGE'S "PATENT LOCK-UP SAFETY VALVE," now extensively applied to the boilers of steamers as a compliance with law.
THE TRADE SUPPLIED.
CHARLES W. COPELAND, SOLE AGENT.
No. 171 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.
Combining the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 600 being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address
J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,
Lawrence, Mass.

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS AND CIRCULAR SAW-MILLS.
The best and most complete in use.
Circulars sent on application.
WOOD & MANN STEAM-ENGINE CO.,
Utica, N. Y.
and No. 96 Maiden-lane, New-York.

FOR SALE—SOME FIRST-CLASS MILLING-machines, of best makers, and one three-spindle drill press, and one Brown & Sharp tapping-machine; these tools can be seen here. Address EVAN THOMAS, care Abm. Bell's Son, No. 25 Park-row.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—THE LENTEN LECtures of St. John's Chapel, Varick-st., near Canal, will be given every WEDNESDAY EVENING during Lent at 7½ o'clock. On WEDNESDAY, April 3, Rev. Dr. HOWLAND, of the Church of the Holy Apostles, will lecture.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN 21ST-ST., NEAR BROADWAY, a first-class, large and elegant house, on a full lot; price $50,000, including carpets, mirrors, gas fixtures, &c. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

CENTRAL PARK LOTS FOR SALE.
Two lots at the corner of 8th-av. and 65th-st.
ALSO,
Six lots on 66th-st., near 8th-av.
ALSO,
Six lots on 66th-st., between Madison and 4th avs.
ALSO,
Four lots on 63th-st., near Madison-av.
For sale at reasonable prices. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

HOUSES FOR SALE BY A. JOURDAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

West 22d-st.—four-story h. s. b. s.	$22,500
23d-st.—four-story E. b. s.	13,000
24th-st.—three-story h. s. brick	13,000
43d-st.—four-story h. s. b. s.	37,500
45th-st.—four-story h. s. b. s.	25,000

And many other houses variously located.

FOR SALE—ON BROADWAY, FRONTING THE City Hall, fronting the City Hall Park, the brown-stone store and lot No. 245 Broadway, first below Murray-st.; 25x100, with L and entrance on Murray-st.; for sale to close an undivided interest. This building can be altered into offices at a small expense, and rented for a large sum. Apply to HENRY HICKS, No. 10 West 14th-st., or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

SECURE A NEAT DESIRABLE HOUSE at a bargain by attending auction sale of JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL, at 12 o'clock THIS DAY at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, when will be offered fourteen valuable New-York houses on East 82d-st., West 45th and West 52d sts. See auction advertisement.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE FIRST-CLASS four-story high-stoop brown-stone house No. 113 Lexington-av., between 28th and 29th sts. The house is frescoed and in the very best condition; will be sold low, as the owner is about leaving for Europe. For particulars and permit apply to ISAAC HONIG, No. 25 Pine-st., Room No. 4.

MURRAY HILL.—FOR SALE, THE FIRST-class four-story brown-stone house No. 273 Lexington-av., between 37th and 38th sts.; a delightful situation; black walnut staircase throughout; first floor finished elegantly in black walnut and rosewood. Apply to the owner, No. 91 Chambers-st., or to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT HARLEM—A COMPLETE two-story and high basement brick house; all the improvements, gas-fixtures, &c., and connects with sewer, and in a fine location, near steamboat landing; possession before May; price $7,000. S. B. KENYON, 3d-av., corner 121st-st.

FOR SALE—HARLEM HOUSES, BROWN-stone, brick and frame; modern style and conveniences, on best streets and avenues, with extra lots if desired. Also, great variety choice building lots on "Boulevard," 126th-st., &c. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

$10,500.—FOR SALE—THE THREE-story house and lot, No. 70 West 13th-st., near 6th-av.; the house has a store, hall-door, water and gas, and an independent passage of 4 feet from street to yard; said yard is 25x25; terms easy. Apply to DANIEL NOONAN, No. 200 6th-av.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY high-stoop brown-stone front house and lot, on Madison-av., near 29th-st.; full size lot. Apply to
ALLEN & BROWN,
No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS HOUSES and lots on Lexington, Madison Park and 5th avs.; also, on the streets between the above avenues. For further particulars apply to ALLEN & BROWN No. 96 Broadway.

A BARGAIN IN HARLEM.—FIVE LOTS and two frame cottages; garden, carriage-house, &c., north side 126th-st., near 8th-av. All for $10,000. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

AN ELEGANT 4-STORY BROWN STONE front house, on top of Murray Hill, will be sold much under its real value, as owner wishes to leave the City. Persons in search of a really first-class house will do well to address H. B. A., *Tribune* Office.

FOR SALE—THE NEW FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house and lot No. 55 West 39th-st., between 5th and 6th avs; elaborately finished with rosewood doors, &c. W. FANNING, No. 37 West 39th-st.

LEXINGTON-AV.—FOR SALE, A VERY DEsirable residence on Lexington-av., between 33d and 34th sts., at a low figure. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—WITH OR WITHout furniture, a substantial three-story brick house. Owner and wife would like to make arrangements to board with family. Apply on premises, No. 290 West 22d-st.

EAST RIVER BULK-HEAD FOR SALE, near the Pike-st. pier, formerly occupied by the seamen's floating chapel. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

GRAMERCY PARK PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Two first-class brown-stone houses and lots, adjoining; price $40,000 each. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—BROWN-STONE HIGH-STOOP houses, modern improvements; $12,000; two stores; one corner, $12,500; other houses at $6,000. Apply at No. 344 East 62d st.

FOR SALE—AT FORT WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, a splendid house, furnished or unfurnished, with 4½ acres of land. WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A BRICK STABLE IN 41ST-ST., between Madison and 4th avs. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THREE LOTS SOUTHEAST CORner Park-av. and 40th-st., suitable for livery stable. Apply to W. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—1ST-AV. LOTS, BETWEEN 104TH and 105th sts.; good ground even with grade; $750 each. CLARK & STEBBINS, No. 212 Pearl-st., before 12.

FOR SALE—A NEW THREE-STORY BRICK dwelling, No. 223 East 77th-st., east 3d-av.; price $7,000. Inquire of J. B. HAMMOND.

FOR SALE—WITH FURNITURE—A HANDsome brown-stone four-story house on Lexington-av. Apply at CAMPBELL & GALWAY'S, No. 444 4th-av.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, PRICE $10,500, one of the most complete and comfortable houses in the city, and in perfect order; brick, 2½ stories front, full 3 stories in rear, basement and sub-cellar; range, heater, stationary tubs, bath-room, sewer, two water-closets, shutters inside and out, walls painted or papered, weather strips; 11 rooms, grape-arbor, vines, &c.; lot 20 feet 10 inches by 100 feet; location excellent, and within 25 minutes' walk of ferries; possession April 15, or sooner. For permits call on S. W. TUBBS, No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 6.

$4,500.—FOR A NEW HOUSE IN Brooklyn, on Greene-av., near Marcy-av., a two-story frame, with high brick basement, filled in with brick to the peak; marble mantels, gas pipes, range, baths, &c., built of the best materials and by day's work; $2,000 on mortgage three years, $1,000 cash, balance payable $125 quarterly. Apply to J. DAVENPORT, corner of Fulton-av. and Oxford-st., Brooklyn, or to E. E. MILES, No. 29 Cedar-st., New-York, between 12 and 1 o'clock noon.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A VERY DESIRAble brick dwelling on Clinton-st., Brooklyn, between Harrison and Degraw; has all the modern improvements; billiard-room, butler's pantry, dumb waiter, bath, water-closets, &c; twelve rooms, and is in perfect order throughout. Address Box No. 2,821 Post-office, New-York.

A MODERN THREE-STORY ENGLISH basement brick house in Ryerson-st., between Fulton and Gates avs., with water sewer, and gas fixtures, for sale cheap. Inquire of J. T. WELLINGS, corner Calyer and 2d sts., Greenpoint, or of A. KNOWLTON, corner of Fulton and Portland avs., Brooklyn.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

PERMANENT BOARD.—ELEGANT ROOMS and excellent board, with a private family, in a first-class house, near Stuyvesant-square, may be had immediately for a gentleman and wife or three or four gentlemen. Address, for three days, C. E. D., Box No. 511 Post-office, New-York.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, JUST MOVED in from the country, will rent with board a few rooms with both closets and all conveniences for first-class parties at moderate terms; first-class references. Apply at No. 72 West 19th-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET (FROM first of May) to gentlemen two or three well furnished rooms with board; house first-class; location 13th-st., convenient to Broadway. Address L. E. W., Box No. 2,200 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A LADY OF EXPERIENCE IN teaching, a home in a pleasant family, in which instruction in music would be received in return for board. Address DELTA, Station C.

NEWLY AND HANDSOMELY FURNISHed rooms for single gentlemen, at reasonable rates. Apply on the premises at No. 231 Sullivan-st., near Amity.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A small family; good healthy country air and living desired, within daily access of the City; references exchanged. Address, stating full particulars, Box No. 2,720 Post-office, New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD FROM APRIL 24. High rents may be saved; good rooms and board, pleasant country, pine groves, spring water, mountain air and moderate prices. Rev. L. F. DUDLEY, Cornwall, Conn.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR GENtleman and wife, within one hour of the City; farmer preferred. Address COUNTRY BOARD, Box No. 4,231 New-York Post-office.

THE CLARENDON HOUSE, CLARENDON Springs, Vt., will be open for the reception of guests May 15. The beautiful mountain scenery, invigorating air and delicious, health-giving water, make this one of the most desirable Summer resorts in our country. Good livery and regular communication with railroad at West Rutland. S. MURRAY, Proprietor.

A FAMILY OF THREE ADULTS, OCCUpying a small farm on the New-Haven Railroad, near the Sound, 30 miles from the City and three minutes' walk from the depot, will take a family to board; adults without servants preferred. Address R. S. S., Box No. 1,196 Post-office.

OPEN FROM MAY, ON THE HARLEM RAILroad 40 miles out, near Katonah Depot at Farm House; accommodates forty. Address Box No. 43 Katonah, Westchester County, New-York, or John Sons, No. 96 Bowery.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anaesthetic use of nitrous oxide gas, administer it in the manner most approved by the medical profession, do nothing but EXTRACT TEETH, and therefore do it WITHOUT PAIN—to 15,000 patients testify. See their names at the office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

H. CRANE'S DENTAL OFFICE, No. 31 Bible House, New-York.

ASTROLOGY.

MME. ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS clairvoyant, shows the likeness and tells the name of the person you will marry. Lucky numbers. No. 100 West 27th-st.

NO. 165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER, Clairvoyant, tells you all you want to know—losses, numbers, diseases, &c.

SHOW CASES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS sold at the lowest prices by HOFFMAN & FERSCH, No. 148 Chatham-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE
IN BINGHAMTON, BROOME COUNTY, N. Y.
The country seat of the late Daniel S. Dickinson, Esq., known as the "Orchard," located near the centre of the beautiful and attractive borough of Binghamton, county seat of Broome County, N. Y. Mansion spacious, outbuildings numerous and complete. Quantity of ground about 12 acres. Shaded and fruited suitable for a gentleman's residence, and is, all-in-all, one of the most complete and desirable estates in interior or southwestern New-York. A bargain is offered to a purchaser.
Inquire of
HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

CHERRY HILL.
For sale at Cherry Hill, N. J., eight miles from New-York, reached by Northern Railroad of New-Jersey and Hackensack Railroad, elegant country residences, neat cottages and eligible building sites, fronting on wide streets and avenues. No road dust. No mosquitoes.
HOUSES ERECTED TO ORDER,
and money advanced to parties desiring to build. For photographs, maps and full particulars apply to
A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,
No. 25 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR FARM OF 260 ACRES, 200 cleared, balance fine timber land, in Broome County, N. Y., on the Susquehanna River, 6½ miles from Binghamton, 1 mile from town of Union and Erie Railway Depot. A large part of the farm is river flat. On the premises are one house containing thirteen rooms, with fine piazza on three sides; one farmhouse, seven rooms; one barn, 40x60; one barn, 30x40; one cattle-shed, 17x90, with stanchions for 32 head of cattle, and plank floor; one carriage-house, 26x30, with granary above for 3,500 bushels; one wagon-shed, one corn-crib, one tool-house, ice-house, piggery, hen-house, &c.; three wells of water and large cistern in barnyard; also one attached to house. The farm is well watered by living springs and streams of water; there is a fine garden and young orchard; the Chenango Canal passes through the farm; a large portion of the purchase-money can remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to W. H. PAINE, No. 47 Wall-st., New-York, from 2 to 4 P. M.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY RESIdence, reached by direct ferry from Wall-st. in 25 minutes, situated on Long Island, on high ground, overlooking Staten Island and the Bay of New-York, containing 15 acres, beautifully laid out, well wooded on boundaries, with full-grown forest trees, large and choice evergreens, shrubs, &c.; lawns, shady walks, old and young orchards of choice pears, apples, grapes, &c.; about 1,000 trees and vines in bearing; mansion large, 60x60 and wing, modern and complete; gas, water, &c.; barn, stable six stalls, carriage, coachman and gardener's houses, cow-house, hennery, ice-house, 60 tons, filled; everything in perfect condition; neighborhood, fine residences, churches, &c.; no nuisances, public or private; reached also by horse cars, or by wide graveled avenue for private conveyance. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT, FURNISHED—A beautiful country seat about nine miles from the City of New-York, and easily accessible by rail at all times of the day. The house is large and commodious, well finished, and supplied with hot and cold water and heating apparatus. The lawn contains about thirteen acres, and is diversified in surface and studded with splendid shade trees; the garden is large and well stocked with fruit; there is a coach-house, stable and gardener's house on the premises. In addition, a farm of fifty acres, with farmer's house, barns, &c., will be sold or rented with the mansion house. The mansion and lawn embrace about 13 acres; about 60 to 65 acres in all. For terms or other particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A FIRST-CLASS residence, with stable, cow-house, hennery, &c., and over 26 lots of ground; the situation is all that can be desired, the neighborhood being unexceptionable, and the view of the Hudson from any part of the house and grounds one of the finest; it has shade trees, fine shrubbery, with full supply of choicest cherries, pears, blackberries, strawberries, &c., &c.

A large portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage if desired.

For full particulars and permission to view the premises apply to JOHN H. LEFFINGWELL, with Fulton Insurance Company, No. 182 Broadway, New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT ON STATEN ISLAND FOR SALE.—The elegant residence of A. W. Sexton, Esq., on Castleton-av., near Factoryville Landing; an extensive view of New-York City, Bay and surrounding country; house large and commodious, built in best manner of brick; two stories, French roof, with all modern improvements, and in every respect a first-class house; stables and outbuildings complete; 5 acres in garden and lawn, with great varieties of fruits, &c. For further particulars, apply to HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FRAME HOUSE, BARN AND five acres of land, with good fruit, located at Closter, 18 miles from New-York, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey. Price $6,000. Apply to JOHN H. STEPHENS, Railroad Agent, Closter, N. J. Also, a frame house, stable and three acres of land at Tenafly, 15 miles from New-York, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey. Price $8,000. Apply to GARRET HUYLER, Railroad Agent, Tenafly, N. J., or to office *Bankers' Magazine*, No. 60 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT MADISON, NEW-JERSEY, THE residence of the undersigned, with 20 to 30 acres of land. The house is built of brick in the best manner, is large and convenient, fine spring water carried up to the attic; grounds are amply shaded with old trees; grapery in full bearing, greenhouse stocked with choice plants, fruit of all kinds in abundance.
ALFRED M. TREDWELL,
No. 53 Cortlandt-st., New-York,
Office of D. H. Nash.

FOR SALE AT FORDHAM—A HOUSE FURnished or unfurnished, 14 rooms, carriage-house, hennery, &c.; three-quarters of an acre of land, highly cultivated, well stocked with choice fruits, flowers, &c.; on Central Bridge Road, corner Valentine-av.; five minutes' walk from Fordham depot, Harlem Railroad; half mile from steamboat landing on Harlem River. Apply to H. H. CAMMANN, No. 34 Pine-st.

STATEN ISLAND—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for City property, very attractive place, with 20 acres under high cultivation, garden and fruits of all kinds; house large and commodious, 13 rooms conveniently arranged, stable, carriage-house and outbuildings complete; a stream of pure water. Location 4 miles from North Shore Ferry. HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—FOR SALE—A neat two-story cottage house, containing nine rooms, cellar, dumb waiter, cistern and well; lot 100x100, with barn and wood-house; very finely situated, near churches and schools, and within ten minutes' walk of railroad depot; six trains a day each way; time from New-York one hour; price $5,000; also one for $7,000. Apply to RICHARD GREEN, No. 375 Canal-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—IN SOUTH BERGEN, N. J., A large and attractive house, nearly new, with ten full lots of ground, including a most valuable corner and on the crown of the hill; six rooms on first floor; heater, water, stationary tubs, &c.; plenty of shade from fine old trees; neighborhood unexceptionable; cars pass every ten minutes within one block of the premises. Apply at S. GARABRANT'S Real Estate Agency, Bergen-square, or address Box No. 384 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF ASTORIA, five minutes' walk from steamboat landing or ferry, a first-class residence, situated on high ground and commanding a fine view of Hellgate and East River; house in perfect order; gas, water and other new improvements; ground 150x150; all kinds of fruit trees; stable, hennery &c. Inquire of GODILLOT, STEVENS & WHITE, No. 4 South William-street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—COMPLETELY furnished, an elegant country residence at Fishkill, on the Hudson. The house is large, with all modern improvements, outbuildings numerous and complete; 45 to 70 acres choice land, with half mile frontage on the river. For particulars, inquire at No. 11 Wall-st., Room No. 13, between the hours of 1 and 2.

FOR SALE—FARM AND COUNTRY SEAT, near Tarrytown, 96 acres choice land, highly improved; house contains 14 rooms, water, &c.; abundance of fruit, shade and shrubbery. Also, 45 acres on the Hudson, at Stuyvesant's; excellent buildings, with immense amount of fruit, &c. J. W. BOGERT, No. 95 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRONXVILLE, WESTCHESter County, about three-quarters of a mile from the Harlem Railroad Station, a cottage and 11 acres of land well improved, with stable, ice-house, laundry, garden, fruit and shade trees, &c., all in excellent order, in a healthy and pleasant locality. Apply to A. B. McDONALD, No. 56 Wall-st.

A DESIRABLE FARM ON LONG ISLAND. 10½ acres rich land, highly cultivated; 2,400 choicest dwarf fruit trees in full bearing, many imported from France; large brick house, large barn, both in good order; admirable place for nursery or market garden; terms very reasonable. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., No. 77 Cedar-st.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—House and 11 acres, within one mile of the depot; house has 14 rooms, laundry, bath-room, hot and cold water; grounds well stocked with fruit trees, &c.; a stream of water runs through the grounds; barn, &c. Apply to L. K. MILLER, No. 192 Broadway, New-York.

AT YONKERS—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for City or Brooklyn property to suit, or good stocks in part, a country seat of ¾ acres; all convenience of a City residence; splendid river view, fine garden, fruit of all kinds. Call at house corner of Warburton-av. and Point-st., near Glenwood depot, or on HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A FINE HOTEL AT CORNWALL; FINE view of Hudson River, ½ mile from steamboat; new three-story house, 60 feet square, rooms; will sell furnished if wanted; in fine order; barn and carriage-houses, fruit and shade trees, garden, two acres land; also two cottages. P. ZEGLIO, No. 12 Centre-st.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—AN ELEGANT NEW French-roof house, finished with modern conveniences, finished in part with walnut; near depot; surrounded by first-class improvements; one acre handsomely laid out in lawn and fruit; fine stable and carriage-house. Address, or apply to S. T. VARIAN, on the premises.

FOR SALE—A SMALL DESIRABLE PLACE IN Scotchtown, Orange County, four miles from Middletown on the New-York and Erie Railroad. Inquire of JACOB OSTRANDER, on the premises; or address BENJ. DE LAMATER, Box No. 4228 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—A COTTAGE AND FARM, WITH six acres of land, in a very desirable location, suitable for building lots, one-fourth of a mile from the depot at Hohokus, N. J., on the Erie Railway; 22 miles from the City. J. A. MARINUS, Hohokus, N. J.

FARM IN NEW-JERSEY FOR SALE—on Scoton Turnpike; brick farmhouse, good outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, soft water, healthy, fifty acres very productive land; price $7,000. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE AT CHERRY HILL—TEN minutes from depot, a house and one acre of garden well stocked with fruit; house contains all the modern improvements; stable and carriage-house attached. Price $14,000; terms easy. No. 229 West-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FIRST-CLASS and elegantly furnished four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, 25x100; beautifully frescoed throughout; West 34th-st. to a private family.
W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

AT BLOOMFIELD, N. J., 12 MILES from City, two-story house, eight rooms, coach-house and stable; 1½ acres garden, fruit, shade, &c.; cheap; easy terms; half hour's access to City.
W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

FOR SALE AT NEW-ROCHELLE—A desirable residence, two acres, garden, &c.; great variety of fruit; near depot, for $7,500, $3,000 on mortgage. Apply to JOHN C. HIGGINS, No. 7 Pine-st.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.—FOR SALE—A BRICK house on South-st., five minutes' walk from depot; has nine rooms, bathroom and kitchen; gas and water; good-sized garden. Apply to W. E. CHURCH, No. 240 Broadway, Room No. 31.

ENGLEWOOD COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale, nearly six acres, beautifully located; good house, nine rooms, large barns, fruit, stream, pond, &c.; if not sold will be rented. Inquire of S. HULL, No. 391 Hudson-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL FARM OF 34 acres, 15 miles from New-York, in New-Jersey; fine buildings, all kinds of fruit, very healthy; price $9,000; part can remain. Address N. B., Box 144 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE FARMS ON LONG Island and in Sullivan County; also in the States of New-Jersey and Connecticut. Apply to ISAAC HONIG, No. 25 Pine-st., Room No. 4.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

ASTORIA.—FOR SALE, FURNISHED, A TWO-story house, with garden and stable, located near Hellgate, and commanding an unbroken view of the East River. The house is supplied with all modern conveniences, (gas, hot and cold water, &c., &c.,) and; with furniture, is nearly new. The lot is 104x202, and is stocked with fruit trees, hot-beds, shrubbery, &c. Astoria can now be reached in 30 minutes by steamboat (every hour) from Peck-slip, and by ferry at 92d-st. For particulars address J. T., Post-office Box No. 2,912, or apply to E. MILLS, (store, Fulton-st.,) Astoria.

FOR SALE—OR TO LET FURNISHED—A first-class country seat, at Newburgh, consisting of a large double modern house and 15 acres of land, a large part of which is in fruits. For particulars, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.
The mansion house and grounds adjoining, late the residence of Calvin G. Williams, deceased, in Stonington, Conn. The house is 52x45 feet, with an L, two full stories, in good order and remarkably well built, with barns and other outbuildings, a good fruit garden, well inclosed, and about twelve acres of land adjoining. It is pleasantly situated in sight of the village depot, where four trains for New-York and Boston via Shore Line Railroad stop daily. The property will be sold very low. For terms, &c., apply to
HENRY P. HAVEN,
Administrator,
New-London, Conn.

FOR SALE.
At Summit, N. J., a farm of sixty acres, with new house, (13 rooms,) barns and other outbuildings, two fine streams and abundance of fruit, within one hour of New-York and five minutes of the depot; house stands on a corner and fronts on two roads; a very desirable location for a hotel or boarding-house. Apply at S. GARABRANT'S Real Estate Agency, Bergen-square, (cars from Jersey City pass the door,) or address Box No. 384 New-York Post-office.

ELIZABETH N. J.
For sale—A desirable family residence, convenient to railroad depot; lot 40x163, and house with nine apartments; gas in; price $7,500; more ground can be obtained if desired. Address H., Box 144 *Times* Office.

$500—COUNTRY HOUSE TO RENT OR FOR SALE—Hazlewood cottage, situate on the beautiful Lake of Luzerne, Warren County, N. Y.; 20 miles from Saratoga by railroad; 10 miles from Lake George; beautiful views of water and mountain scenery, in a high dry piney section; good fishing, boating and bathing; contains five bedrooms, outside-room for coachman, Summer kitchen, wood-house, ice-house filled; about 2 acres of ground, filled with shrubbery, well known.

Also, hose cottage adjoining, furnished; four bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, &c.; price $250.

Refer to G. R. I. BOWDOIN, Esq., No. 35 William-st., WM. F. MOTT, Jr., No. 13 Broad-st., or to B. C. BUTLER, Albany, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A DELIGHTFUL COUNTRY RESIdence in New-Jersey, 13 miles from New-York City, containing 26 acres choice land; house has 13 rooms with all the modern improvements, and is in perfect order; good outbuildings with gardener's house, fine ice-house filled; variety of shade and choice fruit-trees, grapes and small fruit; a beautiful artificial lake fed by a living stream, which runs through the centre of the place; a never-failing spring and cisterns; perfectly healthy, and no mosquitoes; two miles from depot; 12 trains daily. For further particulars call at No. 118 Livingston-st., near City Hall, Brooklyn, or No. 54 Wall-st., New-York, Room No. 3.

AT BAY SIDE, L. I.—AN ELEGANT COUNtry seat, completely furnished, commanding most extensive views of the bay, sound and surrounding country, to rent for the season or a term of years; also, a spacious and beautiful mansion on Little Neck Bay, near the East River, in perfect order, fine grounds, garden, &c., to rent or for sale; also, a farm of 150 acres, suitable for a dairy or market gardening, to be rented low. All within ten minutes' walk or drive of the Bay Side Station, on the North Shore Railroad, communicating four times daily, in 35 minutes, with New-York, via Hunter's Point and James' slip Ferries. Apply to LAWRENCE & FOULKE, Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, Room D, second floor.

FOR SALE AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—45 minutes from New-York by Northern Railroad and ten minutes' walk from station, a first-class country residence, with 10 acres or less, suitable for a Summer and Winter home. The house is situated on high ground, commanding an extensive and beautiful view of the surrounding country, and is replete with modern improvements. The outbuildings, consisting of carriage-house, stable, hennery and ice-house, are commodious, built in the most substantial manner and all in perfect order. For further particulars, inquire at the office of MORAN & GOULD, No. 50 William-st., where stereoscopic views of the house can be seen.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT COUNTRY SEAT at Montrose Point, Westchester County, about 35 miles from New-York, on the Hudson River Railroad; the dwelling is commodious, four or five years old, on high ground, and built of brick, in Gothic style of architecture; large and numerous outbuildings; quantity of ground about 70 acres, mostly in cultivation; the estate has a large river front, with excellent yachting and boating privileges, and located between the railroad and river, about 1½ miles from station.

Possession can be had at an early day. This is a most desirable place. Price $40,000. For further particulars inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT NEW-ROCHELLE FOR SALE—House 47 by 43; two and a half stories, piazza front and rear, marble hall 12 feet wide, parlor, hall and library frescoed; large carriage-house and stables; lawn about 4 acres, handsomely set with shade and fruit trees of every variety; convenient to depot, churches, &c.; now in the occupation of R. W. Buloid, Esq.; price $25,000. Apply to WM. S. THORNE, Esq., National Insurance Company, Wall-st., or by letter to owners, care J. C. Phillips, No. 118 Broad-st.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.—VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY IN TARRYTOWN.—April 10, at 12 o'clock M., will be offered at public sale, on the premises, two large and well-built houses, with five lots of ground attached, planted with fruit, shrubbery, &c., corner of Broadway (old Albany post road) and Beekman-st. Terms easy and made known at sale. Inquire of ISAAC GEERY, No. 203 Canal-st., New-York, or of HERVEY ROCKWELL, Tarrytown, N. Y., Executor of the late Charles O'Neil.

FARM FOR SALE IN CLOSTER, BERGEN CO., N. J., on Northern Railroad, one mile from depot, one hour from foot of Cortlandt-st.; 90 acres; 10 acres in wood, 12 acres seeded in rye, the rest under high cultivation; good house, and all outbuildings, with or without stock. One of the best homes in Bergen County. Possession April 1. Price $200 per acre. Inquire on premises of JOHN S. RANDALL, or of his son "RANDALL," shirt manufacturer, No. 822 8th-av. New-York.

FOR SALE—AT COLD SPRING, IN THE Highlands of the Hudson, a modern-built house and six acres of land, with gardener's house, stable, ice-house, &c.; three-quarters of a mile from railroad station and steamboat landing; fine river and mountain views. A cottage and half an acre of land, adjoining, will be sold with the place, if desired. Apply to I. G. PEARSON, No. 8 Wall-st., or W. I. PAULDING, on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE PASSAIC River, at Bellville, N. J., three miles from Newark, a fine large mansion at Bellville, N. J., situated on Broad, Rutgers and Stephens streets, with grounds and outbuildings, suitable for a large private family, or for a family hotel or boarding-house; access every hour by railroad to Newark, and horse railroad thence to Bellville.

Apply to J. W. DOW, at Bellville, N. J., or to T. B. CODDINGTON, No. 78 Broad-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT EAST ORANGE, N. J., a gentlemen's residence, furnished, with from two to seven acres, as required. House contains 13 rooms, with modern conveniences, within four minutes' walk of M. & E. R. R. station. Inquire of Dr. GEO. PECK, on the premises, cor. of Main-st. and Maple-av., or of CYRUS PECK, Continental Ins. Co., 102 Broadway, N. Y. Also, eligible building lots and sites for sale in East Orange and Roseville. No money required if improved.

AT RAVENSWOOD, L. I.—FOR SALE cheap, a cottage-built house, 11 rooms, seven grates and marble mantels; Barrows' furnace set in brick; built in the best manner, and in complete order; four lots of ground; fine shade and fruit trees and shrubbery; part of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage. Apply to SAMUEL BROWN, No 60 Fulton-st., up stairs.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT OF FIFTY acres, in the State of Delaware, on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, one hour's ride from Philadelphia. The expansive view combines landscape and water scenery, and the shipping on the River Delaware. Photographs of the residence can be seen at the bookstands of the St. Nicholas and Fifth-avenue Hotels, and pamphlets obtained with full particulars and description.

FOR SALE IN JERSEY CITY—A VERY desirable three-story and basement brick house, with modern improvements, No. 166 Grand-st. Apply to A. S. HATCH, No. 5 Nassau-st.; D. E. CULVER, No. 132 Hudson-st., Jersey City, or to the present occupant on the premises. Price $10,000; terms easy; possession any time after April 10.

FOR SALE—ON FRANKLIN-PLACE, FLUSHing, with possession, a very handsome cottage, 38x27; 9 rooms, wide piazza, six full lots, hennery, fruit and shade trees; healthy location; 5 minutes from depot; trains hourly. Apply on the premises, or to
S. L. HENDERSON, No. 73 South-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FINE COUNTRY SEAT, ORANGE County, with a new house, 18 acres of land, a barn, plenty of fruit trees, and well watered, for $2,500; one mile from Oragwill Station, and 1½ miles from Oxford Station. Inquire at No. 263 Washington Market, Country Row.

HOUSE AND FURNITURE FOR SALE IN JERSEY CITY.—A handsome three-story English-basement house, with all the modern improvements, completely furnished; fine neighborhood; eight minutes from the ferry; possession at once. Apply to A. BRAINERD, No. 9 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—AT MORRIStown, N. J., two houses near the depot; recently built, containing the modern improvements, with gas, water, &c.; one of the houses is furnished with new and handsome furniture. Inquire of E. L. LOUNSBURY, Morristown, N. J.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 19 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE AND pleasantly-located place within an hour's ride of the City. House contains ten rooms and grounds well laid out with choice fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery. For further particulars apply to C. P. FRAME, No. 75 Liberty-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT OF 19 ACRES, within 45 minutes of City; brick house, barn and all necessary outbuildings; house has twenty rooms, gas, bath, hot and cold water; on Passaic River, opposite Newark, N. J. Apply to GEO. W. PLATT, No. 23 Maiden-lane.

BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY NEAR ELIZABETH.—Forty acres, only $15,000; splendid place near Broadway; 12 acres at Plainfield; 18 acres on Northern New-Jersey Railroad. JAQUES, No. 303 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED—A first-class double house, with all the modern improvements, stable, carriage-house, within five minutes' from the depot. Address D., Box No. 1,188 Post-office.

FOR SALE—AT MOTT HAVEN, NEAR THE depot, a very desirable country residence, beautifully located on the Ridge; has all the conveniences, stable, &c., and is very accessible to the City. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID COUNTRY RESIdence at New-Dorp, S. I., and several cottages on the banks of the Hudson, within short distance of the City. Prices ranging from $3,000 to $11,500. Apply to ISAAC HONIG, No. 25 Pine-st., Room No. 4.

AT NYACK UPON HUDSON.—FOR SALE—A beautiful building site of one acre, with river front, for $1,500. J. W. SHEDDEN & CO., No. 303 Bowery, corner of 4th-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT Newark; furnished entire; first-class; Price $30,000. Call at S. P. SMITH & SONS, No. 201 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT PLEASANT PLAINS, STATEN Island, four good places. JOHN E. PERINE, at Pleasant Plains Station.

TO LET.

REAL ESTATE—TO LET, FURNISHED, AT College Point, fronting the Sound and Flushing Bay, and within an hour's ride of the City by either steamboat or rail, the elegant and desirable country residence of the late H. A. Schleicher, Esq., consisting of about 12 acres of land, arranged at considerable expense, with fine roads, splendid lawns, superb ornamental and shade trees, two large vegetable gardens, filled with the choicest collection of fruit of every description. The very large and stylish double brick dwelling, with a new addition just finished; commands a magnificent view of the surroundings and City, and contains besides two large parlors, dining-room, library, laundry, ten large and comfortable rooms, and has all the modern improvements, including gas and water; all in complete repair.

The outhouses, stables, gardener's cottage, &c., are in harmony with the dwelling, and in perfect order.

If desired, part of the furniture (which is nearly new and of the finest workmanship) may be purchased. Apply to WM. F. HEINS, No. 290 Broadway, Room No. 6.

ELEGANT FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT BAYSIDE, L. I., TO RENT.—The country seat of the subscriber, during his absence in Europe, will be rented to a first-class tenant only: the house is 50 feet square, with extension for servants' rooms, kitchen, pantry, &c.; there is a lawn of about 12 acres; the views are unsurpassed; being on high ground, it commands views of the Sound, Bay and surrounding country; the house is fully furnished; Steinway piano, statuary, bronzes, vases, new carpets, &c.
JOHN TAYLOR.
For particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

STATEN ISLAND—NORTH SHORE—TO LET OR FOR SALE—With immediate possession; handsome house, completely furnished, with all modern improvements; fourteen rooms in pleasant location, one mile from either Castleton or Port Richmond Landings; sixteen acres in garden, orchard, pasturage and lawn, with fruits of all kinds in abundance. Stables, coach-house, &c. Will be rented for one or more years at low prices. Horses, carriages, cows, poultry, &c., sold with place if desired. Apply to HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

HANDSOME COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LEASE FOR TWO YEARS.—House, carriage-house and nearly five acres of land with considerable fruit, situated on the Hudson, at Sing Sing, fifteen minutes' walk from depot, brick sidewalk to the door; the house is large, supplied with gas, range, boiler, &c., beautifully situated, with extensive river and inland views. For further particulars inquire of J. W. HALSTED, at New-York Life Insurance Company, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, from 12 to 2 o'clock, or of WM. H. BARLOW, Sing Sing.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—SUITable for a gentleman doing business in the city; location, Union, Bergen County, N. J., about 30 minutes' ride from New-York via Erie Railway; abundance of shade and fruit trees, and the spacious ground attached are in a high state of cultivation. Possession immediately. Inquire of CHAS. INGERSOLL, Station-master, Boiling Spring, New-Jersey.

TO LET—A HOUSE CONTAINING SEVEN rooms, kitchen and cellar, and garden attached; situate on Fort Lee Hill, on the main road leading from Fort Lee landing to Leonia Station, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey; about 15 minutes' walk from station, and 20 minutes' walk from boat. Inquire of JOHN DEGRAW, on the premises, or of JAMES HARRISON, at Greenwich Insurance Company, No. 155 Broadway.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A VERY DESIRable furnished double-house with extension; all the modern conveniences, grounds, conservatory, fruit and vegetable gardens, stable, poultry-yard, cow, &c. This residence is pleasantly situated and combines the advantages of a City and country home. Will be rented for four or five months from April 1. Apply to D. & M. CHAUNCEY, Montague-st., near Court-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—FOUR FINE LOFTS, TOGETHER OR separate, at No. 254 Broadway, between Warren and Murray sts.; one of the best stands in the City for any mercantile business, or for insurance or other offices. Apply to
ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

AT WHITE PLAINS.—TO LET OR FOR sale, a modern-style double house, 18 rooms, just finished, on high ground, Broadway, garden, fruits, flowers, &c., with carriage-house and about two acres; immediate possession; rent $1,500, price $20,000. Apply to E. A. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN THE village of Oyster Bay, L. I.; the house is pleasantly situated; has 13 rooms; there is a large stable and carriage-house, a large garden and yard with plenty of choice fruit. Apply to HORACE PRIOR, New-York Post-office, or to WM. H. PRIOR, Oyster Bay, L. I.

TO LET—AT WHITE PLAINS, FIVE MINUTES from depot, a first-class house; rent $400; also a large house, suitable for boarders, with stable and garden; rent $500. Apply to H. PRICE, No. 92 Murray-st., or W. E. HASKINS, at store B. F. Hosier, White Plains.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WITHOUT CHILDREN, and who remain in town during the Summer, wish to rent a second floor handsomely furnished to gentlemen; there are four rooms which will be let either together or separately without board. References exchanged. Apply at No. 4 8th-st.

HOUSE TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished, four story, high stoop, brown stone, 24th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; rent, $3,000, unfurnished; $4,200 furnished; possession immediately. Address Box No. 4,603 Post-office.

TO RENT—FOR $300 A MONTH, ON CAStleton Hill, Staten Island, one mile from the ferry, a furnished house, with carriage-house, stable and ten acres of land in lawn and garden. Inquire of JONATHAN EDWARDS, No. 20 Exchange-place, from 12 M. to 3 P. M.

TWO YEARS' LEASE, SECOND-AV., NEAR 28TH-ST., FOR SALE.—Three-story brick, 20x40, with 12 foot extension two stories; containing 13 rooms; water and gas. For permits and particulars apply to G. H. BENEDICT & CO., No. 31 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE English basement house No. 354 West 32d-st.; location first-rate: is in good order, and contains all the modern improvements; rent $2,200 per annum. Apply to ROBERT USHER, Jr., No. 238 West 34th-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS FIVE-STORY brown-stone house, No. 1,130 Broadway, near Fifth-avenue Hotel; has been put in complete repair; will be let, with mirrors and chandeliers, and reservation of reception room; $3,500. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—THE SPACIOUS AND ELEGANT lofts in the Dorchester stone building No. 391 Broadway, running through to Mercer-st.; size, 30x200. For terms and particulars apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT STAMFORD, CONN., A TWO-story house, with garden and stable, pleasantly situated, one mile from depot; rent, $500. Apply to A. W. WALKER, No. 380 8th-av., or address Box No. 346 Stamford, Conn.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FIRST-class house to let or for sale in 14th-st.; four-story high-stoop brown-stone front, in perfect order. Apply from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. at No. 160 Fulton-st., Room No. 10. Rent $500 per month to a first-class tenant.

TO RENT—FROM 1ST MAY TO 1ST NOVEMber, a first-class furnished house on Murray Hill, between 4th and Madison avs. For particulars address Box No. 1,114 Post-office. It will only be rented to a private family.

OFFICES TO LET IN NOS. 155 AND 157 BROADWAY—A fine large rear basement office, suitable for an insurance agency or company; also offices on the fourth floor. Apply to FRANCIS SPEIR, No. 54 Beekman-st.

TO LET—A DAIRY FARM OF 160 ACRES, near Norwalk, Conn., forty miles from New-York; buildings complete and in good order; to a good tenant a long lease and immediate possession given. J. G. REED, at Wilson & Co.'s, No. 92 Pearl-st.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE TO LET—THE first floor of an English basement house; two rooms; at No. 142 East 30th-st., near Lexington-av.; possession immediately.

TO LEASE OR FOR SALE—7 LOTS AND large house, 30th-st. and 1st-av. Also 4 lots 9th-av. and 56th-st. Apply at No. 93 East 27th-st., of
PETER A. H. JACKSON.

LEASE.—21 YEARS, SOUTHEAST CORNER OF Hudson and Thomas sts, 34x90; good location for first-class restaurant, being between grocery and dry good trade. BALDWIN, No. 2 Harrison-st.

TO RENT—THE TWO-STORY, ATTIC DWELling-house No. 65 Amity-st. for two years. Rent $1,700. For permit apply to J. B. IRELAND, No. 124 Nassau-st.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT house on 23d-st. near 4th-av.; furniture for sale; also one on 129th-st. near 8th-av.; complete in all respects. Apply to J. S. MOON, No. 292½ 4th-av.

TO LET—$1,800 PER YEAR, STONE-FRONT house No. 185 East 41st-st.; all improvements. Apply on the premises, to the owner, from 11 to 3 o'clock, this day.

STABLE TO LET—FIRE-PROOF BRICK; LOcation East 32d-st.; three stalls, room for two carriages; gas, water, &c. Apply to HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—LOCATION East 14th-st., near 5th-av.; house and furniture first-class. Apply to HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

TO RENT—WITH BOARD, IN A PRIVATE family in 33d-st., near 5th-av., a handsomely furnished parlor and bedroom; references required. Address B., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET.—THE four-story brown-stone front house, No. 125 East 30th-st., corner Lexington-av.; price $4,800. Call on the premises from 12 to 5 P. M.

TO LET—A ROOM ON BROADWAY, SECOND floor, 30x60, suitable for an insurance office; possession immediately if required. Inquire at the office of the American Bank Note Company, No. 142 Broadway.

NORTH SHORE, S. I.—FURNISHED HOUSE to let; three minutes from landing; $100 a month.
HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No 11 Pine-st.

TO LET.—A COTTAGE CONTAINING SIX rooms; rent $300. Address E. BAKER, Millstone, N.J. Immediate possession.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE HOUSE NO. 48 Hudson-st. Lessee may alter to suit. Apply to T. M. RODMAN, No. 54 William-st.

PARK-ROW STORE TO LET—NO. 22, OPposite the Post-office site; seven stories; 115 feet deep, with rear entrance and hoistway.

TO LEASE—TWO LOTS OF GROUND, NOS. 94 and 96 East 25th-st., suitable for coal, wood, stable, &c. Apply at No. 321 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st., of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

AN ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR TO LET, with or without board, from the 15th of April, to a responsible party without children. Apply at No. 77 4th-st., near 6th-av. References exchanged.

TO LET—THE HOUSE, STORE AND BASEment No. 377 3d-av. The store is 80 feet deep; an excellent place for business. Inquire at 37 West 35th-st.

TO LET—FOUR VERY DESIRABLE OFFICES in the Bible House, Astor-place. Apply in the Treasurer's office, 4th-av. entrance.

TO LET—FIRST-CLASS STORE NO. 2 LIBERTY-st. G. S. MAXWELL, No. 161 Broadway, Commonwealth Fire Insurance Company.

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE at West Farms to let; 10 rooms, and stable. Rent $1,200. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT NOS. 817 AND 819 BROADWAY, corner of 12th-st., choice corner rooms; also fourth floor, No. 49 East 12th-st. Apply as per bill.

TO LET—AT HARLEM, A SMALL VARIETY of dwelling houses. Apply immediately to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

STEAM POWER TO LET—LARGE AND small rooms, well lighted, to let, with steam power. Apply to JOHN S. MEYER, No. 122 West 29th-st.

TO RENT—THE OFFICE NOW OCCUPIED BY the North America Life Insurance Company, No. 63 William-st., corner Cedar.

TO LET—THE TWO FIRST LOFTS IN THE building No. 237 Greenwich-st., third door above Barclay-st.
JOHN J. HEALY.

TO RENT—SECOND AND THIRD LOFTS OF building No. 78 John-st. Apply to W. H. DICKINSON & CO.

TO LET—PART OF THE OFFICE NO. 4 NO. Beekman-st. first floor over Park Bank.

TO LET.

TO LET FURNISHED—NEAR NEWBURGH, a very desirable country residence, with a large, commodious house, handsomely furnished, with extensive outbuildings, variety of choice fruits, &c., with 28 acres of land. Rent $2,500 a year, or the place will be sold. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A SMALL ACCEPTABLE FAMILY OF adults can secure a very desirable house with every convenience, plainly but completely furnished, in Brooklyn, contiguous to ferries, in an excellent locality, and pay the rent mostly in boarding two persons; no other boarders allowed. Possession immediately, or May 1st. Applicants must give description of family, and appoint time and place for interview. Address OWNER, Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

TO LEASE—THE NEW BUILDINGS NOW BEing completed on the four lots on the southeast corner of Houston and Greene sts., 100x100. Parties desirous of locating on this great line of improvement will please examine the buildings and call upon me immediately in relation to renting the same. Steam will be introduced if required. Apply to H. J. HOWARD, No. 54 Greene-st.

TO LET ON STATEN ISLAND, NORTH SHORE—A very handsome new house, built and finished in best manner by owner for his own use; French roof, all modern improvements and conveniences of City house, and desirable location; two acres, stable, carriage-house, &c. Will be rented to a good party for one or two years at a low price. Apply to HAGGERTY & PHELPS, No. 11 Pine-st.

TO RENT—AT ROSLYN, L. I., A VERY DEsirable country seat, one-half mile from the landing; Gothic house, handsomely furnished and 12 acres of land; carriage-house and stable; also suitable outbuildings, the whole being the property of a gentleman about leaving for Europe. Apply to
E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

STORAGE ROOMS FOR FURNITURE, &c. from $2 per month; also storage by the piece or load, No. 300 West 34th-st., corner 8th-av.
B. G. HAEGER.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A SMALL COSY HOUSE WANTED IN a genteel location in this City; rent not to exceed $800. Desirable tenant secured by addressing S. M. D., Box No. 121 *Times* Office. A commission paid to agents.

WANTED TO RENT—BY A GOOD TENant, within a short distance of New-York, (Westchester County preferred,) a medium-sized cottage, with one acre or more of ground; easy of access; rent not to exceed $800. Full particulars address to R., Box No. 18 Post-office.

WANTED TO RENT—BY A CLERGYMAN and family of two adults, in the neighborhood of West 5th-st., four or five rooms, with use of parlor and conveniences for housekeeping; if partial board could be furnished with less room it would be preferred; terms must be moderate. Address with particulars, D. E. L., Station G.

WANTED TO RENT—A SMALL GENTEEL house or cottage, furnished or partly furnished, or the furniture would be bought; within not more than one hour of the City; in a town or village preferred; rent not to exceed $800; will be paid in advance if made an object. Address Box No. 3,820 Post-office.

FURNISHED COTTAGE WANTED—IN the neighborhood of New-York, for a very small family. Must be healthfully and pleasantly situated within forty-five minutes of Wall-st., and neatly furnished. Address, with full particulars, Box No. 2,259 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—THREE ROOMS FOR LAW OFfices, not higher than third floor. Address, with location and rent, B. G. T., Box No. 172 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS, WELL-FURNISHed house for a small private family. Address, stating lowest terms and location, Box No. 4,400 Post-office.

PROPOSALS.

OCEAN STEAMER MAILS.
POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 25, 1867.

A joint resolution adopted by Congress, and approved by the President on the 18th inst., is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the Postmaster-General be and he is hereby authorized to employ ocean mail service between San Francisco in California, and Portland in Oregon, not less than three times per month, in continuation of the service from New-York, via Panama, to San Francisco: *Provided*, That the cost of said service shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per annum. And it is hereby made the duty of the Postmaster-General, after the passage of this resolution, to advertise for bids for performance of the service herein provided for, for at least thirty days, in at least one newspaper published at San Francisco, and one paper published at Portland, Oregon, and to contract therefor with the lowest responsible bidder."

In compliance with this resolution

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 P. M. of June 3, 1867, (to be decided by the 5th,) for conveying the mails of the United States from July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1870, on route—

No. 14,835, from San Francisco, Cal., to Portland, Oregon, and back, three times a month, in suitable and safe steamships, departing from San Francisco each trip as soon as practicable after the arrival of the steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company from Panama, and returning so as to connect closely with the departures of those ships for Panama: the trips to and from Portland to be made within five days each way.

The accepted bidder will be required to enter into bond and contract, as required by law, for the faithful performance of the service, and will also be required, with all employed in the "care and custody" of the mail, to take the oath prescribed by act of Congress of July 2, 1862, and March 3, 1863, commonly called the "test oath."

Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, and their sufficiency certified to by a Postmaster or a Judge of a Court of Record; and no bid can be considered which proposes a compensation greater than that named in the law.

FORM OF PROPOSAL.

The undersigned, of ——, State of ——, proposes to carry the mails of the United States, from July 1, 1867, to June 30, 1870, on route No. 14835, between San Francisco, Cal., and Portland, Oregon, under the advertisement of the Postmaster-General dated Feb. 25, 1867, in suitable and safe steamships, for the annual sum of —— dollars.

GUARANTEE.

The undersigned, residing at ——, State of ——, undertake that, if the foregoing bid for carrying the mail on route No. 14835 be accepted by the Postmaster-General, the bidder shall enter into the required obligation or contract to perform the service proposed with good and sufficient sureties.

——
——

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, Postmaster at ——, State of ——, certifies under his oath of office that he is acquainted with the above guarantors, and knows them to be men of property and able to make good their guarantee.

Bids should be sealed, addressed "Second Assistant P. M. General," and superscribed "Proposals for route No. 14,835, Cal.," and sent by mail.

ALEX. W. RANDALL,
Postmaster-General.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of bidder and date of offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of FRIDAY, April 12, 1867, for the construction of the following pavements and sewers, to wit: Stone block pavements in Hudson-street, from Canal-street to Ninth-avenue; Twelfth-street, from Fourth to Fifth avenues; Fiftieth-street, from Third to Fourth avenues; Seventy-third-street, from Third to Fifth avenues; Park-avenue, from Thirty-eighth to Forty-third streets; Eighty-fourth-street, from Third to Fourth avenues; Fourteenth-street, from University-place to Ninth-avenue; Thirty-eighth-street, from Lexington to Fourth avenues, and Church-street, from Chambers to Canal streets. Also, crosswalks across West-street at Christopher-street, and sewers in (Spec. 9) Sixtieth, Sixty-first and Sixty-second streets, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; (Spec. 10,) Seventy-seventh-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues; (Spec. 11,) Second-avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-fifth streets; (Spec. 12,) Fifty-third-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; (Spec. 13,) Eighty-fifth, Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh streets, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; (Spec. 14,) Houston-street, between Thompson and Laurens streets; Commerce-street, between Barrow and Bedford streets; Cornelia-street, between Bleecker and Fourth streets; Leroy-street, between St. Luke's-place and Bedford-street; Hudson and Greenwich streets, between West Tenth-street and Hammond-street, and Bleecker-street, between Hammond and Bank streets; (Spec. 15) Cherry-street, between Montgomery and Jefferson streets, and Clinton, between Cherry and Madison streets; (Spec. 16) between Eighty-ninth and Ninety-fifth streets and Second and Fourth avenues; (Spec. 17) Seventy-fifth and Seventy-sixth streets, between Third and Fourth avenues, and in Fourth-avenue; (Spec. 18) Fifty-seventh-street, between East River and Third-avenue, and in Avenue A and Fifty-eighth-street; and (Spec. 19) between One Hundred and Fifteenth and One Hundred and Twenty-first streets, and between Avenue A and Fourth-avenue.

The plans for above works can be seen, and specifications for forms and bids obtained, on application at this office.—Office Croton Aqueduct Department, March 29, 1867.

THOMAS STEPHENS, ROBERT L. DARRAGH, A. W. CRAVEN, } Croton Aqueduct Board.

UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION.—LEAGUE ISLAND, March 22, 1867.—By order of the Navy Department, from the Bureau of Construction and Repairs, sealed proposals for the removing or wrecking and recovering the property in the United States steamer *New Ironsides*, will be received at this office until 1 P. M. of the 18th of April, 1867, when they will be opened. The proposition for wrecking must state the proportion of the proceeds of the sales which is to be paid to the salvors, also the time within which the work is to be completed, with the understanding, that in lieu of bonds and other security for the fulfillment of the agreement, the property recovered is to be placed in the hands of the Government, to be sold from time to time, as may be deemed advantageous, the proceeds remaining in the hands of the Government until the whole of the wreck is removed, and the work completed to its satisfaction. In case of failing to prosecute the work with satisfactory diligence, or to complete it in due time, the Department reserves the right to annul the agreement and the property recovered will be forfeited to the Government.

For the purchase, as she lies, the proposition must state the time within which the wreck will be entirely removed. The money to be paid at once, and failing to have her removed in time, the vessel will be forfeited to the Government; the right will be reserved to reject all of the offers; and no agreement for wrecking will be awarded until the apparatus of the bidder has been examined and reported as sufficient for the purpose. Information can be obtained at this office, of the amount of weight of iron-plating, machinery, boilers, and other articles in this ship.

Respectfully, &c.,
O. S. GLISSON,
Commandant Naval Station.

SEALED PROPOSALS
will be received by the Committee on Colored Schools, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of April, 1867, at 12 o'clock, noon, for altering and repairing Colored Grammar School-house No. 2, at Nos. 51 and 53 Laurens-st. Plans and specifications for said work can be seen, at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st.

Two respectable and approved sureties will be required from the successful bidder, and no proposal will be considered in which no sureties are named. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interest to do so.
RICHARD WARREN,
S. P. PATTERSON,
B. B. MERRILL,
J. M. POST,
H. P. ALLEN,
Committee on Colored Schools.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—THE NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY will remove to their new office, No. 227 Broadway, corner of Barclay-st., on May 1. The office now occupied by them, No. 61 William-st., is to rent.

MME. DEMOREST'S MAMMOTH BULLETIN OF FASHIONS for the Spring and Summer of 1867, on fine heavy plate paper, and over 70 figures; the largest and handsomest Plate of Fashions ever published, over one yard long and ¾ yard wide, and accompanied with a pamphlet containing full descriptions, instructions in dress-making, dress-cutting, and other valuable information. Price $1 50, plain; elegantly colored, $2; or, with over $2 worth of full-sized patterns of the prominent figures on the plate, 50 cents extra, both mailed free on receipt of price. Address
Mme. DEMOREST, No. 473 Broadway, New-York.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, ITALIAN OPERA. THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE, with the following cast: Miss Clara Louise Kellogg, Mlle. Antonietta Ronconi, Mme. Natali Testa, Signors Baragli, Giorgio Ronconi, Hellini, Marra, Bacelli, Mlle. Kruger, Mlle. Teresa and others.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock, The Richings grand English Opera, THE CROWN OF DIAMONDS.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, SIMPSON & CO., and THE POOR GENTLEMAN. Characters by Messrs. John Gilbert, Frederic Robinson, T. Graham, E. Cashim, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. Clara Jennings, and Miss Barrett.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, JEANIE DEANS. Characters by Messrs. Lewis Baker, G. Metkiff, Mark Smith, H. Bland, Wm. Gomersal; Miss Rose Eytinge, Mrs. Wm. Gomersal, Mrs. H. Bland, Mrs. Marie Wilkins, Mrs. Yeamans.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, an original and grand spectacular Drama, entitled THE BLACK CROOK.

WOOD'S THEATRE.
No. 514 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, EAST LYNNE. Characters by Mr. and Mrs. Bates, supported by an entire company of Broadway favorites.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, FANCHON THE CRICKET. Leading character by Miss Maggie Mitchell, supported by J. W. Collier.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7 o'clock, LITTLE BOY BLUE and HUSH-A-BY-BABY; or, PATTY AND HER PITCHER.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2, and EVENING at 7½, STREETS OF NEW-YORK. A LARGE COLLECTION OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS. GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION. Dwarf, Fat Boy, 200,000 Curiosities.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, THE RUNNELS FAMILY, EL NINO EDDIE, THE CHILD WONDER, ACTING DOGS, ACROBATIC FEATS AND GROUPINGS.

NEW FIFTH-AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.
Adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, George Christy every night, Otto Burbank, J. T. Boyer and E. Hughes. THE BLACK CROOK.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS,
No. 720 Broadway.
THIS EVENING. CINDER-LEON, DEMON DANCE, SONGS, DANCES, BURLESQUES, and NORMA.

DODWORTH HALL,
Broadway, opposite 11th-street.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, M. HARTZ, THE ILLUSIONIST. MIRACULOUS ILLUSIONS; THE BASKET TRICK.

UNION HALL,
Broadway and 23d-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 3 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, BUNYAN TABLEAUX, largest panorama in the world, illustrating Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,
No. 845 Broadway.
THIS DAY, Constant Mayer's Painting, THE CONVALESCENT.

Terms of the New-York Times.

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The DAILY TIMES (Sunday Edition included)	$12
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, one year	$3
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, two copies, one year	$5
The WEEKLY TIMES, one year	$2
Five copies	$8
Ten copies	$15

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
TIMES Office, New-York.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

We have dispatches to April 2 by Ocean Telegraph. The British Colonial Secretary stated on Monday night, in the House of Lords, that the proposed sale of Russian America to the United States was a matter of indifference to England.

Small encounters between Fenians and the troops are reported as occurring near Dublin and Cork.

The Paris Exposition was opened on the 1st inst. by the Emperor.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, REVERDY JOHNSON defended Mr. THOMAS, Senator elect from Maryland, from the charges brought against him in the report of the Bank of Commerce of New-York. That report charges that in 1862, when Mr. THOMAS was Secretary of the Treasury, he removed a large amount of money from the banks in New-York and failed to provide means for the payment of the interest on the public debt. A long letter from Mr. THOMAS was read defending himself against these charges. The letter was referred to the Judiciary Committee. The Senate then went into Executive session.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday, the following bills were passed: Amending the charter of the Village of Perry; authorizing the town of Queensburg to take railroad stock; amending the charter of the Cayuga and Seneca Railroad and Bridge Company; incorporating the Wilson Harbor Company; amending the charter of the Franklin Savings Bank of New-York: increasing the salaries of the members of the Capitol Police force; amending the Revised Statutes relative to new trials granted; relative to the appointment of the Commissioners of Excise of Herkimer County; appropriating $100,000 to continue the Soldiers' Home at Albany, and the agencies in New-York and Washington; to prevent obstructions upon the piers and wharves in New-York; incorporating the Sigma Psi Society; for the better regulation of pawnbrokers and junk shop keepers in the Niagara Police District. In the Assembly, the Speaker presented the annual report of the Superintendent of the Insurance Department. The bill confirming the action of the Common Council of Syracuse, in closing an alley in said city, was passed. Also the bill providing for the draining of the lands in the town of Barre, Orleans County.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of yesterday, publishes an account of the hanging, by a mob at Brownstown, Ind., of two men, named TALLY and BROOKS. They were in jail, charged with the murder and robbery of an old lady several months ago, but a report having got abroad that they were not to be tried, a crowd of from two to three hundred men surrounded the jail, took out the prisoners, and hung them to a tree. BROOKS made a partial confession implicating TALLY and a man named EASTON, who is still in jail. TALLY protested his innocence, and died in a cool, collected manner, selected the tree on which he preferred to be hanged. The mob threatened to hang EASTON if he is not speedily tried.

The navigation of the Hudson River between, Albany and Troy, is seriously impeded by a new sand-bar which was formed during the Winter. An ice dam existed at this point during all the late part of the Winter, and the sand brought by the under current lodged against the ice and gathered on the bottom. When the freshet came, it was just strong enough to carry out the ice, leaving the sand to remain, a most formidable obstruction to river traffic. Serious difficulty is also encountered at the bars just below Albany, they having been considerably extended during the Winter. Dredge-boats have been secured to open the passage.

On Saturday, while a steam fire-engine returning from a fire was crossing one of the Erie Canal bridges in Rochester, the flooring gave way, and engine, horses, and three men were precipitated into the canal. The men were all more or less injured, one horse was killed, and the steamer badly damaged.

The brig *Proteus*, which arrived at this port yesterday, reports that while lying to in a heavy gale in the Gulf Stream on the 22d ult. a small boat with a man in it was discovered. An attempt was made to rescue the man, but as a lifeboat was nearly within his reach, the small boat which he was in was upset by the waves and the man was lost. Two dead bodies were washed out of the boat when she was upset. On the same day the *Proteus* passed a lot of floating cotton, and the supposition is that some cotton-laden vessel has been wrecked and that the man in the boat was the sole survivor.

The breaking of the levees on the Mississippi, in Louisiana, is producing great devastation in the river counties of that State and great suffering among the poor whites and freedmen. One break alone has overflowed seven parishes, and others almost as damaging in their effects have occurred. Thousands of acres of fertile land are thus rendered useless for this season, and the laborers who were to have cultivated it are deprived of the means of earning their subsistence.

The Jackson *Mississippian* learns that Judge SHARKEY telegraphed to Gov. HUMPHREYS for permission to file a bill, in the name of the State of Mississippi, to enjoin all proceedings to subject the people of that State to military rule, under the recent act of Congress, and that the Governor immediately replied, giving the desired authority. Since then the Governor has received a telegram from Judge SHARKEY upon the subject, stating that the "prospects are good."

Two negroes named MACKEY, and another known as VAN, were hung by a mob in Bourbon County, Kansas, last week. They had been confined in jail charged with the murder of Mr. HAFFORD last Fall, but one of the MACKEYS escaped. Some officers attempted to rearrest him, when he shot and mortally wounded one of them. A posse of citizens subsequently effected the arrest, and immediately hung the prisoner to a tree. The mob then took the other two from the jail and hung them.

On Monday evening, JOHN WELCH, confined in jail at Hudson, N. Y., charged with murdering his wife, and JOHN HAGADORN, confined for a minor offence, escaped from jail in a mysterious manner. At 7 o'clock they were both safe in their cells, but an hour later no trace of them could be found. It is supposed that they had been supplied with skeleton keys. A reward of $200 is offered for the return of WELCH and $50 for HAGADORN.

The mule-spinners at the Lawrence Mills are on a strike for the ten hours a day system. Some of the carders have joined the movement. On Monday about 150 men and 50 women formed a procession, and with drums and flags, paraded the streets. The mill agents are determined not to yield to them.

Gen. SEAFIELD, commanding the military district of Virginia, has issued an order suspending all elections until the registration of voters, in accordance with the Military Reconstruction Bill, shall be completed. Meantime vacancies occurring in civil offices will be filled by his appointees.

The oldest child of Mr. NATHAN LAZARUS, whose family were poisoned at Hartford, Conn., last week, died on Monday morning. The poison was administered the week before last. The other children of the family are gradually improving, though still very low.

D. H. CASE and JAMES WIGGINS, who escaped from the Michigan Penitentiary in February, were rearrested last week at Memphis, and returned to their old quarters. They are charged with having committed forgeries amounting to $100,000.

The brig *Charles Albert*, from Cienfuegos, has arrived with the Captain and the men from the Swedish bark *Diana*, from New-York for Cork, with grain, which was abandoned at sea on the 25th of March. The bark sunk five minutes after the rescue.

JOHN D. PERRY and ADOLPHUS WEIR, of St. Louis, have been reëlected President and Vice-President of the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division. The Board of Directors is about the same as for last year.

In Cincinnati, on Monday, CHARLES F. WILSTACH, Union candidate for Mayor, was elected by 4,400 majority. The average majority for the Union ticket was about 5,000, showing a Union gain of about 1,500 over the election last Fall.

JOHN A. HALDEMAN, Anti-Radical, was elected Mayor of Leavenworth, on Monday. Hon. SAM. KEMBLE was elected Mayor of Lawrence, Kansas. Politics did not enter into the contest.

At the municipal election in Cleveland, on Monday, the Democratic candidate for Mayor was elected by 300 majority. The remainder of the Union ticket was elected.

The Cotton destroyed by fire in Boston, on Monday night, was valued at $60,000, and the total loss by the fire was $80,000.

GREEN'S Bath Hotel, at Long Branch, was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon.

LOCAL NEWS.

The contested will case of JACOB ABRAHAMS is set down for a hearing before Surrogate TUCKER today. The testator, ABRAHAMS, died recently, leaving a large property and eight or nine children. In his will he bequeathed $5,000 to the Jews Hospital, $2,000 to his daughter SARAH, $5 to his son SIMEON, $500 to his son BENJAMIN, and the balance of his large estate to be equally divided among his other children. The reason assigned in the will for not giving SIMEON any more than $5 is that he had been an unnatural son, had produced much discord in the family, and was the means of separating his father and mother. This son now contests the validity of the will on the ground of undue influence, &c. The will is dated in February, 1854, and to it are attached several codicils, the last one being dated in July last. The reason for not having bequeathed SARAH more than $2,000, is that she is well enough off already, and has no children. The case is exciting much interest among the relatives and acquaintances of the deceased.

The case of KENNEDY, Comptroller of the Currency, *vs.* STEWART & HUYCK, was argued yesterday in the Supreme Court on the motion to discharge from arrest, or to reduce the amount of bail, which was fixed at $200,000 for each defendant. The Court, after argument, discharged Mr. STEWART, with leave to the Government to move his rearrest on other affidavits. Mr. HUYCK is to be retained in custody, and is now in Ludlow-street Jail, although it was openly avowed in Court yesterday that bail had been proffered him, which he had refused, choosing rather to remain in prison.

Decrees of divorce were granted by the Supreme Court yesterday, Justice BARNARD presiding, in the actions entitled, CHRISTIAN SUPP *vs.* LOUISA SUPP, and AUGUSTINA LEFERER *vs.* AUGUST LEFERER. In the latter case the custody of the child is awarded to the plaintiff. A decree of divorce has just been granted also, in the same Court, in the case of MARY ANN MINSHULL *vs.* CHARLES MINSHULL on the ground of adultery. The defendant is said to be now living in England with his second wife.

A public meeting of the New-York City Sunday School and Missionary Society, was held last evening in the Trinity Methodist Church, Thirty-fourth-street, near Eighth-avenue, W. W. CORNELL, Esq., presiding. Addresses full of interest were delivered by Rev. J. S. INSKIP and Rev. H. B. RIDGEWAY.

Capt. WM. PYE, of the British schooner *Ottawa*, S. A., was committed to the Tombs yesterday, by Coroner GOVER, to await the result of pistol-shot wounds inflicted by him on the body of PHILIP TINGLEY, his first mate, while at sea, on the 19th ult. The shooting appears to have been wholly without provocation.

On Monday the dead body of a female infant was found in Orchard-street with its throat cut. Another dead female infant was discovered in Twenty-sixth-street, near Madison-avenue, the deceased having been strangled. No clue to the perpetrators of these murders has been obtained.

An extensive calendar was disposed of in the Court of General Sessions yesterday. Four prisoners were convicted and sentenced; eight were convicted and remanded for sentence, and six were discharged for want of evidence to hold them.

A fire occurred at No. 10 Water-street, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, resulting in damage to stock belonging to various parties, and to the building, amounting to about $15,000, mostly insured.

The heirs of ANNEKE JANS' estate held another meeting in Brooklyn yesterday relative to their claims upon the Trinity Church property. They resolved to bring suit for their rights in the United States Courts.

Notice is given by the General Term of the Supreme Court, that all applications for admissions to the Bar at this term must be filed with the Clerk of that branch on or before Monday, the 8th inst.

In the Court of Special Sessions yesterday, Justices KELLY and DOWLING disposed of a calendar of forty-eight cases, comprising the usual variety of minor offences.

An active inquiry prevailed for Corn and Oats yesterday, the former closing at an advance of 1c. ℔ bushel. Most other kinds of domestic produce were quiet, including Pork and Cotton, which were heavy and lower. Foreign merchandise was inactive. The freight engagements were more extensive.

MARY MCEVOY, a girl 17 years of age, while at work in a paint factory in Brooklyn, yesterday, was drawn into the machinery and instantly killed. Her body was terribly mangled.

The Reconstruction Act—Scheme to Test its Constitutionality.

The Southern opponents of the Military Reconstruction Law are represented as actively engaged in an effort to defeat its operation through the intervention of the Supreme Court. It is said that an application is to be made for an injunction restraining the President and military commanders from enforcing the act, on the ground that it is unconstitutional and therefore void. Should legal difficulties prevent the adoption of this course, the parties to the proceeding will await a case which is being made up in Virginia, and which will be brought in regular form through the District Court of that State. In one form or another—according to a statement in the *World*—the matter is to be subjected to the scrutiny of the Supreme Court; seven of the ten unrecognized Southern Executives having given their consent to the proceeding, which unreconstructed Southerners have individually originated.

In whatever shape the appeal may be presented, and whatever be its immediate result—whether, as is probable, the Supreme Court refuses to interfere with the law because it is strictly political in its nature, or whether, as is hoped by rebel politicians, it renders a decision favorable to their views—we regard the movement as impolitic, and fraught with mischief to the now excluded States. Mr. REVERDY JOHNSON, than whom in legal questions there are few higher authorities, has expressed the opinion that the Court has no original jurisdiction in the case. An early decision, or a decision in advance of the complete operation of the law, is, therefore, to say the least, extremely unlikely. For the State Executives which encourage the movement can derive no benefit from even a favorable decision, if it be not delivered until after they have been swept away, and the work they would obstruct shall have been virtually consummated. A decision after the States have been reconstructed, affirming the unconstitutionality of the process of reconstruction, would practically be of no more avail than a judicial affirmation of the unconstitutionality of any measure employed in the prosecution of the war.

This is the aspect of the question which more immediately concerns the South. Its pride may be gratified by a legal assault upon the policy of Congress, but only incorrigible fools can suppose that policy will be materially hindered, or on any pending question reversed, by an appeal to the Courts. The refusal of Judge MARTIN, of the Superior Court of Baltimore, to grant the injunction, prayed for by the Maryland Radicals, to prevent the meeting of the State Convention, proceeds on the hypothesis that the Convention is a political body of which the State Legislature had proper and exclusive cognizance. By a parity of reasoning, and with the precedent of the decision in the "Dorr rebellion" case to sustain it, the Supreme Court may not unreasonably be expected to disclaim jurisdiction in the premises. At any rate, the fact is incontestable, that Congress has absolute mastery over the subject. By no appeal to the Courts, by no quibble of lawyers, by no combination or effrontery of Southern politicians, can this fact be overcome. A denial of it theoretically will not affect it practically. And the supremacy of Congress will continue, despite petitions for injunctions or averments of unconstitutionality. Its power to carry out its will is already assured. Neither the President nor the lawyers can compel its admission of Southern representatives, its acknowledgement of State Governments which it has decreed provisional, or its abatement of one iota of the conditions which it has imposed upon the South.

Of what utility, then, will be the movement of which we hear from Washington, or of any movement looking to judicial intervention as a means of obtaining more favorable terms? Absolutely not a particle. An opposite result, however, is not at all improbable. Congress may meet again for business in three short months, if a quorum of its members deem a reassembling expedient. Nothing will be better calculated to bring about the step than anything like an organized attempt to check the working of the Reconstruction Act. And very little reflection is required to perceive how readily Congress may tighten its grip and multiply its demands. It may say, for instance, with a certain show of reason, that the State Executives, having been tolerated merely, not acknowledged, have forfeited their title to toleration by this attempt to frustrate the purpose of the law. It may revise the instructions to the Commanding Generals, and for a wide latitude of discretion substitute mandatory provisions, depriving the present civil authority of its "provisional" existence. It may decide that the orders issued by the military commanders, and which are confessedly of the most moderate and conciliatory character, are too moderate and conciliatory for the occasion. We speak only of possibilities. But they are possibilities which Congress may change into actualities before the end of July, if any contingency shall seem to imperil the efficacy of its plan.

We do not believe that the movement reported by the *World* has the approval of any considerable body of the Southern people. Every day furnishes new evidence that they accept the situation as it is, and are anxious to secure the restoration of national unity and peace by a faithful compliance with the will of the law-making power. With few exceptions, the leading soldiers of the rebellion counsel compliance with the terms of the law, and their advice is sustained by prominent civilians, whose number is continually growing larger. So far as it is possible for us at this distance to judge, active opposition to the law is confined to rebel politicians, bankrupt in character and influence, who prefer to take the chances of a strife that does not endanger their precious necks, rather than promote a state of things in which they will be so many nobodies. Unfortunately, the innocent may suffer penalties which only the guilty deserve. The people may be misjudged because of resistance to the law by rebel malcontents. An appeal to the Supreme Court may be interpreted as the act of the South, not of a mere fraction of its citizens, and may entail hardships and difficulties from which we would gladly see the South escape.

Nor can we ignore the tendency of legal action against the law to excite false acticipations of relief, and thus to check the disposition to fulfil the law which appears now to predominate. Of course, if the Southern people comply with the law, peacefully and even heartily, it will be because they have arrived at the conviction that better terms are not attainable. It is not that they love the Reconstruction Law, but that they prefer reconstruction with the law to more stringent rule without reconstruction. They may be tempted, therefore, by a hope of judicial intervention, to abate their present commendable efforts, and to place their trust in an empty expectation of help. These circumstances, if they occur, will indeed be deplorable. They will intensify the bitterness of a work already much too bitter, and will entail naught but suffering and sorrow on the people of the South. They have at this moment no worse enemy than the man who advises them to fight Congress through the Supreme Court.

The Constitutional Convention.

State Conventions of both parties meet next week to nominate *sixteen* delegates each to the State Constitutional Convention. There can be very little contest, however, at the polls, over the election of these delegates, inasmuch as both sets are sure to be elected. The law provides that the *thirty-two* candidates having the highest number of votes shall be chosen; and as no man can vote for more than sixteen, the candidates of both parties are sure to succeed.

This fact leaves each party free to nominate its best men. The object of having these delegates at large, composed equally of men of each party, is to secure the presence in the Convention of men who are not mere partisans—men of ability and of mark, who can rise above the dictates of party policy, and discuss the questions involved on broader grounds and from a higher point of view.

We trust both Conventions will bear this in mind and make their selections accordingly. Men of capacity and experience in public affairs,—men who look to the public welfare and not to private gain in their public action,—men who can act for the future as well as for the present are the men required for this service. Each party has many such men in its ranks, some of them still active participants in the political struggles of the day, and others retired from party contests altogether. Their aid and counsel cannot fail to be of service now.

Each Senate District is to send *four* delegates to the Convention,—to be elected by the votes of a majority in the District. This provision will give full swing to the partisanship of the State. Each party will naturally strive for the ascendancy, and each will seek, therefore, to put in nomination its strongest and most popular men. As the sole work of the Convention is to form a *State* Constitution, national politics will naturally hold a secondary position so far as its actual labors are concerned. But they will play an important part in the canvass nevertheless. Each party, as a matter of moral effect on future party action, will put forth its utmost efforts for possession of the State.

Instead of amending the present State Constitution, we presume the Convention will make a new one. It will have to deal with the fundamental principles of the Government. The question of suffrage, of an elective judiciary, and of municipal government, will demand action. We have little doubt that colored suffrage will be made universal, and the restrictions now resting on it swept away. A strong effort will be made to abolish the system of electing Judges, at least in the large cities of the State. And there will be a strong demand for *some* action which shall secure to large cities governments better adapted to their wants and necessities than they have, or can get, under existing circumstances.

All these matters will be discussed, by the Press and the people, before the Convention and during its sessions. The main point now is to secure the election of delegates competent to form sound opinions upon them, and whose action will be based on the public good.

The Connecticut Election.

The Republican Party has failed to carry Connecticut. We cannot say we are surprised at the result; we are rather surprised that, under all the circumstances, they came so near carrying it as they did. The State is always close, and a change of less than 500 votes in an aggregate of 85,000 will account for the present result.

The leading Republican journal in New-Haven attributes its defeat to the fact that the party has been "timorous, time-serving and conservative." This is rather a startling declaration. In what, we should like to know, has the party been either of these? It has indorsed, out and out, the action of Congress, the policy of SUMNER,—the declarations and proclamations of the most extreme men of the party, for the last year. It has branded everything in the party, or in any of its measures, that looked toward moderation, as sympathy with the rebel cause. It denounced Senator FOSTER and defeated his reëlection because he was suspected of being less malignant toward the South, and less extreme in his policy, than the ultras of the party required. Gov. HAWLEY, contrary to the expectations of many who gave him their support a year ago, threw the whole weight of his position against Mr. FOSTER, and in all his political action gave the Radicals no ground whatever for complaint. Every member of the delegation in Congress was thoroughly and unreservedly radical, and never failed to throw his vote and his influence into that scale.

The *Palladium* will scarcely find in the facts of the case any support for its explanation of the loss of the State. It seems much more likely to be due to the very opposite cause,—to the intolerance of the party toward every one who failed to respond to its most ultra and extravagant demands. In Massachusetts the party is strong enough, perhaps, to eject every man who fails to come up to "high-water mark;" but it is not so in Connecticut. There, as in every closely-contested State, some toleration must be shown toward differences of opinion,—especially upon points of minor importance and questionable orthodoxy.

The *Tribune* is quite right in thinking, now the election is over, that the defeat the Republicans have sustained, can do the country no great harm. It will probably make the Democratic party in other States more exacting and less liberal than ever, and may possibly check the strong tendency of public sentiment in the South towards acquiescence in the action of Congress and a return to the Union on that basis. But it will also do good in checking the overbearing confidence of Republican leaders, and in teaching them the necessity of consulting something besides their own passions and selfish designs, in the broader contest which is coming on.

We regret the defeat of Mr. DEMING in the Hartford District, and of Prof. NORTHROP in the New-Haven District. Both are men of culture, ability, personal dignity and integrity; and would add largely to qualities and capabilities of which there is never a surplus in Congress. The delegation in Congress from Connecticut is entirely changed. Not one of its old members goes back. Two failed to be renominated, one declined and one was defeated.

Strikes in Prospect—Another Folly Contemplated.

Public attention is again called to movements of combined associations of workingmen, and once more we are apprised that there are to be combination strikes, and the demand of increased wages at the peril of the suspension and possible destruction of many branches of business, with the inevitable recoil of the movement upon those who can least afford to bear the evils that must of necessity follow. It is, perhaps, impossible to convince the leaders of these movements of the impolicy, to say the least, of their course. They have done the thing over and over again; they have always experienced bad and never good results, yet they persist in once more attempting the impossible. It is high time, in this enlightened age and free country, that men should realize the broad and incontrovertible fact that labor is a merchantable commodity, quite as much so as flour or money; that it is worth a current market price, and that if such price does not fluctuate as readily as stocks in Wall-street, it is not because of the rights or wrongs of laboring men, but because weekly and daily changes in labor are not so easily made as in funds.

To assume, as too many of the disciples of English chartism do, that capital is the enemy of labor is sheer nonsense. Each is mutually dependent upon and *perforce* the friend and ally of the other. The only advantage on the side of capital is that it may befriend or injure, while labor is impotent to do either to any great extent. Suppose capital were to meet the threatened strike by withdrawing from business, shutting up shops and factories, and waiting until the workingmen were compelled from sheer starvation to accept much lower wages than they are now getting? Such a course would be denounced as cruel, perhaps; but on what compulsion *must* capitalists employ laborers? If the proprietors of the Novelty Works choose to suspend business and discharge five hundred men, what have these men more than simple remonstrance to offer in opposition?

Firmly believing that labor and capital, employer and employes, are and ever should be friends and allies, we deprecate any movement that tends to disturb that unity of interest, and most especially the sheer madness of strikes. If any individual is underpaid let him go directly to his employer and see what can be done by a fair and temperate discussion. We are sure that in most cases he would either gain his point or be convinced that the employer really could not afford an advance. But to shrink away from capitalists, as if ashamed or afraid to discuss anything, to meet in trade societies and send forth a peremptory demand for increased pay under the threat of ruining an entire business if employers hesitate to yield, is an outrage of the most aggravating kind, and capitalists must be more than human if they do not resent it. What was the result of the ship-carpenters' strike? The suspension of work in many places, and the turning of all repairing of vessels over to Boston and other Eastern ports. The workingmen lost more by this one folly than ever was gained by all the strikes on record. How did the car-drivers fare in their attempt at coercion? They failed, and hundreds of them were compelled to seek work in other places and other business. They did all they could to injure the capital that had fed them, until capital turned in self-defence and shook them off. Not one of the leading strikers can ever again get employment from a City Railroad Company.

With the opening of Spring comes another striking mania. A number of the trade societies have resolved to insist upon more pay; journeymen carpenters demand four dollars per day, an increase of nearly fifteen per cent., and they were to strike on Monday in all cases where the rise was not granted. It is possible that some employers will advance rather than suspend work on hand; but those who do so would have conceded with equal alacrity and far better feeling upon a simple request.

All these combinations to force prices injure the working classes; they degrade themselves thereby, holding out the idea that they have no moral or legal rights, and therefore turn footpads and take by violence what by that very act they acknowledge they cannot rightfully claim. The rates of compensation for labor are already very high; daily and weekly wages are quite as high as when gold was 250, and any attempt to force a rise will most certainly produce the opposite result. The high rate of pay for carpenters, masons and bricklayers has kept back the business of house-building, and in fact quite suspended it. There might have been thousands of additional small and large tenements within ten miles of the City Hall if labor had been even twenty per cent. lower for the past five years. The vacant ground is there, and capital stands ready and anxious to build the moment it can see a fair probability of ordinary returns. How much do the carpenters expect to increase the amount of house-building by adding fifteen per cent. to the cost thereof? We hope all trades will carefully consider these matters, and that they will, for the sake of the workingmen, avoid the ruinous folly of coercion and strikes.

A Southern College.

The College of William and Mary, in Virginia, sustained greater injuries, it is asserted, through the rebellion than any other in the South. Most of its buildings were destroyed by United States soldiers. This institution—the oldest, or next to the oldest in America—has educated its full share of national men. We find on its rolls the names of Thomas Jefferson, James Monroe, John Marshall, Winfield Scott, Peyton, Edmund and John Randolph, L. W. Tazewell, John J. Crittenden and others well known. GEORGE WASHINGTON was commissioned surveyor by it, and was its Chancellor the last eleven years of his life.

For the first time since the war closed it asks for aid to rebuild. The President of the College, BENJ. S. EWELL, is now in the City for this purpose. He states that the College is, even in its crippled condition, doing a good work by affording education, gratuitously when necessary; that there is great poverty in the neighboring region, and that nothing would so tend to check the threatened destitution as repairing this accident of war by the diffusion among all classes, freedmen included, of the money required to rebuild, and by the encouragement of a spirit of harmony and confidence. Such an "outward and visible sign" of civil war as the views of this College now present ought not to remain, especially when there is so fair a promise of civil reconstruction.

MINOR TOPICS.

In passing the joint resolution prohibiting our representatives abroad from wearing a court dress or uniform until it had received the sanction of the Home Government, Congress neglected to consider the feelings of those ministers who have already invested largely in what the *Tribune*, meaning to be funny, styles the "dress of a glorified circus-rider." In point of fact, nearly every one of our foreign representatives has had to come to it, and it doesn't appear to disagree materially with any of them. Even Gov. WRIGHT, our worthy Minister at Berlin, who glories in having been a bricklayer in his youth, and whose notions of dress verge on the very extreme of Republican simplicity, felt compelled to don a very handsome suit of "court livery;" and though he professed to be very uncomfortable in his embroidered coat, cocked hat and dangling small-sword, yet he confessed that it was decidedly pleasanter to be admitted in this attire, than to be turned away from the palace door by a liveried flunkey, or to be mistaken for a servant. All the talk in Congress about "Republican simplicity" was sheer buncombe. Americans abroad are noted for the eagerness with which they crowd to royal receptions; and to obtain admission they never hesitate to array their Republican limbs in the most ultra styles of "rainbow toggery" prescribed by the Lord Chamberlain.

An interesting case of church litigation was argued yesterday in the Court of Appeals. One of the ministers of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, in behalf of himself and other clergymen and members of that denomination, seeks to participate in the income of the three churches which are known as the Collegiate Reformed Dutch Churches of this City. This income arises from certain gifts of land, made nearly two centuries since to the "Nether Dutch Reformed Congregation of the City of New-York," and now amounts to about $150,000 yearly. The three churches in question have enjoyed undisturbed possession of the property for more than a hundred years, and they now insist that the "Nether Dutch Reformed Congregation" included none but those who were in actual communion with them as a church at the time the devise of land was made. It is contended on the other side that the whole net annual income of the property should be apportioned to the support of all ministers in the City who are ordained according to the "Church orders of the Netherlands," in the congregations of which the Nether Church was the common predecessor. The case as presented before the Court embraces the complete history of the Dutch Church of New-York.

Gen. ROUSSEAU, of Kentucky, who has been nominated by the President for the Brigadier-Generalship made vacant by the resignation of Gen. ROSECRANS, has earned that promotion by eminent and distinguished service to the Union. He was almost the only member of the Kentucky State Senate who declared himself, at the very outset of the secession movement, opposed to it and ready to take up arms for the Union cause, and by his personal efforts prevented this question being acted upon in secret session of the Legislature. His services in the war were zealous, effective and brilliant. He showed the greatest gallantry and skill in every one of the many battles in which he was engaged, and won uniformly, from his Commanding Generals, the highest applause for his conduct. He was a member of the last Congress, and acted with the more conservative members of the Union Party. Being assailed and vilified in the most outrageous manner by Mr. GRINNELL, of Iowa, he allowed his temper to get so much the better of him as to strike his assailant with a light rattan, for which he was censured by the House; he resigned and was at once reëlected. We are glad to learn from the *Tribune* that "Radical Senators" do not find in this incident good ground for rejecting his nomination.

The failure of the Russo-American overland telegraph will revive the interest in other telegraphic lines between Europe and America, which will make us less dependent upon England than we now are. There has been a project frequently spoken of for a cable between this City and Brest, in France, and we believe that several of our heavy capitalists have declared their readiness to embark capital in it. If we are not mistaken, the French Government, some years ago, in order to secure a Franco-American line as the first line between the two continents, guaranteed to an American company in Paris the interest on the money invested; that is to say, the French Government offered this Franco-American telegraph company the concession required for the establishment of a Transatlantic cable, and secured an interest of three per cent. upon the capital invested—success or no success. Though this was certainly a very handsome offer, it was rejected by the American company, for reasons unknown to us at this time. It is not merely because of the high tariff on the present English line—it is not that it is overcrowded with work that we desire another cable; it is mainly because at any time there may arise international necessities that demand it.

The ingenious gentlemen of our Common Council, who have been trying to rescind the action by which a site for the Post-office was sold to the General Government, are probably too late. The whole transaction was complete before they started their little game, and nothing remained but an inquiry into the title. We see that this has now been completed, and the Attorney-General of the United States has reported that it is perfect. The Common Council cannot back out from a contract of its own making, and which is complete. We may confidently count, therefore, on having the Post-office on that spot. Now let the City authorities go to work and adapt the neighboring public property to the new state of things. A broad street, leading from the Park to the East River, is absolutely necessary, and steps should be taken to widen Ann, Beekman or Spruce streets immediately. Then the remainder of the Park, between the City Hall and the new Post-office, should be cleared of its trees, fences, and other obstructions, covered with flag-stones, and thrown open to public use. It has ceased to be of the slightest use for recreation, and is simply a common nuisance. The Common Council can render the public a substantial service by taking this matter in hand.

A dispatch by the Atlantic Telegraph, this morning, confirms the doubt we have already expressed as to the accuracy of the report that the British Embassy at Washington was greatly exercised over the proposed sale of Russian-America to the United States, and that Sir FREDERICK BRUCE had telegraphed home for leave to protest against the treaty. The Duke of Buckingham, the Colonial Secretary, officially stated in the House of Lords, on Monday night, that the prospective sale was a matter of indifference to England. A very promising sensation is thus ruthlessly "nipped in the bud," and the proposed annexation is robbed of half its charms for belligerant Young America. The treaty is more likely to be rejected by the Senate than it would have been if England had protested against it. The idea of gratifying President JOHNSON and Mr. SEWARD, and of not rousing the wrath of Great Britain, will, we fear, be too much for the Senate.

The condition of affairs in Brooklyn demands attention. It used to be one of the most quiet, decorous and peaceful cities in the Union,—almost rural in its freedom from crime. Now it is getting to be something very different. Within a short time past a rich foreigner was stabbed in the City Park; a policeman was shot dead in the street, and no trace as yet is found of his murderer; three graceless scoundrels entered the house of some sewing women, and treated them in the most brutal manner; a man named FITZPATRICK was found stabbed to death on the pavement on the 18th of March; a wealthy citizen was murdered in his bed; several policemen have been shot and nearly killed, and day before yesterday a desperate burglar, while attempting to escape from Officer SCOTT, discharged a pistol in his face, but, missing fire, was shot dead as he stood. This is by no means a complete calendar of the murders and outrages in Brooklyn that are of recent occurrence, but it is enough to excite attention. Complaint is made that the strength of the Police force assigned to Brooklyn is entirely inadequate.

The mosquitoes will be able to hold high carnival on the Jersey flats during the approaching Summer. There was a panic among them last Fall in consequence of the passage by the New-Jersey Legislature of a bill chartering a company to drain the meadows so that this marshy waste might be made "to bloom and blossom as the rose," but one Mr. CARTER procured an injunction and, preventing the company from commencing operations, finally carried up the case to the New-Jersey Court of Appeals, where a decision has just been rendered to the effect that the law under which the company in question was organized is unconstitutional. The owners of these Jersey flats must be, one would think, greater flats than the flats they own. It would puzzle a mere New-Yorker to guess why they should object to the conversion of their barren salt marshes into fertile fields; but they probably have reasons quite satisfactory to themselves, if to nobody else. Thousands of acres, which offend the sight and other senses as the traveler crosses them on the railroad, might be reclaimed and made of value to their owners and the State;—but both declare that this would be unconstitutional. There's nothing really constitutional in New-Jersey but Camden and Amboy.

We have already referred to the effort to establish the Republican Party in the Southern States, and of the opportunities of success if the effort were properly conducted. The great body of the Southern people are disgusted with the old parties which have thus far controlled them, and are ready to embrace a party which shall embody the new ideas of the new times, while it also treats them leniently and justly. Ex-Gov. JO. BROWN, of Georgia, speaks of this matter in a recent letter, remarking:

> "I have only to say that I shall sympathize and encourage our people to act in future with the party, no matter by what name it may be called, which has most ability to build up and restore prosperity to the land of my birth and the home of my manhood, and shows the greatest disposition to respect our rights as the broken section of the Union. *I do not intend to be bound by past predilection or prejudices. We have entered upon a new era, and I expect to take a practical view of each question as it is presented. This I believe to be the intention of a majority of our people.*"

These are admirable sentiments, and the Ex-Governor shows himself a sagacious politician in uttering them. We wish we saw more of this spirit in the South.

We learn from good authority that Chief-Justice CHASE has declared his purpose to go forward with the appointment of Registers in Bankruptcy, as provided in the law, at the earliest practicable moment. He is, of course, greatly embarrassed by the multitude of applications, and it is to be regretted that so onerous a task should have been imposed upon a single Judge. The constitutionality of the provision, moreover, is not wholly free from doubt; but the proper authorities will proceed to give it effect, nevertheless. There is a very large number of persons in all sections of the country who look forward to this law for release from burdens which will, unless removed, prevent them from ever renewing an active business career; and they are naturally anxious to avail themselves of its benefits as speedily as possible. It would be a serious misfortune, however, if it should hereafter be set aside, on the ground that any of its provisions are unwarranted by the Constitution.

If it be true that an American man-of-war has been sent to the Parana River to negotiate between the Paraguayans and her allied opponents, there can be no feeling but that of hope that the negotiation be successful. The war has lasted for two years and has accomplished nothing, except to show that the efforts to subdue President LOPEZ are hopeless. The Allies were, indeed, becoming demoralized, and Brazil would soon be fighting alone if peace were not soon concluded. The sympathy of most Americans has been with Paraguay, and if it has taken the practical form of mediation, they will be gratified by the reflection that a good work has been entered upon.

As we are now promised the publication of BOOTH'S diary, about which Gen. BUTLER managed to make so much noise, we trust it will be given in such a form, and accompanied by such testimony and affidavits as will settle the dispute about it for the present day, and for all future time. Let us know definitely and positively about the pages alleged to be missing, and how they came to be missing, and, in short, all that can be ascertained about the entire diary, and every particular that concerns it. Whoever it may effect or implicate, whatever it may fix or unfix, let us have all the data.

The opening of the Paris Exposition on Monday seems to have been rather a poor affair. Everything about the building is incomplete, in not a single department was there anything like suitable preparation, and the number of strangers in attendance was far less than had been anticipated. No ceremonies of any kind marked the opening. We apprehend the opening has been two or three months too early for a success. The scale on which the exhibition has been organized is very large and demands a great deal of time and labor for its proper execution.

THE PAINTINGS OF THE LATE DR. RUGGLES.—We call the attention of the art-loving public and the admirers of the "Gems" of the late eminent artist, Dr. EDWARD RUGGLES, to the fact that the works he left at his death will be sold this evening, at the Leeds Art Galleries, in Broadway. There are something over a hundred of these paintings to be disposed of, and among them some of the most charming productions of his genius.

The League Island Commission.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, April 2.

Last night the Commission appointed by the President to decide upon the acceptance of League Island as a naval depot arrived. A special Committee met this morning at the Mayor's office at 10 o'clock, and waited upon the Commission at their hotel, where the hospitalities of the city were tendered by Mayor MCMICHAEL, and accepted on behalf of the distinguished visitors by Admiral DAVIS; after which the Commission proceeded to the navy-yard to pay a visit to the officers attached thereto. To-morrow morning the Committee having them in charge will take them to League Island.

The Commission consists of Admiral DAVIS, Commodore ALDEN, J. E. HILGARD, Assistant United States Coast Survey; J. W. KING, United States Navy, and Maj.-Gen. HUMPHREYS, United States Army.

WASHINGTON.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 2.

THE RUSSIAN-AMERICAN TREATY.

Prominent members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations have publicly expressed the opinion that final action on the Russo-American Treaty, now pending ratification in the Senate, will be postponed until December next. In the meantime all the Encyclopædias in the different public and private libraries of the city will be drawn upon for information regarding the geography and political *status* of the section in question, regarding which the majority of the Senators are deplorably ignorant.

THE IMPEACHMENT CHARGES.

The Judiciary Committee will meet to-morrow for the purpose of completing the examination of certain witnesses on the impeachment charges, when they will adjourn until the first of May. Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, the Chairman, will notify all of its members to be present at that time, when the investigation will proceed without interruption until its close.

UNION CONVENTION IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Another mass Convention will be held in North Carolina very soon, composed of original and unconditional Union men, who will repudiate the party organization effected at the recent Raleigh meeting, and proceed to form a new party with men at its head who can take the test-oath, and who will not be obliged to apply to Congress for a modification of the reconstruction laws before they can accept office. The feeling among the anti-Holden Union men is represented to be very bitter, and they are greatly chagrined that he has succeeded in getting control of any party organization. Their platform will be manhood suffrage, while the Holdenites have merely pledged themselves to impartial suffrage.

CIVIL OFFICERS IN NEW-ORLEANS.

Information has been received here that Judge LYNCH, recently appointed District Attorney, *vice* ANDREW J. HERRON, removed by Gen. SHERIDAN, will, as soon as possible, proceed to the indictment of JOHN T. MONROE, Ex-Mayor, THOMAS ADAMS, Ex-Chief of Police, and other municipal authorities, for inciting and participating in the riots of July last.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

Capt. EDWIN LUDLOW, of the Quartermaster's Department, well known in New-York and in this city as an efficient officer, has been breveted Major and Lieutenant-Colonel, by order of the Secretary of War.

The rejection of Mr. KENNEDY by the Senate to-day as Commissioner of Agriculture was not unexpected, as it was well known that Senators HARLAN and CAMERON were actively opposing the confirmation upon grounds which might be said to be personal, or which had no reference to the qualifications of Mr. KENNEDY for the position to which he had been nominated. To Mr. KENNEDY himself his confirmation would have been other than beneficial, as he had recently resigned a more lucrative office to enter into business at the capital.

Among the nominations sent to the Senate to-day were the following: David Nelligan, Postmaster, Albany, N. Y.; Pennsylvania—John Boyle, Assessor, Twelfth District; C. W. Ascom, Collector, Sixteenth District; Wm. McSherry, Assistant Collector, Sixteenth District, and John Stewart, Collector, Twelfth District. Maryland—John L. Horsey, Collector of Customs, Eastern District. Ohio—M. H. Kirby, Postmaster, Upper Sandusky. Kentucky—Col. William G. Terrell, Postmaster, Newport.

There is not one word of truth in the telegraphic dispatch sent North that the President is advised of an intention or purpose to go before the Supreme Court, or aid or connect himself with any movement to procure an injunction to restrain action under the reconstruction laws.

To the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 2.

SENATE EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The only business concluded in Executive Session this afternoon was the rejection of JOSEPH C. G. KENNEDY as Commissioner of Agriculture, in place of ISAAC NEWTON, and also the rejection of HENRY S. COMMAGER, as Postmaster at Toledo, Ohio.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

Official news from San Luis Potosi up to the 11th ult. has been received in this city, with the following information: The expected battle at or near Queretaro had not taken place yet. Gen. ESCOBEDO had been appointed to the command of the concentrated armies of the North, West and Centre. Gen. TREVINO had succeeded Gen. ESCOBEDO as commander of the Army of the North.

MAXIMILIAN and his troops were at Queretaro fortifying the city. The Liberals occupied Laestancia de las Vacas, nine miles west of Queretaro, on the Celaya road; Santa Rosa, ten miles north on the San Luis road; Cuerta del Chino, eight miles east on the road to the City of Mexico, and Ajurto, close to the south. The city was therefore surrounded on all sides, and the communication entirely cut off.

MAXIMILIAN had attempted to send reconnoitering parties out of the City of Queretaro, but they invariably went over to the Liberals, stating that the troops inside were very much demoralized, and that all the natives would join the Liberals as soon as they have an opportunity of doing so.

The Imperialists had about 3,500 men at the City of Mexico, under SABERA. Most of them had, however, been forcibly taken into the service and could not be relied on.

Gens. DIEGO, ALVAREZ, RIVA, PALACIO, MARTINEZ, LOSIO, NELESand others invest very closely the City of Mexico, and had already isolated it from the interior.

Puebla was defended by 2,000 men under NORIEGO; and Gen. DIAZ, with 8,000 men, had begun his operations to take it.

Should MAXIMILIAN be captured at Queretaro, as it is confidently expected he will be, Mexico and Vera Cruz will surrender without firing a single shot more.

REFINING GOLD AND SILVER.

The Secretary of the Treasury has communicated the following letter to the Senate, in reply to the resolution recently introduced by Senator CONNESS:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, March 25, 1867.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the resolution of the Senate under date of the 23d inst., requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate to the Senate any information he may have relative to the proposed change in the Mint Laws of the United States upon the subject of refining gold and silver, and public policies incident thereto. The act supplementary to an act establishing a Mint and regulating the coins of the United States was passed more than thirty years ago, and the suggestion of a revision of the Mint Laws is well worthy of consideration, there being many particulars in which the existing laws are not adapted to the requirements of commerce and the great increase in the production of bullion.

Many amendments have recently been proposed, among which are propositions for the Mint to relinquish the refining of gold and silver, and leave that business wholly to private enterprise, and the repeal of the coinage charge.

Without expressing any opinion upon these subjects at the present time, I transmit herewith, for the information of the Senate, a very interesting communication which has recently been received from LOUIS A. GARNETT, Esq., of San Francisco, who was formerly an officer of the Branch Mint in that city, and is now connected with a very extensive silver refinery, which communication was prepared at the suggestion of JOHN JAY KNOX, of this Department, during his late visit in California upon official business, and is addressed to him.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
(Signed,) H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

To Hon. B. F. WADE, President *pro tem.* of the Senate of the United States.

In the communication referred to Mr. GARNETT says: "The mines of the State of California and the adjacent Territories have, for the past 17 years, produced an average of $60,000,000 per annum, or an aggregate of $1,000,000,000 of bullion; and yet so unremunerative are mining operations as a whole, that it would be difficult to-day to find in that State one man for each $100,000,000 who has grown rich by working the mines. Mining is to-day, as it always has been, a fascinating illusion, and a complete abrogation of all taxes and restrictions upon mining enterprises, and the repeal of all charges at the Mint, would tend to develop the country and enhance its products. The present tax levied upon foreign bullion naturally drawn to this country for assaying, refining and coinage, amounting to 1⅛ per cent. on gold and 2⅛ per cent. on silver, has the effect to repel the products of Mexico and British Columbia, and to force them into other channels. The coinage of money is a necessity of the Government and a benefit to the entire community, and its expense should not be borne by the few who produce the material. Other Governments have long since restricted their mints to coinage only, and if the Secretary of the Treasury will contract with private refiners for an exchange of crude for refined bullion, and throw the small expense of coinage upon the Treasury, the results which will arise in the reduction of the price of gold and the consequent advance in our national securities will much more than compensate for the loss of revenue from this source."

MATTERS AT THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

The public debt statement will be forthcoming on Thursday. The coin balance in the Treasury will show the amount of $107,000,000, including about $15,000,000 of gold certificates.

The receipts from Customs during March were unusually large, being about sixteen millions.

The Internal Revenue receipts have not come up to the usual standard, and appear to the comparatively small amount of fifteen millions.

The receipts from internal revenue to-day were $1,621,000.

REGISTRY OF VOTERS IN WASHINGTON.

The registry of voters commenced in the Third Ward yesterday. In the First and Second Wards the registered blacks largely preponderate over the whites, thus affording unmistakable indications that, owing to the apathy of the whites, the blacks will control the next municipal election.

MECHANICS' BANK OF BALTIMORE.

The National Mechanics' Bank of Baltimore, which has for the past thirty days been the subject of investigation at the hands of CHARLES COLLENDER, Esq., the Examiner, who developed the fraud so adroitly concealed for more than twenty-five years by the collusion of the bookkeeper and teller, has, by the prompt and judicious action of its Directors, under the guidance and instructions of the Comptroller of the Currency, been enabled to report to its stockholders an unimpaired capital of $400,000, and is thus saved the necessity of liquidation at the hands of a receiver. At a stockholders' meeting on the 28th ult., by a more than two-thirds vote, the capital was reduced to $400,000, and by a corresponding vote immediately increased to $600,000, the original amount. Resolutions were also passed heartily endorsing the action of the Board of Directors, and requesting them still to continue in that capacity. Thus it is seen a National Bank, with a loss of more than one-half of its entire capital through fraud, originating and existing for many years under its State organization, thoroughly reconstructed within a period of thirty days, thereby vindicating the National Banking system, and reflecting great credit upon the present administration thereof, and also the necessity and propriety of frequent examinations of banks by competent and expert examiners.

A PORT OF ENTRY IN MONTANA.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day addressed the following letter to the Collector of Customs at Helena, Montana Territory:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, April 2, 1867.

SIR: The act of Congress creating the collection district of Montana and Idaho, approved April 13, 1866, makes it the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to designate the port of entry for such district, and, by virtue of the act conferred upon me by the said act, I do hereby designate Helena, in the Territory of Montana, as the port of entry in said district.

Very respectfully,
(Signed,) HUGH McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

The Court proceeded to business to-day, taking up the Kansas Indian title and taxation cases, the argument of which was concluded. Senator HENDRICKS appeared for the plaintiff in error, contending that the State cannot tax lands held by Indians under a patent restricting the right of sale.

Three causes were argued together—Nos. 325, 326 and 327.

The first cause to-morrow will be No. 156.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.

JAMES T. SUTTING, Esq., of Richmond, Va., was appointed a Commissioner of this Court.

Robert Floyd *vs.* the United States.—Chief-Justice CASEY delivered the opinion of the Court on this case, finding $20,392 80 due to the claimant. Judge LORING dissented.

J. SMITH SPEED and DAVID H. DAVIDS *vs.* the United States.—Chief-Justice CASEY delivered the opinion of the Court in this case, finding $19,720 80 due to claimants. Judge LORING dissented.

JOSEPH E. NOURSE et al., Executors, &c., *vs.* the United States.—Chief-Justice CASEY delivered the opinion of the Court on this case, sustaining demurrer and dismissing the petition.

JOHN E. REESIDE *vs.* The United States. The argument of this case was opened by Mr. FULLER for the claimant.

Adjourned until to-morrow, at 11 o'clock A. M.

ARMY GAZETTE.

Lieut D. G. RISLEY, Forty-second Infantry, granted ten days' delay in reporting for duty to Gen. HOWARD.

Lieut. JAMES J. HILL, Sixth Cavalry, granted fifteen days' delay in reporting to his regiment.

Brevet Col. H. G. GIBSON, Major Third Artillery, ordered to report to the Commanding General of the East for assignment to a post.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. J. C. TIDBALL, Major Second Artillery, ordered to report to the Commanding General of the Division of the Pacific for assignment to a post.

Assistant Surgeons Ely McClellan, S. A. Sparrow and W. D. Wolverton are ordered to report to the Medical Examining Board for examination for promotion.

First Lieut. R. C. Churchill, Fourth Artillery, has been ordered to Fort Delaware, Del.

Lieut.-Col. R. W. Bowerman, Thirty-first Infantry, has permission to delay starting to join his regiment till the 15th of April.

Capt. John B. Wiele, Tenth Cavalry, granted thirty days delay in joining his regiment.

Second Lieut. G. W. Evans, Thirty-second Infantry, granted fifteen days delay.

Major A. P. Morrow, Ninth Cavalry, and Capt. R. C. McClermont, Fourth Infantry, relieved from present duties, and ordered to join their regiments.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

The President to-day communicated to the Senate a large number of nominations.

The Committee on Foreign Relations have not yet come to a conclusion on the Russian-American treaty.

Hon. SYLVESTER MOWRY, of Arizona, is in Washington, looking after Arizona and Mexican affairs.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

Extra Session of the Senate.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 2.

Mr. HARLAN introduced a resolution which was agreed to, that the Committee on the District of Columbia be instructed to prosecute the revision of the laws of said District, authorized by the joint resolution of June, 1864, and that they have leave to sit during the recess of the Senate, and to employ assistance not exceeding $10 a day.

Mr. JOHNSON rose to what he supposed a privileged question. He said that on the 27th of March the Senator from Michigan, (Mr. HOWARD,) after the credentials of his colleague (P. F. THOMAS) had been presented, referred in the debate consequent thereon to a report made by the Bank of Commerce of New-York, addressed to its shareholders, and dated March 12, 1862, in which it was said up to the close of December of the eventful year 1860, the interest on the stocks of the United States falling due on the 1st of January succeeding had been for the first time left unprovided for by both HOWELL COBB, the Secretary of the Treasury, and PHILIP F. THOMAS, his temporary successor in that office. No efficient measures to make suitable provision therefor had been taken by either, though the funds were in the Treasury here. The report adds: "There was evidently a wicked and treasonable plot to disgrace the credit of the United States by default in the payment of interest on its stocks, by neglecting to provide for the officers of the army and navy and the civil and diplomatic list, including the salaries due to members of Congress then in session, &c."

Mr. JOHNSON then proceeded to say that Mr. THOMAS came to this city on the invitation of President BUCHANAN to accept the office of Commissioner of Patents, which he held for more than a year. On the resignation of HOWELL COBB, which took place on the 11th of December, Mr. THOMAS was requested by the President to accept the office of Secretary of the Treasury, and he was appointed on the 12th of that month. He remained in office until the 12th or 13th of January succeeding, when he resigned. When he came into the Department he found the Treasury almost depleted, and there was hardly money enough to meet the daily wants of the Government. Congress passed an act authorizing a loan of twelve millions of dollars, and for the issue of Treasury notes. Under authority of that act the Secretary issued proposals for part of the loan. When he opened the bids on the 27th or 28th of December, he found that the Bank of Commerce had subscribed, or was willing to take a million and a half at a discount of twelve per cent. At that time the public debt did not exceed some seventy millions of dollars. Mr. THOMAS directed Mr. JOHNSON to say, the moment he saw the exorbitant bid, he hesitated, but knowing the interest on the public debt fell due in a few days—that was on the 1st of January—he deliberated as to accepting the bid. While he was thus deliberating, and before he had decided, the late Cashier of the Bank of the Metropolis, Mr. RICHARD SMITH, a correspondent of the Bank of Commerce, brought to the Department a dispatch from the latter Bank, saying it would take all the loan at the same rate—namely, twelve per cent. discount. This made him hesitate the more. He thought it was a very plain speculation, but rather than run the hazard of letting the Government credit suffer from a failure to meet its obligations, he agreed to accept the bid, and the bank was so advised. Mr. JOHNSON then alluded to Mr. THOMAS' correspondence with Mr. CISCO on that subject, by which it appeared that the bank, at the time, was debtor to the United States in the sum of $5,000,000. The Secretary of the Treasury successfully arranged for the payment of the interest falling due in January, 1861, at New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, Savannah, New-Orleans and St. Louis, and it was punctually paid. It would be seen, from official data, that the Bank of Commerce, which claimed the credit of supplying his deficiencies, that it did nothing more than comply with the terms of an oppressive contract, which the necessities of the Government had forced it to enter into. The statement of the report of the Bank of Commerce was not supported by a particle of evidence. When the statement was made by his (Mr. JOHNSON'S) friend from Michigan, (Mr. HOWARD,) the gentleman whom it most affected (Mr. THOMAS) was absent at Annapolis. Mr. THOMAS then wrote to the present Secretary of the Treasury for official data to defend himself against a baseless slander. The Secretary directed the information asked for by Mr. THOMAS to be furnished, and in the letter of Secretary MCCULLOCH, he said that nothing appears in the records of the Department showing a want of fidelity on the part of Mr. THOMAS, in his administration of the affairs of that Department.

Mr. JOHNSON repeated, the documents were conclusive on the subject. There was not the slightest justification for making the assault on Mr. THOMAS, and least of all by the Bank of Commerce, which was a speculator on the Government, asking twelve per cent., when the debt of the United States did not exceed seventy millions of dollars. To defend himself from these assaults, Mr. THOMAS desired a letter to be read. The letter was read accordingly. Some parts were in substance comprised in Mr. JOHNSON'S remarks to-day. He says he never heard of the report of the Bank of Commerce, until it was produced by Mr. HOWARD. That he successfully upheld the credit of the United States, and asked through Mr. JOHNSON a full investigation of the whole subject by the Senate.

Mr. HOWARD, replying to Mr. JOHNSON, said, that his object in presenting the statement of the Bank of Commerce was, that it might be laid before the Committee on the Judiciary in order that, with such facts as could be obtained, it might pursue the inquiry. He did not at that time, nor did he now, desire to do anything or say a word with regard to Mr. THOMAS to prejudice his claim to a seat in this Chamber or his standing before the country. He declined occupying the position of a prosecutor or an accuser. He repeated, his efforts were only to enable the Committee on the Judiciary to ascertain the facts in the case. But there was one statement in the letter of Mr. THOMAS which struck him with surprise, viz.: that he had not seen the report of the Bank of Commerce. This document was printed on the 12th of May, 1862, and the presumption was it had considerable circulation. It was singular that a charge that Mr. THOMAS had been guilty of treasonable conduct, in omitting to make arrangements for the payment of interest of the public debt, was never seen by him until a short time ago, when it was produced in the Senate, and which had excited the gentleman's surprise. But extracts from this same report were published in the *National Intelligencer* of this city on the 28th of May, 1862. He (Mr. HOWARD) held in his hand the slip from that paper. If the gentleman was deeply grieved by his (Mr. HOWARD'S) statement, how happened it he had slept on the information for nearly five years, and had never opened his mouth to say one word by way of rebuke to the officers of the Bank of Commerce? He called the attention of the Committee on the Judiciary to the fact that for all that time the gentleman had remained silent.

Mr. JOHNSON replied, saying he did not find fault with the Senator's course, but that Senator in noticing the fact that Mr. THOMAS had but recently seen the charges of the Bank of Commerce, made use of such terms as to convey the impression he did not credit the statements of Mr. THOMAS. He (Mr. JOHNSON) supposed the Senator would not impugn the gentleman's veracity unless he had evidence to warrant him in coming to that conclusion.

In conclusion, Mr. JOHNSON said Mr. THOMAS left Washington in April, 1861, and retired to his farm in Maryland, subscribing to no paper but the Baltimore *Sun*, and never having seen the *National Intelligencer* while he remained there.

He moved that the letter of Mr. THOMAS, asking for a full investigation, be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

This was agreed to, and the Senate went into Executive Session, and after several hours occupied therein, adjourned.

The Breaking of the Levees in Louisiana.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, April 2.

The numerous breaks in the levees assure the devastation of the richest portion of Southwestern Louisiana. The giving way of the grand levee of Morgan Sea overflows seven parishes. This was one of the largest works of its kind in the world, and was but recently completed. Work is progressing on the Roman crevasse, fifty-six miles above this city, with some hope of closing it.

The most recently reported break is nine miles below Baton Rouge, which will do immense damage, overflow this section of the country and cause great suffering among the poorer classes of whites, and throw thousands of freedmen upon the resources of the Bureau during the coming season.

Southern Relief Subscriptions in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, April 2.

The bankers and merchants of this city assembled last night to devise means to assist the destitute people of the Southern States. They agreed that a public meeting should be called at an early day, and speakers invited to address it. Funds are to be collected and remitted to JAMES M. BROWN, Treasurer of the New-York Association.

The steamer *Montana*, from Panama, arrived this morning. She brings passengers for Japan and China per steamer *Colorado*, which sails to-morrow.

Ship *Tewksbury*, from Manila, 160 days, has arrived.

Reward for the Murderer of Gen. Bankhead.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Tuesday, April 2.

The Mayor offers a reward of $500 for the murderer of Gen. BANKHEAD, and the same amount for FERGUSON'S murderer.

The steamboat *Liberty* was raised to-day by a submarine salvor. She goes to Cairo to-morrow.

Negroes Voting in Colorado.

DENVER CITY, C. T., Tuesday, April 2.

The municipal election in Denver City to-day was a spirited contest between the candidates. The negroes voted without disturbance or molestation.

AMUSEMENTS.

Wallack's Theatre.

Playgoers, who may also be novel-readers, may find some points of resemblance between Mr. EDMUND YATES' story of "Land at Last" and Mr. BOUCICAULT'S latest drama, entitled "Hunted Down," which had its first representation last evening at this theatre. In the novel an ill-used wife, who has been deserted by her vagabond of a husband, is found in the lowest stage of misery by a benevolent and bachelor Royal Academician, who takes her to his heart and home, and makes her his wife and idol. She preserves, however, the secret of her first marriage from him, and hence all her troubles when husband No. 1 turns up, as he does, like Mrs. Pillicoddy's first spouse, "all over carbuncles and seaweeds," in spite of the announcement that he had been lost in the "chops of the channel" many years before. Up to this period the two stories are much alike; thence they diverge through the different characters which the heroine has from the dramatist and the novelist—from the former, all goodness; from the latter, all wickedness. At this point, too, as the afflicted heroine says in the last two lines of her part,

> "A little truth, if timely spoken,
> Might save a heart from being broken,"

or words to that effect. But she will not speak the truth—that is to say, she will not explain the situation to her husband, who seems to be even spoonily trusting; and so her reticence, for two hours, (or through the course of the play,) bequeaths to herself several imaginary months of grief, and to the audience three acts of tears and sorrowing. This is the main idea of the story. Expectation is satisfied in the *denouement* by the little revelation that husband No. 1 has been married before, and his persecutions of the wife he claims are therefore criminal. His other wife figures in the piece as a painter's model; but her entrances and exits effect neither evil nor good. Taken as a whole, "Hunted Down" is not a good sort of a play, but it is a good play of its sort. Its object is to inspire terror to weak and unconfiding women, and so passes without rest from one critical situation to another yet more complicated. It allows no underplot to distract attention. The unity and energy of its intention, and absence of all waste writing, as well as of waste incident, gives to the piece all the value that belongs to a production perfect of its kind. The language is all effective, and, in many instances, quite poetic, and several human sentiments were recognized by the audience with some ardor. The characters are merely sketches—but yet they are clever sketches—and being intrusted to capable spirits in Mr. WALLACK'S company, are filled out in desirable instances. Upon Miss HENRIQUES—to whose lot fell the part of the unfortunate wife, *Mary Leigh*—no hint of possible pathos has been thrown away; and Miss MORANT has one of those parts which suit her so well—a guardian angel in peplums and point lace—who watches over and advises the weak-minded heroine of her peril and of her duty. Mr. ROBINSON acts the part of the Royal Academician, in the character of *Scudamore*—*Mary's* rascally first husband. Mr. FISHER has a brutal part, the worst features of which he touches lightly. We may compare this character to bad ice, over which a light and rapid skater may pass, giving no one reason to suspect its unsafe condition, but which would crack at once under a tread of force or deliberation. The drama offers opportunities for some handsome stage pictures, which Mr. WALLACK has not passed by.

Olympic Theatre.

There is a deal of pretty music in AUBER'S "Crown Diamonds;" and if the different parts are sung only carefully the work is always certain of passing favor. Interest in the English translation of the opera has been revived by Miss RICHINGS and the company at the Olympic Theatre, and the production in some respects compares favorably with those previous representations by Miss LOUISA PAYNE and her accomplished troupe, which may still be remembered. The choruses, of which there are quite a number, and all demanding the nicest attention, are given in admirable and exhilarating harmony; there is also much effective duty done by Mrs. SEGUIN as *Diana*; the actual musical resources of this little lady's voice are small, but her voice is good enough to sustain her position in the light *rôles* she assumes, and for its shortcomings her quick instinct makes ample amends. She seems to be one of those artists who know what they cannot do, and take care never to attempt anything, however small, which lies beyond their compass. In the vocalism of the *rôles* of *Rebollica* and *Henrica*, Messrs. CAMPBELL and CASTLE were efficient, at least, and perhaps the novelty of their situations will excuse their failure to give dramatic expression to them. Miss RICHINGS in *Caterina* was as clever, but as labored as she has been in most of her later efforts—efforts in every sense demonstrating most particularly the need that her voice has of a rest. In justice a certain amount of admiration will always be accorded to Miss RICHINGS' powers; but while she sings like a musical instrument endowed with locomotion, and acts even in few energetic outbursts, like an ingenious automaton, it must always be apparent that the spirit of music seems to be on her and not in her. The orchestra, under Mr. DIEDRICH, is certainly in command, and does its duty responsibly and not obtrusively.

Pantomime at the Bowery Theatre.

Two or three Winters ago the manager of the Bowery Theatre produced a pantomime after the English popular model, which had quite a surprising success. "Jack and Jill" (so was the composition named) attracted a character of audiences to "Old Drury" (as it is reverentially called in the vicinity) such as that precinct, hitherto consecrated to blue fire, chords and dramatic justice, had seldom seen before. But handsome scenery, picturesque dresses, magical transformations and expert acting, illustrating an unusual entertainment, were irresistible, and Broadway audiences went in decorous deputations to see Mr. FOX'S pantomime. The elevated success of that effort has probably spurred Mr. FOX to the new one, and last evening another ingenious affair, on the same English pattern, was represented at the Bowery Theatre, with a liberal allowance of title, viz.: "Little Boy Blue; or, Hush-a-bye Baby, and Patty and her Pitcher." It is not a vain thought to reflect that the pantomime is in fact one of the most legitimate of theatrical entertainments. It is certainly almost as ancient as any description of performance now popular, and is composed with the strictest regard to unity and argument. It is, moreover, the most conservative of all performances, for it knows no change in character, plot or principle. For a hundred and fifty years pantomime has existed in one shape. The ruling passions of humanity are the subjects of its story, and the common emotions of actual life govern its development. Love, jealousy and avarice are the reigning forces. Harlequin is its hero, Pantaloon its victim, Columbine its lovely guiding star, and Clown, as of yore, its evil genius; and it would seem as though the early satirist had made his rascal a fool to show man how absolutely idiotic villainy was! Virtue, after innumerable hardships, is always rewarded, and vice, after brief triumph, is always punished. Law and order are forcibly vindicated in the arrest and incarceration of the naughty *Clown*, even though he has pitched the policeman into the oven, committed innumerable robberies and killed the wooden baby! It seems scarcely necessary to remark that all of these incidents appear at some time or other, with variations, in Mr. FOX'S new pantomime, and if "Little Boy Blue" does not seem to be, in all respects, as good a piece of work as "Jack and Jill" was, it is simply because familiarity with the entertainment has robbed this last sample of some of its attractiveness. The introductory, which represents a brief contest between the "Genius of Harmony" and the "Demon of Evil," (a combination almost too awful to be repeated!) is certainly rather dull, but the invention displayed in the tricks and surprises of the latter part is clever if it is spare. The transformation of a bucket into a distorted head, with immense frill, body and legs, which walks off with human ease, is as neat as anything can be, and a deal of amusement is afforded by the eccentric life that is infused into the pictures and models in the painter's studio. The best performer in the harlequinade is the *Clown*—Mr. FOX—who has long imitated the cleverness, dispatch and humor which made GABRIEL RAVEL famous in this species of entertainment. The scenery throughout is unexpectedly excellent.

The Pilot-Boat James W. Elwell, No. 7—Her Trial Trip.

This new vessel went on her trial trip yesterday. She left the City about 11 A. M., with a ten-knot breeze from about west. She was built at Mystic Bridge, New-London, Conn., by Mr. JOHN A. FORSYTH, the builder of the celebrated yacht *L'Hirondelle*, owned by Mr. S. DEXTER BRADFORD, and since said to have passed into the hands of that indomitable yachtman, JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Jr.

There was a large party of invited guests on board, among whom were Messrs. James W. Elwell, J. W. Mott, James Borland, Benj. Flint, L. A. Golding, Jas. V. Schenck, Capt. Charles Brown, and others representing our mercantile and commercial community.

The cabin of the boat, which is composed principally of many kinds of hard and choice woods, was fitted by Mr. JOHN BENNETT, of Mystic Bridge. She spreads 1,050 yards of canvas in her sails, which were made by Messrs. WILSON & GRIFFEN, of this City. The upholstery work and carpets were furnished by Messrs. POMROY & SCHENCK, also of this City. The crockery and glassware were prepared expressly for her, each piece having her name on it. The general appearance of the boat is pleasing in the extreme. She has all the features of the yacht *L'Hirondelle* that could be condensed in her dimensions, and if the result of the trial trip may be taken as a criterion, she will prove herself to be the fastest boat in this business—and this it should be understood is saying a great deal. Her speed averaged 15 knots per hour. After proceeding outside of Sandy Hook and southward as far as the Highlands, the company partook of a bountiful collation, at which several happy sentiments were expressed and responded to. On the return, and when inside of the Hook, the pilot-boat *Francis Perkins*, No. 13, belonging to the New-York Pilots, was seen out ahead, setting her canvas as if for a race, and on the *James W. Elwell* approaching she filled away, and a most exciting race was the result. After reaching the Upper Quarantine ground, the pilots of the *Francis Perkins*, Messrs. CHARLES STEWART, JAMES M. CLARK, and others, came on board, when the race was finished at the City, where she arrived at 6:30 P. M., after a most pleasant and agreeable excursion. We look upon the result of the building of this splendid boat, as happy for several reasons,—in combatting a prejudice heretofore existing, that a pilot-boat, sufficiently fast and strong, could not be built out of this City and vicinity; in the opportunity that several able and very worthy young pilots will have in distinguishing themselves, and particularly happy in the selection of the name of one of our most able and honorable merchants.

The following are pilots owning in and belonging to the *J. W. Elwell:*

JOHN REARDON, Captain; Chas. E. Warner, George S. Watson, Wm. Blach, Hiram Treat, John. J. Godbey, Wm. Lewis and Peter Early, boat-keeper.

The *Elwell* is ready for business and will go on her first cruise to-day.

A Ship Captain Shoots His Mate and is Arrested.

Coroner GOVER held an examination yesterday on board the British schooner *Ottawa*, now lying in the Bay off Fort Hamilton, and obtained the *ante mortem* statement of FREEMAN TINGLEY, first mate of the vessel, who was dangerously wounded by a pistol shot at the hands of the Captain, WM. H. PYE, on the evening of the 19th ult., while the vessel was at sea. From the statement made by the wounded man it appears that he sailed on the *Ottawa* as first mate from the Port of Para, South America, on the 3d of March, the vessel being bound for New-York; on the 19th, about 7 o'clock, he was standing by the mainmast, taking the altitude of the Polar star, when the Captain inquired his occupation. On being informed the Captain next inquired what these men, (meaning the second mate and steward,) were doing in the cabin, and on the mate saying he did not know, the Captain drew a pistol and fired at him, the ball taking effect in the thigh. TINGLEY then ran under the boom, being pursued by Capt. PYE, who fired a second shot. This time the bullet entered the mate's left side above the hip. TINGLEY then called for the steward, who answered the summons, and was fired at by the Captain. The mate then ran into the forecastle and ordered the crew to arrest and confine the Captain, which order was obeyed. Mr. TINGLEY concluded his statement in the following language: "I did my duty faithfully, and gave my Captain no cause or provocation to shoot me. I was treated with respect by the crew, and it is my opinion the Captain was excited by jealousy. I had no difficulty with the Captain on the homeward passage; but on the outward passage there was a difference between us as to the position in which I had shipped, but it was settled in Para. This vessel is a British bottom, and the Captain and myself are British subjects."

Levi Simpson, one of the crew, testified that on the day of the shooting he was at the wheel; the Captain came out of the cabin and went up behind the mate, who was taking an observation; some words passed between them, and the mate turned suddenly and put his hand on the Captain's shoulder and talked for three or four minutes; a wave came aboard and washed them, when the Captain fired at the mate; the latter ran behind the mast, and the Captain followed and fired just as the mate stooped under the main boom; when the mate called, the steward came out, and was told by the former to look out or the Captain would shoot him; and the Captain did do so; he also tried to fire a third time at the mate; the second mate had the Captain secured; Capt. Pye said: "I shot the mate; I'll be hung, so I may as well jump overboard." The witness believed the Captain would have done so had not the second mate prevented; he knew of no difficulty existing between the mate and the Captain.

LEWIS MILBRUEN, steward, and FREDERICK W. WILBER, the second mate, were also examined, and corroborated the testimony of the wounded man and the helmsman. The case being committed to the jury, they rendered the following verdict:

"That FREEMAN TINGLEY came to his wounds at the hands of Capt. WM. PYE, of the schooner *Ottawa*, while at sea, on the 19th day of March, 1867."

The prisoner was accordingly committed to the Tombs by the Coroner, to await the result of Mr. TINGLEY'S wounds. Capt. PYE is a native of Prince Edward's Island, 28 years of age, and resides at Hopewell Cape, N. B. He admitted the shooting, but claimed to have had no murderous intent. The mate is 24 years of age, and a native of New-Brunswick Province.

The New-York Historical Society.

The regular meeting of the New-York Historical Society was held last evening, Ex-Gov. FISH in the chair. GEORGE BANCROFT, Esq., Ex-Judge KIRKLAND, Ex-Postmaster TAYLOR, JAMES W. GERARD, AUGUSTUS SCHELL, and other eminent citizens were present. The lecture-hall was filled, many ladies being present.

The librarian announced that it was his pleasing duty to state that Mr. WILLIAM NIBLO, their associate, had purchased the splendid library of Dr. HAWKS, and presented it to the Society.

The librarian then read a paper on the "Montauk Indians," written by Mr. ISAAC S. GREENWOOD. The paper was an interesting one, as illustrating the brief but eventful history of this race, now all but extinct.

After the reading of the paper a bronze copy of the gold medal presented to Mrs. LINCOLN by the French citizens was handed to the Society.

A letter was then read from Capt. JAS. PATTERSON, who proposes to visit the East, and asks the coöperation of the Society in the work he has laid out for himself—the making a gigantic collection of objects of interest in this the most fruitful of all sources.

A letter from Mrs. LETITIA M. RANDALL was read, offering to the Society the field notes and surveys of her husband, who was in the employment of the authorities of New-York and chief of the survey of Manhattan Island in 1807–8.

Mr. VAN SCOTT presented the minutes, rules and other items of the proceedings of a debating club attended by many well-known eminent lawyers and others in 1768; also the minutes and some correspondence belonging to the "Moot Club," the famous lawyers' club of this City about the same period.

After the transaction of miscellaneous business the Society adjourned.

Fires Yesterday.

About 1:20 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in the barn owned by ABRAHAM QUACKENBOSS, in Eighty-seventh-street, between Second and Third avenues. The building and contents, including two valuable horses, were destroyed. Loss $1,000; not insured. While running to the fire, JOHN LEVY, a member of Engine Company No. 37, had one of his ribs broken and suffered other injuries, by the apparatus colliding with a Third-avenue car. He was removed to his residence by his comrades. The Twenty-third Precinct Police arrested JAMES MCGUIRE on the suspicion of arson. He is held for examination before the Fire-Marshal. About the same time of the fire mentioned above, another took place in the cellar of the four-story tenement-house No. 239 West Thirteenth-street, occupied as a dwelling by seven families. The flames were extinguished with trifling damage. The building is owned by JAMES BRUNING, who is insured for $3,200 in the New-Amsterdam Insurance Company. Although considerable confusion and terror prevailed among the inmates, nobody was in any way injured.

TWO CASES OF INFANTICIDE.—On Monday the remains of a full-grown female infant were discovered in an alleyway in Orchard-street and removed to the Tenth Ward Station-house. Coroner GOVER was notified, and his Deputy, JOHN BEACH, M. D., made a *post-mortem* examination of the body. He found the infant's throat cut. There were several cuts in the neck, showing that the knife or razor had been wielded by a tremulous hand. Capt. DAVIS, of the Tenth Precinct, made the necessary inquiries, but failed to discover either the parentage of the deceased or who the murderer could be. In order that further investigation may be made by the Police, Coroner GOVER adjourned the inquest until Thursday next....At an early hour on Monday morning two citizens noticed a woman acting suspiciously in Twenty-sixth-street, near Madison-avenue. They watched her for some time, and saw her drop a small bundle, after which she ran off. Officer CUNNINGHAM, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, was notified of the fact, and he found the bundle to consist of an old piece of cloth in which was wrapped the remains of a female infant. Coroner GOVER held an inquest, when it was ascertained by Dr. JOHN BEACH that death had been caused by strangulation, marks of external violence having been discovered on the neck of the deceased. A verdict to that effect was rendered. No clue has been obtained as to the woman's identity.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Hon. L. P. Poland, M. C., Vermont, is at the Astor House. Mayor Hosford, Lowell, Mass.; Judge Parker, Albany; Erastus Corning, Esq., Albany; Hon. Jas. Tuffis, W. F. Leach, Esq., Philadelphia, and Hon. A. Collier, Binghamton, are at the St. Nicholas Hotel. Commander Lowry, U. S. N., and N. D. Sperry, Connecticut, are at the Hoffman House. Hon. E. M. Madden, Middletown, and Hon. O. Ladue, Little Falls, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

"Boys"

will find a large stock of first class clothing at low prices at

ABBATT & MOORE'S,
No. 507 Broadway.

Custom department for men and boys complete.—*Advertisement.*

Stitching a Whalebone.

Miss R. E. COUCH, of Elkton, Md., writes: "I am very much pleased with my machine. It has come up to representations in every particular." To illustrate the strength of its straight, short needle, she adds: "As I was stitching a cord on a waist last week, a whalebone slipped down, and I stitched through it!" To Willcox & Gibbs S. M. Co.—*Advertisement.*

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old NURSE.—Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels, and wind colic. By giving health to the child, it rests the mother.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

having the *fac simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

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Particular attention is requested to our extensive variety of patterns of solid silver FORKS, SPOONS and KNIVES, at prices which will repay the examination of the closest buyers.

STARR & MARCUS, No. 22 John-st., New-York.

Sterling Silverware.

A full assortment of all kinds at very attractive prices. Special attention is requested to the *variety*, *quality* and *price* of our solid spoons and forks.

HOWARD & CO., No. 619 Broadway, New-York.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff Needs no Eulogy. Sold at 25 cents per box by all druggists.

Dr. A. Johnson's Delicious American Tooth Powder is the cream of all preparations for the teeth. As a mouth cleanser it is a perfect luxury. Sold by all druggists.

Peter Cooper's Gelatine

makes delicious

JELLIES, BLANC MANGE, CHARLOTTE RUSSE, &c.

with great ease.

Directions for use with the packages. For sale by grocers and druggists. Depot, No. 17 Burling slip, N. Y.

Ladies are invited to Look at the "Idaho Hat," at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway. It is a patented article; equal to any Summer fabric in existence in lightness, delicacy and beauty; superior in its tints to any article of its kind yet invented, and also absolutely weather-proof.

Ladies, Discard Injurious Paddings.—Madame JUMEL'S MAMMARIAL BALM AND PATENT BREAST ELEVATORS develop the form physiologically. Depot No. 363 Canal-st. Send stamp for treatise. Sold everywhere.

Defiance Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. Also, Sideboard and Parlor Safes for silver plate, &c., at No. 63 Murray-st., corner of College-place.

ROBERT M. PATRICK.

Bartlett's Reversible Sewing-machines—A new style, for use by hand or foot. Principal office and salesrooms, No. 569 Broadway, corner Prince-st., New-York.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Disgusting Counterfeits of Phalon & SON'S inimitable NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS, the nonpareil of modern perfumes, have been thrust into the market. These noisome imitations of the peerless and popular extract may be known by the fact that they do not bear the words "Phalon & Son, Perfumers, New-York," blown into the glass of the bottles. Look for this criterion of genuineness before you purchase. Sold by all druggists.

Lung complaints, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c., are speedily relieved, and if taken in time, permanently cured by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. You will find in it also a certain remedy for coughs and colds. Sold everywhere.

Rheumatism Cured

Upon a new principle. The "INDUTO MEDICARI," discovered by J. A. CAMPBELL, M. D., acts upon the absorbents, and its success in the cure of this painful disease is without a parallel.

For particulars send for circulars.

Price $2 per package. Sent free by mail on receipt of the money by

DIXON, CLARKE & HALLETT,
Agents for United States,
No. 149 Chambers-st., New-York.

Moth and Freckles.

The only reliable remedy for those brown discolorations on the face called Moth Patches and Freckles, is PERRY'S MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold by druggists everywhere. Price $2 per bottle.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Pyle's O. K. Soap—Hard, and not liable to imprudent waste. It recommends itself. Try it. Sold by grocers everywhere. Depot No. 350 Washington-st.

At Everdell's Card Depot, 302 Broadway—The new Wedding and Crystal Visiting Cards.

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Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, 625 B'way.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sewing-machines, No. 495 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

RAIMAN—ROBBINS.—At Newtown, L. I., Sunday, March 31, by Rev. Wm. Sothard, WM. H. RAIMAN to LIZZIE J. ROBBINS, both of this City.

DIED.

ARCHER.—Suddenly, at Dobb's Ferry, on Monday morning, April 1, DEBORAH, wife of Stephen Archer, aged 65 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, on Wednesday, 3d inst. Train leaves 30th-st., Hudson River Railroad, at 2 o'clock P. M.; returning, leaves Dobb's Ferry at 5. Carriages will be in attendance at the depot.

BETTY.—On Tuesday morning, April 2, ALICE MAUD, infant daughter of William and Hannah Betty.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from No. 17 East 27th-st. on Wednesday, 3d inst., at 2 P. M.

COWAN.—On Sunday, March 31, of congestion of the lungs, WILLIAM L. COWAN, (of the firm of Young & Cowan,) aged 26 years and 7 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral without further invitation from the residence of his parents, Augustus and Elizabeth Breneman, No. 144 Macdougal-st., on Wednesday, the 3d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

☞ Philadelphia papers please copy.

DARLING.—On Monday, April 1, MATILDA, daughter of Thomas and Isabella Darling, aged 2 years, 5 months and 6 days.

Funeral services on Wednesday, 3d inst., at the residence of her parents, No. 751 6th-av., at 1 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral.

EDGAR.—At his residence, Elizabeth, N. J., on Monday, April 1, JAMES A. EDGAR, (of the firm of Booth & Edgar,) in the 52d year of his age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral at his late residence on Thursday, April 4, at 11 o'clock. Cars leave foot of Liberty and Cortlandt sts. at 10 o'clock. The remains will be conveyed to the Wood Lawn Cemetery by a special train from the Harlem Railroad Depot, 26th-st., at 3 o'clock.

HOFFMAN.—On Monday morning, April 1, ANN CORNELIA STOUTENBURG, relict of the late Anthony N. Hoffman, aged 69 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 41 West 18th-st.

FARRINGTON.—On Tuesday, April 2, LEONARD W. KIP, son of Rev. William G. and Anna W. K. Farrington, aged 13 months and 13 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from Christ Church, Hackensack, N. J., on Thursday, April 4, at 1½ P. M. Train leaves New-York, foot of Chambers-st., at 12, returning at 3:30.

HOTT.—On Tuesday night, April 2, at 10½ o'clock, G. P. B. HOTT, aged 72 years.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

MERRILL.—On Monday evening, April 1, of consumption, EMMA L., wife of Wm. G. Merrill, and eldest daughter of Wm. P. Holland, aged 31 years and 10 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 64 Clermont-av., Brooklyn, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

MILLER.—On Tuesday evening, April 2, ELIZA M. MILLER, wife of Wm. C. Miller.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

☞ Albany papers please copy.

MILLER.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, April 2, after a short illness, MARY JANE, wife of Wm. A. Miller, in the 46th year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

MOREHEAD.—Suddenly, on Monday, April 1, DAVID C. MOREHEAD, M. D., in the 45th year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 77 West 12th-st., on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock, without further notice.

PAIGE.—At Schenectady, N. Y., on Sunday, March 31, HARRIET B., wife of Hon. Alonzo C. Paige.

Funeral services at St. George's Church, Schenectady, on Thursday afternoon, April 4, at 4½ o'clock.

RANDALL.—Suddenly, on Saturday, March 30, MARY FOSTER, beloved wife of Benjamin F. Randall, and daughter of William Foster, formerly of Providence, R. I., aged 22 years and 8 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her husband, No. 132 East 36th-st., on Wednesday next, at 11 A. M.

REYNOLDS.—On Tuesday morning, April 2, after a short illness, PHILIP REYNOLDS, in the 70th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and the members of the Union League Club, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from Zion Church, corner 38th-st. and Madison-av., on Friday, the 5th inst., at 2 P. M.

TELLER.—At the residence of Rev. R. B. Van Kleeck, D. D., ANN ELIZA TELLER, sister of Hon. Isaac Teller, of Fishkill.

Funeral will take place at St. Anna's Church on Thursday, April 4, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot for 12 o'clock train.

WIGHT.—In Brooklyn, Monday, April 1, GEORGIE, wife of George Wight, and daughter of Benj. G. Wilder, Esq., in the 26th year of her age.

The funeral will take place at the residence of her father, No. 69 1st-place, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, the 3d inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

WYATT.—In Harlem, Monday, April 1, ANNIE E., wife of Rev. A. H. Wyatt, and eldest daughter of Ebenezer H. and Annie E. Brown, in her 24th year.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the old M. E. Church, White Plains, Wednesday, at 12 M. Brief services at her father's residence at 9:30. The train leaves 26th-st. station at 10 A. M.

OFFICIAL—[No. 126.]

CORONER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 2, 1867.

The body of an unknown man was found at West-street, corner of Warren-street, aged about forty years, dark hair, side whiskers, dressed as follows: Cap, frock coat, light vest, blue pants, woolen tie. Found on the person the following articles: Pocket knife, few pennies, two metal quarters. Body at New-York Hospital Dead-house; supposed to be the body of Edward White. Inquest will be held April 3, 1867, at 10 A. M., at the New-York Hospital. Run over by a West-street car.

For further particulars, apply at the Coroner's Office, No. 4 Centre-street.

W. C. GOVER, Coroner.

List of Seamen who have died in the New-York Hospital from Jan. 1 to March 31, 1867.

NAME.	Age	Birthplace.	Died.
Thomas King	28	New-York.	Jan. 7.
Samuel Laurence	23	Sweden.	Jan. 16.
Thomas Cronine	26	Ireland.	Jan. 30.
James Kelly	29	Ireland.	Feb. 2.
Cornelius Berden	35	Massachusetts.	Feb. 9.
Henry Martin	18	Ireland.	Feb. 17.
Michael Sheehan	22	Ireland.	March 23.

D. COLDEN MURRAY,
Secretary.

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INVALIDS' WHEEL-CHAIRS, FOR IN OR OUT-DOOR USE, FROM $20.

Invalids' carriages to order.

Patent cantering horses, $12 to $25.

Child's carriages, swings, hobby-horses, &c.

S. W. SMITH, No. 90 William-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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TEAS AND COFFEES.

THE GREAT UNITED STATES TEA WAREHOUSE,
NO. 30 VESEY-ST., CORNER OF CHURCH-ST.,
On the same block as the Astor House.

We have just opened one of the handsomest TEA stores in the country, and are selling to families, hotels, boarding-houses, &c. TEAS and COFFEES of our own importation at CARGO prices. Our customers pay but one profit, and get pure unadulterated goods direct from the Custom-house. Look at our prices and give us a call:

OOLONG, (black,) 60c., 70c., 80c., 90c., $1 per pound.
MIXED, (green and black,) 60c., 70c., 80c., 90c., $1.
YOUNG HYSON, (green,) 60c., 70c., 80c., 90c., $1, $1 10, $1 25.
IMPERIAL, (green,) 90c., $1, $1 25.
ENGLISH BREAKFAST, (black,) 70c., 80c., 90c., $1, $1 10, $1 20.
JAPAN, 90c., $1, $1 25.
GUNPOWDER, $1 25, $1 50.
COFFEES, ST. DOMINGO, 20c., 25c.
RIO, 25c., 30c.
MARICAIBO, 33c., 35c.
JAVA, 35c., 40c.
GROUND COFFEES, 20c., 25c., 30c., 35c., 40c.

THE NEW-YORK LADIES' SOUTHERN RELIEF ASSOCIATION beg to acknowledge the following donations:

Mrs. Kellog, Fairhaven, Conn.	$20 00
J. J. Barmer, Brooklyn, L. I.	10 00
Mrs. P. H. Meyers, Hempstead, L. I.	1 00
A. M. C.	5 00
Mrs. A. G. P. Dodge	30 00
Through Mrs. M. V. Murphy	20 00
Mrs. Lafayette S. Foster	20 00
W. J. H.	5 00
Relief of the South	1 00
Mrs. Edward Caster	20 00
Mrs. Jackson	5 00
Mrs. Cashman	5 00
Mrs. R. B. Decker	2 00
V. and B.	5 00
Mrs. Ely	2 00
Mr. Samuel Penman	25 00
Miss Williams	10 00
A Friend	12 00
Collection in St. Luke's Church, Clermont, Columbia County, N. Y.	17 00
Cash	15 00
Mrs. Wm. H. Wisner	5 00
Mrs. Henry L. Young	25 00
Mrs. Charlotte Freeman	10 00
Francis P. Freeman	25 00
Collection in Westminster Presbyterian Church, through Rev. Dr. Archibald	65 00
Henry Steers	50 00
Miss V. F. Dimmick, Honesdale	5 00
E. E. Dimmick	20 00
Mrs. Wm. E. Dodge	100 00
George B. Dorr	50 00
Miss Mary Gelston	50 00
Collection Church of Transfiguration, G. B. Houghton, Rector	128 78
Wm. C. Ralston, of California, through Mrs. Lees, in gold, $500, sold at 34½ per cent	672 50
Brooklyn Auxiliary Society	1,300 00
Proceeds of Musical and Theatrical entertainments	2,549 88
Total	$5,[illegible]
Amount previously acknowledged	$38,[illegible]
Total receipts to date	$4[illegible],751 [illegible]

ARTHUR LEARY, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, April 2, 1867.

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CALORIC PRESSED RYE COFFEE.

The first manufactured in New-York City.
The first introduced and used in this market.
The first to meet the approbation of physicians.
The first to receive encomiums from the journals.
Which has over 5,000 testimonials.
Diploma awarded by the American Institute.

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No. 148 Chatham-st., New-York.

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OLD EYES MADE NEW

easily, without doctor or medicine. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents.

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CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FOR the married. Sent, in sealed envelope, on receipt of 10 cents.

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AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE TRUSSES—COMFORT AND CURE FOR THE RUPTURED. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

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PUBLISH THIS DAY,
SYBIL'S SECOND LOVE,
By JULIA KAVANAGH,
Author of "Adele," "Nathalie," &c.
One Vol., 12mo. Cloth. 432 pages. Price $2.

"A clever, interesting and eminently readable novel. The plot is well worked out. The characters are excellently drawn."—*Globe.*

"A clever novel. The story is keenly interesting, thoroughly pure in tone, full of good pointed dialogue and admirable descriptive writing."—*Star.*

D. A. & CO. HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE POLITICAL WRITINGS OF RICHARD COBDEN. In two volumes. 8vo. Cloth, $6.

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"AMERICANS IN PARIS.—There never were so many Americans in Paris as at present; and before midsummer the number will be quadrupled. Considering that our country has just emerged from the most sacrificial war in all history, for the rescue and conservation of nationality—the blandishments of Imperialism ought not to allure the republican self-respect of our countrymen; they, of all visitors at the French Capital, should not forget the Past of France; and we are pleased to learn that George P. Putnam & Son, of New-York are about to republish a series of Papers on Paris, written from a truly American standpoint, immediately after the *coup d' etat*; and pleasantly suggestive of the historical and social associations of the French metropolis."—*Boston Transcript.*

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POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN GENERAL COMMITTEE.—The regular monthly meeting of the Committee will be held at No. 435 4th-av., on THURSDAY EVENING, April 4, at 7½ o'clock. Important business will be transacted.

THOS. MURPHY, President.

A. JACKSON PLUMB, } Secretaries.
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OFFICE OF TANNERDALE COAL COMPANY,
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Messrs. Wagstaff & Goetchius:

GENTS: In reply to your inquiry as to the earnings and profits of the Tannerdale Coal Company, I would state the net earnings now are equal to one per cent. per month, and after May 1 the shipments of coal will be increased, making the earnings equal to 1½ per cent. per month net upon the capital stock of the Company.

Yours, respectfully,
J. KIRKPATRICK, President.

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OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 84 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 4, 1867.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot 19 bonds, numbered as follows: 294, 583, 62, 430, 42, 978, 81, 244, 443, 234, 24, 78, 158, 524, 144, 207, 568, 80 and 258, of $1,000 each, for redemption.

According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1867.

The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest, so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.
L. H. MEYER, No. 48 Exchange-place.

OFFICE OF THE SPRINGFIELD AND DEEP RUN COAL MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 77 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the Springfield and Deep Run Coal Mining and Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, as above, on THURSDAY, the 11th day of April next, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year. The poll will be open from 11 o'clock, A. M. to 1 o'clock, P. M.

EDWARD D. WEBB, Secretary.
March 27, 1867.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 30, 1867.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE Interest on the stocks and bonds of the City and County of New-York, due and payable May 1, 1867, will be paid on that day by PETER B. SWEENY, Chamberlain of the City, at the Broadway Bank. The transfer books will be closed THURSDAY, April 4, at 3 o'clock P. M.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.

OFFICE OF THE ST. NICHOLAS INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 169 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 27, 1867.

ELECTION.—AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company and Inspectors of the next election will be held at this office on TUESDAY, April 9, 1867, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.
JOHN J. SEARING, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, CORNER GREENWICH AND FULTON STS.,
NEW-YORK, March 22, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the Globe Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, the 9th day of April, 1867. Polls open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

ALFRED A REEVES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BLOCK-HOUSE MINING CO. OF CAPE BRETON, NOVA SCOTIA, NO. 43 PINE-ST.
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR SEVEN DIrectors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held on MONDAY, the 8th of April. The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock M., and remain open one hour.

D. B. KEELER, Jr., Secretary.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO., NO. 57 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 27, 1867.

COUPONS DUE APRIL 1, 1867, FROM this Company's Seven per Cent. EQUIPMENT ONDS will be paid on and after that day, on presentaion at this office.

A. L. PRITCHARD, Treasurer.

NOTICE—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the COHOES COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company in Cohoes, on MONDAY, the 6th day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and the ransaction of such other business as may come before he meeting.

T. G. YOUNGLOVE, Secretary.
Dated, COHOES, April 1, 1867.

FOR SALE—CITY RAILROAD STOCKS AND bonds in all the first-class companies; also, other ecurities paying large dividends, at low rates for inestments, by

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
Stock Broker and Auctioneer,
No. 43 Pine-st., New-York.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Swift Farm Petroleum and Ming Company will be held at No. 195 West-st., on TUESAY, April 2, 1867, from 12 to 1 o'clock, for the election seven Trustees for the ensuing year. By order of

A. A. GADDIS, President.

ST. PAUL CITY BONDS, TWENTY YEARS to run; interest seven per cent., payable January and uly, in New-York; for sale in small investment lots, by

STOUT, THAYER & CO.,
No. 36 Broad-st.

COUPON NOTICE.—COUPONS ON THE bonds of the Union Hotel property, Saratoga, due pril 1, 1867, will be paid at the Ocean National Bank, ew-York City, on and after the above date.

LELAND BROTHERS, Saratoga Springs.

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.—JOHN ARTHUR & CO., No. 10 Rue Castiglione, agents to the itish and American Embassies, established 38 years, dertake to represent exhibitors, bank and exchange, use and estate agents, commission, transit agents and se merchants. Every information gratis.

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ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS

Credited or Remitted for on Receipt at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, April 2, 1867.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered '81	109	109¼	June, 7-30	105⅜	105½
Coupon, 1881	109¼	109¾	July, 7-30	105⅜	105½
5-20 Regist'd '62	103¾	104	June, C.I.N't's, '64	118½	118¾
5-20 Coupon, '62	109	109½	July, C.I.N't's, '64	117½	118
5-20 Coupon, '64	107	107½	Aug., C.I.N't's, '64	117¼	117½
5-20 Coupon, '65	108	108½	Oct., C.I.N't's, '64	116½	116¾
5-20 " new, '65	107	107¼	Dec., C.I.N't's, '64	115½	115¾
10-40 Registered	97½	98	May, C.I.N't's, '65	112½	112¾
10-40 Coupon	98	98½	Aug., C.I.N't's, '65	111¼	111½
Gold	134½	134¾	Sept., C.I.N't's, '65	111	111½
August, 7-30	106	106¼	Oct., C.I.N't's, '65	110¾	111

We are exchanging NEW 5-20 BONDS for the FIRST SERIES of 7.30 TREASURY NOTES, allowing BANKS and BANKERS ¼ OF ONE PER CENT. COMMISSION on all conversions, the difference of interest adjusted according to Government rule.

The SECOND and THIRD SERIES bought at market rates.

Until further notice, we will pay the express charges on August 7-30s sent us for conversion, and on new 5-20s ordered returned after conversion.

VERMILYE & CO., No. 44 WALL-ST.

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BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
No. 5 Nassau-street,

BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES:

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- U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS,
- U. S. SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES,
- U. S. TEN-FORTY BONDS,
- U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
- U. S. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
- U. S. THIRTY-YEAR BONDS, Pacific R. R. issues,

Central Pacific Railroad State Aid Bonds, and other desirable Securities.

Also, receive deposits and make collections on favorable terms.

BELLEFONTAINE LINE,
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Stocks and Bonds wanted by
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Brokers in U. S. Government Securities, Gold Stocks and Foreign Exchange; are prepared to buy U. S. Gold Coupons for May for Gold and Currency at liberal rates.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY.

The interest due on the Mortgage Bonds of this Company April 1, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of the Company, or at the National Bank of the Republic, corner of Wall-st. and Broadway.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, March 27, 1867.

ELECTION.
ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
No. 16 WALL-ST.

An election for thirty Directors and three Inspectors of the next election will be held at the office of this Company, on the 10th day of April next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M.

JAMES YERRANCE, Secretary.

JERSEY CITY COUPONS.

NOTICE.—The Coupons due 1st April, on the Bonds of Jersey City, will be paid on presentation at the Second National Bank, Jersey City, or at the Fourth National Bank, New-York.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
EDMUND HURRY, No. 44 Nassau-st.

1866.
OFFICE OF THE
SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
INSURANCE BUILDINGS,
No. 49 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 30, 1867.

The following statement of the affairs of this Company is published in conformity with the requirements of the 10th section of the act of its incorporation:

Premiums on unexpired risks, Dec. 31, 1865		$640,311 00
Premiums received during the year to Dec. 31, 1866:		
On Marine Risks	$2,383,246 07	
On Inland Risks	212,103 14	2,595,349 21
Total		$3,235,660 92
The amount of earned Premiums during the year, less return premiums, was		2,120,320 80
Losses paid during the year:		
On Marine Risks	$2,382,038 82	
On Inland Risks	202,749 99	
Expenses and Reinsurance	208,638 34	
Total		$2,886,407 14
The assets of the Company on the 31st December, 1866, were as follows, viz.:		
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages		$440,650 00
United States Stocks, Loans on Stocks, Accrued Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and Loans, Rents of Real Estate, Salvage, &c.		
Cash		426,548 42
Bills Receivable		91,778 04
Premium Accounts not yet collected		942,864 68
Scrip of sundry Mutual Insurance Companies		84,345 25
		3,103 0
Total		$1,988,889 39

The foregoing statement has been made to conform strictly to the requirements of the Company's charter.

The receipts and expenditures of the Company for the year ending 31st December, 1866, have been as follows:

Expenditures for Marine Losses, Return Premiums, Expenses, &c.		$3,806,069 14
Receipts from Earned Premiums, Profits on Gold, &c.		2,575,463 26
Excess of expenditures over receipts		$330,606 88
The Company were liable at the end of the year for Unpaid Losses, Return Premiums, Commissions, &c., estimated at	$648,611 43	
Less to be received for advance in value of Real Estate, Stocks, &c., and for sundry Salvage, Reinsurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at	413,426 36	235,185 07
Deficiency		$1,165,791 95
Amount of outstanding Scrip called in and canceled		$4,161,820 00

In view of the above result, the Board of Trustees have this day ordered that the outstanding Scrip or Certificates of Profits heretofore issued by the Company be reduced their entire amount, and the Certificates issued therefor called in and canceled.

Holders of Certificates not heretofore redeemed are hereby notified of the action of the Board, and are requested to surrender such certificates at the office of the Company for cancelation.

The Board of Trustees also resolved that a subscription of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of notes in advance of premiums be taken up, in addition to the cash capital of FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS already subscribed, and not included in the above assets.

No fire risks, disconnected from marine, have been taken by the Company.

The Company, on the 31st December, 1866, held assets as above, valued at		$1,988,889 39
The total of all ascertained and estimated liabilities on that day were, (exclusive of the amount of premiums on outstanding risks, $636,708 75)		1,356,157 59
		$632,731 80
Cash capital subscribed and all paid in		500,000 00
Making amount of assets remaining with the Company, (exclusive of the proposed subscription of notes in advance of premiums,)		$1,132,731 80

By order of the Board,
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, WM. TOEL,
ROSWELL SPRAGUE, EDWARD R. ANTHONY,
JOHN CHADWICK, THOS. J. SLAUGHTER,
WM. H. MACY, JOSEPH GAILLARD, Jr.
SAMUEL L. MITCHELL, ALEX. M. LAWRENCE,
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WM. VON SACHS, JAMES M. CAMPBELL.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
EDWARD R. ANTHONY, Vice-President.
ISAAC R. WALKER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY,
JACKSONVILLE, Ill., March 28, 1867.

COUPONS OF THE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, due April 1, 1867, will be paid on and after that date at the office of Messrs. M. K. Jesup & Co., No. 84 Broadway, New-York, free of Government tax.

D. B. HOWARD, Treasurer.

HEYDRICK BROTHERS' OIL COMPANY.—A meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the Troy House, (a public hotel,) in the City of Troy, N. Y., on the 16th day of April, 1867, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. All stockholders are requested to attend.

By order of the Board of Trustees.
F. P. ALLEN, Secretary.
TROY, March 26, 1867.

OFFICE OF ...OTT, DAVIDSON & JONES, BANKERS,
Nos. 59 and 61 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 2, 1867.

WE OFFER FOR SALE ANY PART OF $100,000 St. Louis Six per Cent. Bonds at 81 per Cent. flat. Bonds dated 1st of April, 1867, payable twenty years from date; interest payable at National Bank of Republic, New-York. Liberal commission allowed brokers.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R. CO.,
CHICAGO, Ill., March 28, 1867.

COUPONS OF INCOME BONDS OF THE Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, due April 1, 1867, will be paid on and after that date at the office of Messrs. M. K. Jesup & Co., No. 84 Broadway, New-York, less Government tax.

W. M. LARRABEE, Treasurer.

FINANCIAL.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the SECOND NATIONAL BANK, in New-York, in the State of New-York, on the morning of the first Monday of April, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Dr.—		
Loans and discounts		$733,977 06
Commercial paper	$492,960 06	
Demand loans	241,017 00	
Overdrafts		
Current expenses		332 60
Premiums		4,974 88
Cash items, exchanges, &c., as per schedule		20,585 80
Due from National Banks, as per schedule		140,945 48
U. S. bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes		18,141 94
		300,000 00
U. S. bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure deposits	$50,000 00	
Other U. S. securities deposited with the U. S. Treasurer to secure deposits	100,000 00	150,000 00
Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National Banks		18,267 00
Fractional currency		7,142 60
Legal-tender notes	$201,775 00	
Compound interest notes	180,000 00	381,775 00
Total		$1,776,092 06

LIABILITIES.

Cr.—		
Capital stock paid in		$300,000 00
Surplus fund	$75,000 00	
Interest	5,522 66	
Profit and loss	9,925 84	90,448 50
Circulating notes received from Comptroller	270,000 00	
Less amount on hand		
Amount outstanding		270,000 00
Individual deposits		823,904 35
United States deposits		189,327 04
Due to National Banks, as per schedule		102,298 18
Due to other Banks and Bankers, as per schedule		113 99
Total		$1,776,092 06

I, CHARLES P. HARTT, Cashier of the Second National Bank, New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHARLES P. HARTT, Cashier.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 2d day of April, 1867.

THOS. B. CLIFFORD,
Commissioner of Deeds, City and County of New-York.
[Five cent U. S. Int. Rev. stamp, canceled.]

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the "NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK" in New-York, in the State of New-York, on the morning of the first Monday of April, 1867:

RESOURCES.

Dr.—		
Loans and discounts		$3,171,827 00
Commercial paper	$2,455,573 77	
Demand loans	490,105 64	
Indebtedness of directors	226,142 59	
Overdrafts		1,294 83
Banking-house		175,000 00
Current expenses		13,266 83
Cash items		564,580 67
Due from National Banks		191,197 88
Due from other Banks		1,512 38
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes		1,000,000 00
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure deposits		200,000 00
U. S. Bonds and securities on hand		944,416 80
Other stocks		34,000 00
Cash on hand in circulating notes of other Nat'l Banks	$26,000 00	
Cash on hand in circulating notes of State Banks	275 00	26,275 00
Specie		79,421 99
Legal-tender notes	$308,294 84	
Compound interest notes	1,200,000 00	1,508,294 84
Total		$7,910,112 86

LIABILITIES.

Cr.—		
Capital stock		$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,155,242 56
Circulating notes received from Comptroller		900,000 00
Individual deposits, including uncollected checks		4,520,366 17
United States deposits		45,400 38
Due to National Banks		166,007 02
Due to other Banks		9,706 86
State Bank circulation outstanding		10,515 00
Discount		99,537 87
Dividends unpaid		1,317 00
Total		$7,910,112 86

I, JOHN L. EVERITT, Cashier of the "National Broadway Bank," do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 2d day of April, 1867.

WILLIAM B. ROCKWELL, Notary Public.
[Five Cent U. S. Int. Rev. stamp, canceled.]

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION of THE NATIONAL BUTCHERS AND DROVERS' BANK, in New-York, in the State of New-York, on the morning of the first Monday of April, 1867:

RESOURCES.

Dr.—		
Loans and discounts		$4,335,638 76
Commercial paper	$3,894,369 79	
Demand loans	280,573 50	
Indebtedness of Directors	160,695 47	
Overdrafts		437 86
Banking-house	$50,000 00	
Other real estate	13,200 00	63,200 00
Current expenses		9,666 83
Cash items, exchanges, &c.		201,648 91
Supt. Bank Dept., Albany		12,785 00
Due from National Banks		42,580 27
U. S. Bonds dep'd with U. S. Treasurer to secure cir'g notes		297,000 00
U. S. Bonds and securities on hand		519,000 00
Other stocks and bonds, N. Y. State and N. Y. County		167,835 46
Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National Banks		39,123 00
Specie		35,068 66
Fractional currency		877 43
Legal tender notes	$556,405 00	
Compound interest notes	33,080 00	589,485 00
Total		$5,344,147 00

LIABILITIES.

Cr.—		
Capital stock paid in		$800,000 00
Surplus fund		200,000 00
Circulating notes received from Comptroller	$266,600 00	
Less amount on hand	17,317 00	
Amount outstanding		249,283 00
Individual deposits		1,674,121 25
Due to National Banks		313,267 57
Due to other banks and bankers		23,203 17
State Bank circulation outstanding		11,531 00
Discount	$19,981 53	
Interest	40,112 99	
Profit and loss	12,647 49	72,741 01
Total		$3,344,147 00

I, G. G. BRINCKERHOFF, Cashier of the National Butchers and Drovers' Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. G. BRINCKERHOFF, Cashier.

State of New-York, City and County of New-York.—Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 2d day of April, 1867.

G. G. TAYLOR, Commissioner of Deeds.
[Five cent U. S. Inter. Rev. stamp canceled.]

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK in New-York, and in the State of New-York, on the morning of the first Monday of April, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$217,954 36
Overdrafts		3,046 32
Banking-house		225,000 00
Current expenses		35,372 16
Due from National Banks		416,679 77
Due from other Banks and Bankers		57,686 82
U. S. Bonds deposited with the U. S. Treasurer to secure Circulating Notes		2,300,000 00
Bonds and Mortgages		94,020 24
Cash on hand in Notes of other National Banks		24,692 00
Cash on hand in Notes of State Banks		20,494 66
Cash items checks on County Banks paid		16,830 23
Specie		82,695 72
Fractional Currency		3,095 00
Legal-tender Notes		1,557,611 00
Compound Interest Notes		316,500 00
Total		$13,561,678 48

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$4,000,000 00
Surplus Fund		1,520,894 74
Circulating Notes received from Comptroller	$2,225,000	
Less amount on hand	5,975	[illegible]
Amount outstanding		2,219,025 00
Individual deposits		3,423,089 64
Dividends unpaid		13,982 00
Due to National Banks		1,382,302 24
Due to other Banks and Bankers		798,356 16
State Bank circulation outstanding		26,200 00
Discount		151,646 59
Exchanges		851 07
Interest		16,707 10
Profit and loss		29,351 94
Total		$13,561,678 48

I, GEORGE J. SENEY, Cashier of the Metropolitan National Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(Signed) GEORGE J. SENEY, Cashier.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn and subscribed before me this — day of April, 1867.

ROBERT OWEN, Notary Public, New-York.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIFTH NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK on the morning of the first Monday in April, 1867:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$452,113 78
Overdrafts		661 72
Current expenses		3,638 38
Taxes paid		2,963 84
Cash items, (uncollected checks, &c.)		57,552 01
Due from banks		118,227 72
United States bonds		171,500 00
Notes on hand other National Banks		9,600 00
Specie		9,610 80
Fractional currency		329 70
Legal-tenders		276,886 00
Total		$1,103,623 55

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		150,000 00
Surplus fund		24,672 76
Circulating notes	$105,500	
Less on hand	265	105,235 00
Individual deposits		748,179 60
United States deposits		66,502 66
Profits		11,008 53
Dividends unpaid		25 00
Total		$1,103,623 55

I, A. THOMPSON, Cashier of the Fifth National Bank, New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

A. THOMPSON, Cashier.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn to and subscribed before me this 2d day of April, 1867.

E. STEPHENSON, Notary Public, New-York City.
[Five cent Internal Revenue stamp canceled.]

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE STUYVESANT BANK on Saturday, the 30th day of March, 1867:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$450,076 43
Due from Banks	12,335 04
Due from the Directors of the Bank	41,500 00
Cash Items, viz: Exchanges and Checks	108,387 79
Stocks, $10,025; Promissory and U. S. 7 3-10 notes and indebtedness certificates	10,025 00
Bills of Solvent Banks and U. S. Demand Notes	28,869 92
Loss and Expense Account	1,909 00
Furniture and Fixtures	4,686 85
Total	$615,681 03

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$200,000 00
Profits	5,075 79
Due to Banks	4 60
Due Depositors, on Demand	410,600 64
Total	$615,681 03

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss.—WM. S. CARMAN, President, and JOHN VAN ORDEN, Cashier of the STUYVESANT BANK, a bank located and doing business at City of New-York, in the said county, being duly sworn, each for himself saith that the foregoing is, in all respects, a true statement of the condition of the said bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday the 30th day of March, 1867, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief; and that the business of the said bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.

WM. S. CARMAN, President.
JOHN VAN ORDEN, Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents the 2d day of April, 1867.

THEO. HUMBERT,
Notary Public for City and County of New-York.
(Five cent Int. Rev. stamp, canceled.)

NEW-YORK, March 30, 1867.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Jeffersonville, Madison and Indianapolis Railroad Company, due 1st of April, will be paid at the St. Nicholas National Bank, No. 7 Wall-st., on presentation.

D. RICKETTS, President.

FINANCIAL.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, in City of New-York, in the State of New-York, on the morning of the first Monday of April, 1867:

RESOURCES.

Dr.—		
Loans and discounts		$2,686,521 78
Commercial paper	$2,224,653 04	
Demand loans	417,350 00	
Other suspended and overdue paper	2,018 74	
Indebtedness of Directors	42,500 00	
Overdrafts		569 92
Banking-house		126,000 00
Current expenses		12,425 41
Premiums		5,384 66
Cash items (including Revenue stamps)		465,656 12
Due from National Banks		207,351 89
Due from other Banks and Bankers		4,512 00
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes		500,000 00
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure deposits		74,000 00
New-York County 7 per cent. Bonds		54,188 88
Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National Banks	17,083 00	
Cash on hand in circulating notes of State Banks	1,603 00	18,686 00
Specie		17,547 29
Fractional currency		1,503 33
Legal-tender notes	408,660 00	
Compound interest notes	451,710 00	860,370 00
Total		$5,034,653 08

LIABILITIES.

Cr.—		
Capital stock paid in		$1,235,000 00
Surplus fund		151,357 41
Circulating notes received from Comptroller	$450,000 00	
Less amount on hand	877 00	
Amount outstanding		449,123 00
Individual deposits		2,311,081 33
United States Deposits		59,787 32
Due to National Banks		772,513 08
Due to other Banks and Bankers		5,959 93
State Bank circulation outstanding		4,006 00
Discount	40,420 99	
Interest	5,374 02	45,795 01
Total		$5,034,653 08

I, EDWARD J. OAKLEY, Cashier of the Merchants' Exchange National Bank, of and in the City of New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.

State of New-York, City and County of New-York, ss.: Sworn to and subscribed before me, this second day of April, 1867.

JONATHAN MARSHALL,
Notary Public in and for City and County of New-York.
[Five cent U. S. Int. Rev. stamp, canceled.]

W. B. SCOTT & CO., BANKERS, NO. 44 PINE-ST.—Railroad Bonds bought and sold on commission. Bonds giving an interest of 10 per cent. per annum for sale. Galena and Chicago 2d Mortgage Bonds wanted.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 26th-st.

Six per cent. interest paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

All deposits made on or before the 10th of April will draw interest from the 1st of April.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK.

Money deposited before April 21 will draw interest from April 1.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON SUMS FROM $5 TO $5,000.

HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF BOWERY AND CANAL-ST. ALL DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE APRIL 20 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM APRIL 1.

Six per cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Bank open every day, from 10 to 3 o'clock, and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings from 5 to 7.

GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
No. 96 Warren-st.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto, free of Government tax. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M. Money deposited now will draw interest from April 1.

WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Sec'y.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
No. 10 Cooper Institute, 3d-av.

SIX PER CENT. interest paid (free of Government tax) on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Deposits made now will draw interest from April 1.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
W. J. BARNES, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of Laight.
SIX PER CENT. Interest on $5 to $5,000, free of tax.
Money deposited before April 21 bears interest from April 1. ASSETS, $3,116,424 26.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of Thirty-fourth-st. and Eighth-av.

MONEY DEPOSITED on or before the 20th of APRIL will draw interest from April 1. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID, free of Tax. Open Daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Also, on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.

JOHN HOOPER, President.
FREDERICK L. VULTE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK—8TH-AV., corner of 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest free of tax. Deposits made on or before April 10 will draw interest at once.

THOMAS CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 27, 1867.

DIVIDEND NO. 13.—THE BOARD OF DIrectors of this Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½) free of Government tax, on the stock, payable on and after TUESDAY, 16th April, 1867, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., to those registered at New-York, and at the office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The transfer-books will close on the 30th day of March, 1867, at 2 P. M., and reopen the 17th day of April, 1867.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, NO. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 23, 1867.

FORTIETH DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. OUT OF THE EARNINGS of the road for the THREE MONTHS ending 31st inst., payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th April next. Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 25th inst. and reopened on the morning of the 7th proximo.

HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, NO. 270 WEST 30TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FOUR per cent., free of Government tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Company, at this office, on the 15th inst. The Transfer Books will be closed on the 10th until the 16th inst.

O. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing in the banking and stock commission business under the firm name of GEO. MANLEY & HARVEY expires this day by mutual consent.

The business will be continued by the undersigned, A. W. HARVEY, at the office occupied by us, No. 34 Broad st.

GEO. MANLEY,
A. W. HARVEY.
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

DISSOLUTION.—THE SPECIAL COPARTnership heretofore existing under the name of T. L. TAYLOR & REED, is this day dissolved by consent of parties, notice of such dissolution having been duly filed, recorded and advertised as required by statute.

THOS. L. TAYLOR,
THOS. REED,
JOHN MAXWELL, } Specials.
W. R. FINCH, }

COPARTNERSHIP.

The subscribers have formed a copartnership under the name and firm of THOMAS REED & CO., and will continue the banking and brokerage business at No. 6 Wall-st.

THOMAS REED,
WM. THOMPSON,
JNO. MAXWELL, Special.
APRIL 1, 1867.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of LIPPINCOTT & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. H. R. FORD retiring from the firm.

NEW-YORK, March 30, 1867.

JOHN LIPPINCOTT,
GEORGE P. FREEMAN,
H. R. FORD.

The "Wright's Patent Sectional Spring Bed" business will be continued by the remaining partners, under the firm name of LIPPINCOTT & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 30, 1867.

JOHN LIPPINCOTT,
GEORGE P. FREEMAN.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style and firm of DOMETT & NICHOLS, for the transaction of a Stock Commission and Banking business, at No. 13 Broad-st. Government Securities, Gold and Stocks bought and sold exclusively on commission.

HENRY W. DOMETT,
JAMES R. NICHOLS,
(Late of the firm of John Bryan & Co.)
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of PETERS & PROBST, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. J. D. PROBST will sign in liquidation.

NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

WM. PETERS,
J. D. PROBST.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A LONG-ESTABLISHED BUSIness in the best part of Broadway, "west side." A large and profitable business has been done in LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. The lease of the whole house, stock, fixtures of store and good will, will be sold at a reasonable price for cash. The only reason for selling is the owner's fortune being made. For particulars, address J. O., Box 1,199 General Post-office, New-York.

TO LIME BURNERS.—ANY ONE WISHING to work a lime-quarry can obtain the right to do so on percentage of the proceeds. It is situated in Columbia County, about three miles from the East Camp landing, Germantown. It will require about $1,000 capital to start it. For further particulars apply at the office of E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $100,000 IN AN old established dry goods jobbing house, location one of the best. The senior partner wishing to retire, the remaining partners will contribute a like amount. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 1 Pine-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successors to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

PERSONAL.

C. L. M.—HOPES TO SEE YOU ABOUT MIDdle of May; hitherto impossible; write D. Y. R. immediately your plans, that he may arrange accordingly and write you. The person who received the wrong letter will be in the City during this week.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED LAUNdress, ladies' and gentlemen's washing or family washing by the month; is capable of doing all kinds of fine washing and fluting in the neatest style; or would go out by the day to flute; best of City reference. Address or call at No. 305 East 26th-st., second door from 2d-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR EXPERIENCED meat and pastry cooks, experienced nurses, waitresses, laundresses, cooks, washers and ironers, and first-class housemaids, with unexceptionable references to the first families in Brooklyn, at MANNING'S, No. 15 Court-st., one door from Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO VERY reliable and trusty servants to do the entire work of a gentleman's family between them, in either City or country; have excellent recommendations and will be found willing and obliging servants. Apply at HICKEY & CO.'S office, No. 109 Pineapple-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant, a situation as seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine, and is willing to assist in chamberwork; has lived with families of distinction in Europe, and has first-class City reference. Call at No. 85 Perry-st., corner of Bleecker.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as child's nurse; is competent to take charge of an infant; has four years' reference; no objections to go in the country for the Summer; wages not so much an object as a comfortable home. Call at No. 199 East 20th-st., top floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOman, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress; understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; also hair-dressing; has excellent City reference. Can be seen at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 13th-st.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S NO. 329 FOURTH-av., 25th-st., situations for a large number of recommended excellent cooks; cooks, washers and ironers; nurses, seamstresses, waitresses, chambermaids, laundresses, houseworkers, young girls, &c.; City or country, of all nations.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman to do chamberwork and waiting; would not object to assist in washing or making herself useful in other respects in a private family; has three years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen at No. 157 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman, who understands both English and American cooking, in a small private family; is an excellent baker; has no objection to assist with the washing; can be well recommended. Address No. 35 Trinity-place, in the rear of Trinity Church.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN MAN AND HIS wife, who desire to life together in the same family, situations—the woman to do general housework, the man to work in a garden, or look after horses, or to work on a farm. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY REspectable young English Protestant girl as competent nurse and seamstress or lady's maid; understands hairdressing in all its branches; City or country; would like to travel with a family to Europe; good testimonials. Apply at BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as first-class family seamstress and chambermaid; can cut and fit in the neatest manner; good reference. Apply at No. 103 West 36th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl, just arrived from England, in a respectable family, to take care of one or two children and assist in chamberwork; has the best of reference. Call at No. 139 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE BY A respectable Protestant woman, can take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; no objection to travel; best of City references. Inquire at No. 143 East 13th-st., 4th bell.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST REspectable young woman as nurse; is fully capable of taking charge of a baby from its birth; best of City reference given. Call at No. 22 East 39th-st., from her present employer's, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as waitress or chambermaid, or would go as child's nurse, in a private family; no others need apply. Can be seen or heard of at No. 344 East 16th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SERVANT A situation as chambermaid or seamstress; can fulfill any situation except cooking; has the best reference from her last lady. Apply, for two days, at No. 19 East 27th-st., between Madison and 5th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman a situation as first-class cook; understands baking and pastry, all kinds of desserts, jellies and ice creams; best of City references given. Call for two days at 202 West 38th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation to travel with a lady, or would do chamberwork and plain sewing in the country. Call for two days at her present employer's, No. 20 West 17th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS situations; one as good cook, washer and ironer, the other as chambermaid and plain sewing; have good City reference. Can be seen at No. 402 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young girl as child's nurse and plain sewer; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 224 West 27th-st. (new number,) between 7th and 8th avs., first floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation to the cooking, part of the washing and ironing of a private family; is an excellent cook and baker; has good City reference. Call at No. 333 East 13th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as good cook, washer and ironer; has no objection to go to the country; has good reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 488 6th-av., between 29th and 30th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble American girl as infant's nurse and seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; or would act as lady's maid. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 95 King-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS cook who thoroughly understands her business in all its various branches, such as soups, fish, meats, poultries and desserts; has the very best of City reference. Call at No. 420 3d-av., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH Protestant young woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid in a first-class private family; best City reference. Call at No. 119 West 24th-st., third floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as child's nurse; can take care of a baby from its birth; or to wait on a lady and sew; best of references can be given. Call at No. 37 West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUAtion as first-class cook in a respectable private family; understands her business perfectly well in all its branches; can come well recommended from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 51 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR NURSE, WITH excellent City reference, a situation in the City or country; takes charge of an infant from its birth; quick at the needle; wages $16. Call at No. 183 East 21st-st. (New No. 317.)

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH Protestant woman as first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly—soup, meats, pastry, all kinds of desserts; is a good baker; has good reference. Call at No. 139 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A SEAMSTRESS, A SITUATION; can cut and fit and do all kinds of family sewing, and see to grown children; has the best of reference. Can be seen at No. 245 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid; is willing to assist in sewing and make children's clothes; has an idea of dressmaking; is willing to go in the country. Apply at No. 337 East 16th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant girl as nurse and seamstress, or to take care of a baby from its birth; has nine years' City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 16 West 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GOOD COOK, washer and ironer; is a good baker; no objection to go a short distance in the country; has good reference. Call at No. 139 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble girl as nurse; is a neat hand at braiding and embroidering; has the best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 35 West 13th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A COOK, WASHER AND IRONer, who can take the place of laundress or general houseworker, a situation. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman as laundress; with the best of City references; can be seen till suited at No. 64 West Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID and plain seamstress; no objection to travel with a family; the best of City reference. Call at No. 67 West 20th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS waitress, with the best of City reference, in a private family. Call at No. 110 West 18th-st., Room No. 4, between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG American girl as chambermaid or to take care of children and sew. Has reference from her last place. Apply at No. 321 East 21st-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as chambermaid and to do fine washing, with the best of City reference. Call at No. 64 West Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT COMpetent young girl as waitress and chambermaid, with the best of City reference; no objections to go to the country. Call at No. 64 West Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as laundress in a small private family. Call at No. 98 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., third floor, back room; can be seen for one day.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as good cook; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 38 West 13th-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A TIDY, SMART YOUNG GIRL, a situation as first-class waitress, or would do chamberwork; has the best City reference. Call at No. 137 East 40th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GERMAN girl, a situation as nurse or to do chamber work and sewing, or to assist in waiting. Apply at No. 5 East 10th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A CAPABLE person as chambermaid and seamstress in a private family; willing to go into the country for the Summer. Call and see at her present situation, 119 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waitress; can give the best of reference; no objection to go to the country. Apply at No. 147 East 32d-st., between 3d and Lexington avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman to do sewing by the day, week or month. Call, for two days, at No. 494 3d-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as waitress. Can give the best of City reference. Call at No. 494 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; has first-class City reference. Call or address 156 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A SITuation as chambermaid; has City reference. Can be seen at No. 490 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT girl, a situation as first-class waitress in a private family. Can be seen at No. 89 West 11th-st., near 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as first-class cook; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 526 6th-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN A situation as cook in a private family; has best of City references. Apply for two days at No. 228 East 14th-st., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK IN A PRIvate family; no objection to assist in washing and ironing; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 136 East 58th-st., near Lexington-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, a situation to go out to work by the day, or take family washing to her own house. Call at No. 326 7th-av., above 32d-st., first floor.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECtable girls; one as cook and laundress, the other as chambermaid and waitress; have the very best of City references. Call for two days at No. 223 West 46th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN A situation as good plain cook; no objection to assist in washing and ironing; best of City reference. Call for two days at No. 142 21st-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION as a first-class waitress; has a good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 265 West 45th-st., near 9th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant woman as nurse or chambermaid; has the best of City reference. Apply at the house of her last employer, No. 27 Madison-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and waitress. Call at No. 347 5th-av., between 33d and 34th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as waitress; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 74 10th-av., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as cook; good reference. Apply for two days at No. 18 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED PROTESTant woman a situation in a small private family to do the cooking; good reference. Call at 56 East 28th-st.

A STEADY, COMPETENT PROTESTANT nurse and seamstress; understands every kind of sewing machines and every kind of family fine sewing; five years' reference from one of the best families. Address B, Box No. 111 *Times* Office.

A LADY WISHES TO OBTAIN A SITUation as seamstress for a woman of middle age, of unquestionable character, and thoroughly competent. Apply for two days at No. 40 West 32d-st., between 2 and 5 P. M.

TO TRAVELERS ABROAD.—A MIDDLE-aged woman offers her services as seamstress, nurse, &c.; would like to travel in Europe; the best of references furnished. Apply at No. 39 South Oxford-st., Brooklyn.

FAMILIES AND ALL OTHERS WANTING good servants, German girls, &c., City or country, can be suited promptly at American and Foreign Employment Association, No. 106 6th-av., between 8th and 9th sts. German spoken here also.

A PROTESTANT WIDOW WOMAN, with one little boy, wishes to obtain a gentleman's house to take care of for the Summer months; has excellent City reference. Call at No. 43 East 32d-st.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER WISHES employment to go out by the day; can cut and fit ladies and children's dresses. Call at No. 61 West 12th-st.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN 27 years of age, lately landed from England, a situation in some respectable family as coachman and groom; he has had 14 years' experience in the care and management of horses, and is a first-class driver; can drive from four to six in hand; or would take charge of an invalid gentleman; no objection to city or country. Apply, or address for three days, No. 50 4th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a competent man of unexceptionable character; understands the care and breaking in of young horses; is a professed trainer to saddle or harness; any gentleman requiring such would find advertiser an acquisition; good reference. Address R. C., for two days, Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MARRIED GENTLEman, of sterling character, active, willing, energetic and faithful, unexceptionable City and other recommendations, wants a situation immediately in City or country; salary at the option of parties needing such an employe. Address FIDELITY, Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, plain gardener, &c., by a very desirable, capable young man; is a careful and experienced driver and hostler; is obliging and trustworthy, and can give perfect satisfaction; best references given; City or country. Apply to T. H. HENDRICKSON, No. 15 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS gardener in a respectable place, who is thoroughly experienced and a long time in this country; practically proficient in the treatment of green-houses, vinery, fruit, vegetables, propagating, &c.; eight years' recommendation from last two places; married, with a small family. Address J. K., 38 Wall-st., care of Mr. Hyser.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A married young man with a small family; understands his business in all its branches; is a good, careful driver and first-class groom; knows the City well; can produce the best of City reference. Address D. H., Box No. 182 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, sober, single man as vegetable gardener and coachman; understands the care of horses and cows; can milk, if required; a country place preferred; can come well recommended. Apply to M. O'MAHONEY, Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER BY A married man; a Scotchman; has no encumbrance; who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; good reference given. Can be seen, or address for two days, W. G., at Henderson & Fleming's, No. 67 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY a single man, who understands the raising of all kinds of vegetables, the care and treatment of horses and all kinds of stock; is willing to make himself generally useful; has the best of City reference. Address J. B., Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN 22 years of age as coachman in a private family; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; has got the best of City references. Apply or address to GRESHAM'S Union Livery Stables, Nos. 1,237 and 1,239 Broadway, between 30th and 31st sts.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, WITH EIGHT or ten years of experience, a situation as coachman; is willing and obliging; has the best of reference from his last employers; has no objection to City or country, has driven in both. Address J. M., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND wife, (French,) man as gardener; understands greenhouse, grapery, &c.; wife as nurse, chambermaid, or waitress; both are willing to make themselves useful; have the best recommendations. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener by a married man; has had a thorough practical knowledge of the business; wife would take charge of the dairy; can give good reference. Call or address G. Y., at Smith's seed-store, No. 201 Fulton-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands the care and management of horses; is a good and careful driver; the best of country and City reference if required. Address T. S., Box No. 196 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED COACHman, who is a good and careful driver, and understands the care and management of horses, harness, carriages, &c., a situation; good references. Apply at Mrs. WHITFIELD'S, No. 404 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a middle-aged man; thoroughly acquainted with its various branches, peacheries, graperies, greenhouses, propagating and forcing hardy fruit and vegetables. Address W., at Messrs. Thourburn's, No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER IN a private family by a single man; is a Protestant; 18 years in the country; understands raising and taking care of all kinds of vegetables, dressing flowers, and keeping a place neat and in order; satisfactory reference given. Address J. K., Box No. 208 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a single man; understands his business in both branches; will make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place; best of reference from his last employer. Address T. O., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a respectable man, with a small family, who understands vegetable gardening and care of stock, and can be highly recommended for integrity and industry. Can be seen for three days at Mr. Young's, No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as groom and coachman, who can show first-class City reference, and is a good careful driver; no objection to the City or country. Call until suited at 17 East 30th-st., at Mr. Harnett's stables, for four days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a young man who thoroughly understands his business; can furnish the best of reference from last employer. Address, for two days, J. F., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE, sober and steady man, with unexceptionable reference, a situation as waiter in a family. Call at No. 64 West 18th-st. for two days. No objection to go into the country.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A SOBER MAN and his wife, both English; the man as first-class waiter; wife as first-class cook; best of City references. Address, for one week, WAITER, No. 132 West 15th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as porter or night watchman, or would lend his employer $500 on obtaining a permanent situation and security for his money; no humbugs need apply. Address C. H., Box No. 164 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble single man as coachman, who thoroughly understands the care of horses; willing to make himself useful on a gentleman's place, if required; the best of reference. Address J. K., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED man as coachman, who thoroughly understands his business and is well acquainted with the City, and has the best of City references. Address letters to J. T., No. 222 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as coachman and groom; is willing and obliging; can produce references from each of his employers since he came to the country, 7 years ago. Address J. M., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, SITUAtions; the man as farmer, gardener or caring for horses; the wife as cook or general housekeeper; both have first-class references from former employers. Call or address PETER, No. 81 Nassau-st., Office No. 9.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE COACHMAN AND gardener a situation; understands taking care of a gentleman's place; can milk, and is willing to make himself useful and work for moderate wages. Call on or address HENRY, No. 81 Nassau-st., Room No. 9.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and plain gardener; a gentleman about to relinquish housekeeping would like to procure a situation for a young man now in his employ. Address J. S., Box No. 1,967 Post-office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man; thoroughly understands his business; is a first-rate groom; no objection to the country; good reference from his last employer. Address M. M., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; understands his business thoroughly in both branches; will make himself generally useful; good City reference. Address T. R., Box 216 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman and gardener; understands the care of saddle horses and all sorts of harness; first-class references from his last employer. Address C., Box No. 194 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS coachman and groom, Protestant, in a private family; has lived in some of the best families in the City; the best of City references given. Call or address No. 28 East 19th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a Protestant young man in a private family, with the best of reference from his last employers; the country preferred. Call for two days, or address to No. 140 Grand-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A SOBER, STEADY MAN, A situation as coachman, and make himself generally useful; the best of City and country references can be given as to capability. Address A. H., Box No. 214 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN lately landed as coachman or groom; understands his business as reference will show; will work in a garden; can milk; the country preferred. Address D. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND plain gardener by a married man, with a small family, or would take charge of a gentleman's place; the highest City reference given as to honesty and capability. Address M. C., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a young Protestant German; understands greenhouse and grapery; has the best reference from his former employer. Call at No. 176 William-st., in the restaurant.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN A SITUATION as coachman and gardener; thoroughly understands his business in both branches; country preferred; best of City reference from his last employer. Address O. B., Box No. 214 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man who perfectly understands his business; no objection to the country; best of references can be given. Address J. M., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young man a situation as porter in a grocery-store; the best of reference given. Address W. B., in care of Deverell, No. 63 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as City deliverer or coachman; understands both, and is well acquainted with the City; good references. Address M., Box No. 193 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman; he thoroughly understands the business and is well recommended from his last place. Call at No. 234 East 20th-st., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single young man; can give the best of references as to character and abilities. Address P. M., gardener, Station H., Yorkville Post-office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS VEGETABLE and flower gardener by a Scotchman who understands the management of stock; good City reference. Address F., Box No. 211 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS coachman by an Englishman; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches. Address, for three days, F. C. S., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A single young man; has the best of City reference; is willing and obliging. Address J. M., Box No. 226 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman or to take care of a pair of horses; thoroughly understands his business; has good City reference. Call at No. 121 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A COACHman; one who thoroughly understands his business. Apply to his late employer, Mr. HATCH, No. 56 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT man as first-class waiter; understands his business thoroughly; has the best City references. A note addressed to J. N., No. 746 Broadway, will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE CITY OR country, as coachman; will take care of horses and make himself generally useful. Address O. B., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHman as waiter, and his wife as chambermaid and seamstress; the very best of references; no objections to the country. Address JAMES, No. 48 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man, (Scotch;) country preferred; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 56 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCHMAN as farmer; good reference given. Apply to HENDERSON & FLEMING, No. 67 Nassau-st.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farm hands, gardeners, boys, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A LARGE NUMber of first-class girls, Protestants and others, as good cooks, to assist in the washing, competent chambermaids, waitresses, nurses and family seamstresses; also, French, German and English lady's maids to travel, and competent laundresses, first-class cooks for private families, and Summer houses, and smart girls for general housework. Girls will notice that they can be supplied with first-class situations and highest wages in City and country at Mrs. WESLEY'S Select Employment Office, No. 145 East 10th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS seamstress and nurse; one preferred who can cut and fit children's plain clothes and can use Wheeler & Wilson's machine; City reference required. Apply at No. 52 West 11th-st., between University-place and 5th-av.

WANTED—THREE PROTESTANT GIRLS; A cook to assist in washing and ironing; chambermaid and laundress; chambermaid and waitress; City reference required; no objection to color. Apply at No. 110 Bleecker-st. for two days.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS, TO GO a short distance in the country, one to cook, wash and iron, the other as housemaid and waitress; three in family; City reference required. Apply on Wednesday, between 10 and 11, at No. 26 West 45th-st.

APPRENTICES.—WANTED TWO YOUTHS to learn a light, genteel business; no one need apply unless highly respectable and living with their parents. Apply to HALE, No. 61 Ann-st., New-York.

WANTED—TWO PERFECT SALESWOMEN for the millinery and fancy store of J. KAUFMANN, No. 477½ 3d-av., near 34th-st. Best of City references required.

WANTED—A COLORED COACHMAN; SINgle; must have good reference. Call at No. 215 East 13th-st., from 12 to 2 o'clock, only.

WET NURSE—FOR AN INFANT SIX MONTHS old; a respectable, reliable person can hear of a good situation by addressing D. J. W., Box No. 4,616 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—A LADY AS AMANUENSIS. Address, with specimen of penmanship, Mrs. CLINCH, Station D.

$75 PER MONTH FOR GOOD AGENTS in all parts, to introduce our patent clothes lines. Address, stating present occupation, AMERICAN WIRE CO. Office, No. 149 Broadway, New-York.

STATIONERY.—A FIRST-CLASS CLERK wanted—none others need make application. Address STATIONERS, Box No. 109 *Times* Office.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS

UNE FILLE FRANCAISE DEMANDE A se placer; pour prendre soin d'un ou deux enfants; pas d'objection de voyager elle est munie de bons renseignement et elle sait bien coudre. Sadresser par lettre au B., Box No. 111 *Times* Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE
WATER WHEELS

REYNOLDS' PATENT sweeps the field; new improvements; low prices; does not clog; has no complications of gates or costly flume work; compact for shipment; great water-saver; the only wheel that excels overshots; gold medal awarded by American Institute for superiority. Also, Shafting and Gearing furnished when required.

GEORGE TALLCOT,
Late TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, No. 96 Liberty-st

DIETZ' LEATHER DUSTER

CHEAP, NEAT AND DURABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR OSTRICH FEATHER DUSTERS,
all styles, sizes and colors, manufactured by
GEO. E. DAYTON,
No. 693 Greenwich-st., New-York.
Sold by house furnishing stores generally.

NEW-YORK, April 2, 1867.

CAUTION.—TO ALL MANUFACTURERS AND importers and dealers in Congress Boots and Shoes, using Elastic Webbing, and all other dealers, manufacturers and importers in Garter Webbing, Suspenders, Velvets, Carpets, Tailors' Trimmings, Ribbons, and all other fabrics made under my patent.

Having had my patent extended for seven years from the 5th of April, 1867, for Weaving Elastic Webbing and other corded fabrics, I hereby caution all persons from infringing my patent, either in manufacturing machines or selling or importing or using goods made under said patent, as I shall hold all persons to a strict accountability for damage, unless they have a license from me.

All persons having infringed my patent, by entering into written contracts with WILLIAM JUDSON or the GOODYEAR ELASTIC FABRICS COMPANY, will please give an account to me of all goods so sold or used for the last six years, that was made under my Patent.

WILLIAM SMITH.
POWER'S HOTEL, Nos. 17 and 19 Park-row.
All letters addressed to me, New-York Post-office, Box No. 3,214.

WATER FILTERS.—STRIKER'S CHAMpion Water Filter (stone ware;) the water drips through six inches of solid filtering matter, consisting of bone dust, gravel, sand, charcoal, &c. Three sizes of this filter, five, eight and ten gallons. Rain, Mississippi and other water, passing through this filter, comes forth clear as crystal. HY. STRIKER, Jr., No. 257 Bleecker-st., sole manufacturer. Send for a circular. Packed and shipped.

ROUND-CORNERED PLAYING CARDS 75 cents per pack, at all stationers and fancy goods dealers. These cards will not split, and cost no more than the ordinary sharp-pointed cards common used. Wholesale at the manufacturers', SAMUEL HART & CO., No. 43 John-st., New-York.

NOTICE—THE UNDERSIGNED HAS SOLD out all his interest in the stock and business at No. 196 Court-street, Brooklyn, and no person is authorised to buy or sell any goods, wares or merchandise on my account.

B. C. HAWKINS.
MARCH 15, 1867.

MARBLE MANTELS.—350 MANTELS ON hand of every style and quality, which will be sold for the next 60 days at a liberal deduction, at A. KLABER'S Mantel Warerooms, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Out this out.

TWO CHILDREN ARE OFFERED FOR adoption by a lady in reduced circumstances, whose husband is dead. One is a girl, 7 years of age, the other a boy of 3 years; are healthy, intelligent and prepossessing. Apply at the bakery, No. 205 Greenwich-st.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT THE BRUSH FACTORY,
No. 329 Pearl-st., New-York (Harper's Building.)
All articles at the lowest factory prices.
JOHN K. HOPPEL.

MEATS, FISH, GAME, BUTTER, fruits and wine are kept better in the ZERO than any other refrigerator. ALEX. M. LESLEY, Manufacturer, No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts. Wholesale and retail.

PARIS—L'OFFICE INTERNATIONAL, RUE Neuve, St. Augustin, No. 63. Every information gratuitously. Apartments provided. Luggage warehoused

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR,
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

AFRICA leaves Boston, Wednesday, March 27.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 3.
CHINA leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 10.
JAVA leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 17.
ASIA leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 24.
SCOTIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 1.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage......$130
Second Cabin Passage......100
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage......$125
Second Cabin Passage......80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

PASSENGERS PER AUSTRALASIAN and PALMYRA embark from the Cunard Wharf, Jersey City, at 1 o'clock on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, 3d inst.
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling-Green.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.
Passage to London or Brest, $110, $65 and $30 currency. Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, April 13.
CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, April 27.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, May 11.
ATALANTA, Capt. PINKHAM, from New-York, May 25.
The elegant British iron steamship BELLONA will leave Pier No. 3 North River, for London, calling at Brest on SATURDAY, April 13, at 12 M.
Until further notice all the steamers of this line will call at Brest to land passengers. Tickets sold through by rail to Paris at 25 per cent. less than regular rates.
Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam and Dunkirk.
For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:
EUROPE......LEMARIE......SATURDAY, April 6
ST. LAURENT......BOCANDE......SATURDAY, April 20
PEREIRE......DUCHESNE......SATURDAY, May 4
VILLE DE PARIS......SURMONT......SATURDAY, May 18

PRICE OF PASSAGE (including wine) payable in gold or equivalent in currency,
TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin, $160; second cabin, $100.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $165; second cabin, $105.
Baggage checked through to Paris.
Medical attendance free of charge.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travelers going to, or coming from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railroads and crossing the channel, besides saving much time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO. (Limited.)
Steamers weekly to Liverpool, calling at Queenstown.
The splendid first-class iron steamships of this line will be dispatched as follows from Pier No. 47 North River:
ENGLAND, GRACE......SATURDAY, April 6
VIRGINIA, PROWSE......SATURDAY, Apr. 13
HELVETIA, THOMPSON......SATURDAY, Apr. 20
PENNSYLVANIA, LEWIS......SATURDAY, Apr. 27
And every Saturday thereafter.
An experienced Surgeon on each ship, free of charge.
Drafts issued for any amount, payable at any bank in Great Britain, or on the continent.
Cabin passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $80 in gold; Steerage passage, $30 in currency.
Through passage to Paris, London, Antwerp, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at low rates.
Steerage passage tickets to bring persons from Liverpool or Queenstown for $37, currency, can be obtained at No. 27 Broadway.
For freight or cabin passage apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway; for steerage tickets, at the passage office of the Company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 73 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.
THE FIRST-CLASS U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP ATLANTIC, CHAS. HOYER, Master, will leave Pier 46 N. R., on Saturday, April 6, at 11 A. M., FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN, taking passengers to Southampton, London, Havre and Bremen, at the following rates, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:
First cabin, $110; second cabin, $65; steerage, $35.
From Bremen, Southampton and Havre to New-York, first cabin, $110; second cabin, $75; steerage, 43.
EXCURSION TICKETS OUT AND HOME.
First cabin, $210; second cabin, $130; steerage, $70.
BALTIC, Capt. A. G. JONES, will follow......April 20
WESTERN METROPOLIS, Capt. WM. WEIR......May 4
For freight or passage apply to
ISAAC TAYLOR, President, No. 40 Broadway.

REDUCTION OF PASSAGE RATES.
FROM NEW-YORK TO FRANCE DIRECT.
$155 GOLD TO PARIS AND RETURN.
THE STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN,
Sir JAMES ANDERSON, Commander, having been thoroughly refitted with especial reference to this service will leave New-York
April 16, May 28, July 9.
Taking first-class passengers only.
Passage in gold or its equivalent for April trip $80, $100, $120, according to size and location of room.
Return tickets at a reduction of $20 until August.
For full information and passage apply to
WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway, New-York.
For freight to W. T. COLEMAN & CO., No. 117 Front-st., New-York.

CUNARD EMIGRANT LINE.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY.
PALMYRA......April 3
TRIPOLI......April 10
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin......$100 Gold.
Steerage......$30 Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green.
E. CUNARD.

THE FINE STEAMSHIP CITY OF NEW-YORK, of the Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45 North River, at noon on WEDNESDAY, April 17, for Liverpool, calling at Queenstown. Rates of passage: first cabin, $110; steerage, $30, currency. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway.

RETURN TICKETS TO PARIS AND BACK, FIRST CLASS, $220 IN GOLD.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:
CITY OF PARIS......SATURDAY......April 6
EDINBURGH......WEDNESDAY......April 10
CITY OF ANTWERP......SATURDAY......April 13
CITY OF NEW-YORK......WEDNESDAY......April 17
CITY OF BOSTON......SATURDAY......April 20
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamers sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$110	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	115	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	125	Steerage to Paris	45

Return tickets to Paris and back, $220 gold.
Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

DIRECT STEAMSHIP LINE BETWEEN ANTWERP AND NEW-YORK.
The undersigned will dispatch the first-class English iron steamer
OTTAWA, Capt. ARCHER.
From Antwerp......SATURDAY, March 23
From New-York......SATURDAY, April 13
taking passengers at the following rates:
From New-York, first cabin, according to location of state-rooms......$75—$80 00
Steerage......35 00
From Antwerp—First Cabin......80 00
Steerage......40 00
EXCURSION TICKETS AT
First Cabin......$170 | Steerage......$67 50
Payable in gold or its equivalent.
Other first-class steamers will follow from either side every second SATURDAY.
Freight is taken at the lowest rates for Antwerp, Rotterdam and Amsterdam.
For passage or freight apply to
MILLER & CO., No. 3 Chambers-st.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.
DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO., No. 86 South-st., and No. 23 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 22d of every month:
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, April 22.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 22.
MERRIMAC, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 22.
These elegant steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagement of freight or passage, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY......April 20 | SATURDAY......May 18
At noon.
Passage money to Nassau......$45
Passage money to Havana......50
Payable in gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EVERY THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River, the elegant sidewheel steamships
EAGLE......GREENE......THURSDAY, April 4
COLUMBIA......BARTON......THURSDAY, April 11
MORRO CASTLE......ADAMS......THURSDAY, April 18
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.—CONSIGNEES of goods per steamship BAVARIA from Hamburg, Jan. 20, and Southampton Jan. 23, (which vessel put back to Southampton in distress) are hereby notified that the remainder of her cargo has been transhipped per steamship SAXONIA, now at this port. In order to facilitate delivery of cargo, they will call at the office of the undersigned, present their bills of lading for indorsement, and sign the average bond.
LAWSON & WALKER, Average Adjusters, No. 62 Wall-st.
NEW-YORK, April 1, 1867.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.—ATLANTIC Coast Mail Steamship Company's new and first-class light-draft sidewheel steamship RAPIDAN, Capt. WM. B. EATON, will leave Pier No. 36 North River, for the above port on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

SHIPPING.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.
The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, in connection with the New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamers MISSISSIPPI and GUIDING STAR, to Havre, carrying the United States mails, from Pier No. 46 North River, at noon, on the following days, calling at Falmouth:
ARAGO......H. A. Gadsden......Saturday, April 13
MISSISSIPPI......G. V. Sumner......Saturday, April 27
FULTON......[illegible]......Saturday, May 11
GUIDING STAR......[illegible]......Saturday, May 25
ARAGO......H. A. Gadsden......Saturday, June 8
MISSISSIPPI......G. V. Sumner......Saturday, June 22
and every fourteen days thereafter.
PRICES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN GOLD.
FIRST-CLASS......$120
SECOND-CLASS......70
Through tickets to London $5 extra.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
C. K. GARRISON, for N. Y. & S. S. Co.
JOS. J. COMSTOCK, for N. Y. and H. S. S. Co.
For further information apply to
J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
J. A. WOTTON, Havre, General Agent in Europe.

REDUCTION OF RATES TO AND FROM LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.
Excursion tickets, $120, currency.
To Paris and back, first-class, $170, gold.
The favorite passenger steamers of the Anchor Line sail every SATURDAY for
LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW,
calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.
BRITANNIA, LAIRD, sails SATURDAY, April 13.
HIBERNIA, MUNRO, sails SATURDAY, April 20.
UNITED KINGDOM, SMITH, sails SATURDAY, April 27, from the Company's Pier, No. 20 North River.
Rates of passage, payable in currency:
Cabins, $110 and $90, according to location.
Steerage, $30. Prepaid certificates from Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $37.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's offices.
FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.

NOTICE TO PARTIES GOING ABROAD.
English, French, German, Spanish and American Gold and Government Securities always on hand and for sale in sums to suit. Also, Drafts in sums of $5 and upward on all the principal cities and towns of Europe.
DE JONGE & CO.,
No. 92 Broadway
Two doors above Wall-st.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE
TO CALIFORNIA,
CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.
Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock, noon, as follows:
APRIL 1.—NEW-YORK, Capt. JEFF. MAURY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. LAPIDGE.
APRIL 11.—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. A. G. GRAY, connecting with GOLDEN AGE, Capt. WATKINS.
APRIL 21.—OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. R. A. HARRIS, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. SUTTON.
All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
Departure of 11th each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.
Steamer of March 11, 1867, will connect with the Company's steamer COLORADO, to leave San Francisco for Yokohama and Hong Kong, on April 3, 1867.
100 pounds baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.
The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will sail on THURSDAY, April 11, at 12 o'clock noon.
Freights received as usual.
For rates, &c., inquire at freight office on Company's Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., Freight agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST—PASSAGE REDUCED.
The steamer QUAKER CITY, or some other steamship of the
REGULAR LINE,
will be dispatched on SATURDAY, 6th inst., at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River, connecting at Charleston for all points on the South Carolina Railroad, and with steamer DICTATOR for Florida.
Freight received on dock during all working hours.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
THE PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
The regular and popular steamship MONEKA, Capt. LEBBY, will leave on WEDNESDAY, April 3, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, landing freight on SATURDAY MORNING at Charleston.
Through tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH—EVERY THURSDAY.
The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamers
GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, sails THURSDAY, April 4.
HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. BAKER, sails THURSDAY, April 11.
From Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely. Through passage tickets and bills of lading to all points in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, and passage tickets with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad to points in Florida. For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.—EVERY TUESDAY.—Murray's Steamship Line.—The new and elegant steamship LEO, H. C. DEARBORN, Commander, will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, foot of Wall-st., on TUESDAY, April 9, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Through bills of lading and passage tickets given to all points in connection with the Georgia Central Railroad. Freight received daily. Freight marked care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad will be forwarded free of charge. For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.
OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FROM PIER 37 NORTH RIVER, FOOT BEACH-ST.
Steamship ALBEMARLE, Capt. BOWEN, leaves every WEDNESDAY at 12 o'clock noon.
Steamship HATTERAS, Capt. ALEXANDER, leaves every SATURDAY at 12 o'clock noon.
Giving through bills of lading to all points on the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and its connections.
Bills of lading signed on the pier.
For freight or passage apply to the office on the pier, or to N. L. McCREADY, President, No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.

THE OLD LINE
FOR RICHMOND, NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.
From Pier No. 21, North River.
Steamship SARATOGA, Capt. KING, leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
Steamship NIAGARA, Capt. S. BLAKEMAN, every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE, No. 115 Broadway, Agents.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—BLACK STAR LINE.
The steamship
MONTGOMERY,
will leave on SATURDAY, April 6, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 o'clock precisely.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent, Corner Cedar and West sts.
DAVID McCOARD, Agent in New-Orleans.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class steamship GEN. GRANT, Capt. G. W. COUCH, will leave Pier No. 9 North River on SATURDAY, April 6, at 3 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO. No. 86 West-st.
The GEN. MEADE will follow April 13.

STAR LINE FOR NEW-ORLEANS.—THE NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S fine ocean steamers will leave Pier No. 46 North River, at 3 P. M., as follows:
MISSOURI on SATURDAY, April 6.
MATANZAS on SATURDAY, April 13.
MONTEREY on SATURDAY, April 20.
All bills of lading signed at the office upon the pier.
For freight or passage apply to
C. K. GARRISON, President, No. 5 Bowling-green

REGULAR LINE
FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS, DIRECT.
The first-class steamship
PERIT,
E. A. DELANOY, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River on THURSDAY, April 4, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely for Galveston direct. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. S. passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

LONG ISLAND NAVIGATION COMPANY.
On and after March 15, 1867, the steamers of this Company will run as follows, leaving Pier No. 42 East River (foot of Rutgers-st.) New-York:
FOR SAG HARBOR, GREENPORT, ORIENT AND NEW-SUFFOLK.—Steamer ARTISAN, Capt. G. C. GIBBS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 4 P. M.
FOR PORT JEFFERSON AND STONY BROOK.—Steamer SUNBEAM, Capt. R. A. HILDRETH, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, as per time table.
The new and beautiful sidewheel steamer RIVER QUEEN will be put on the route to Sag Harbor about May 1, 1867.
DAVID WILLIAMS, President, No. 5 Beekman-st.
J. S. TUTHILL, Agent, No. 5 James-slip.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH, SANDY HOOK, HIGHLANDS, PORT WASHINGTON, MOUNT'S AND BROWN'S DOCK, FAIRHAVEN AND RED BANK.
FAVORITE STEAMBOAT META,
Capt. JOHN P. CORLIES.
Will leave south side of Barclay-st. Ferry as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, April 2, 3 P. M.	Wednesday, April 3, 8 P. M.
Thursday, April 4, 4 P. M.	Friday, April 5, 9 A. M.
Saturday, April 6, 5½ P. M.	Monday, April 8, 6½ A. M.

MARCH—1867.
SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH, AND RED BANK.
Steamer SEA BIRD will leave Pier foot of Chambers-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Tuesday, April 2	3 P. M.	Monday, April 1	[illegible]
Wednesday, 3d	[illegible]	Wednesday, 3d	[illegible]
Thursday, 4th	[illegible]	Thursday, 4th	[illegible]
Saturday, 6th	[illegible]	Friday, 5th	[illegible]
Tuesday, 9th	10½ A. M.	Monday, 8th	7½ A. M.

REGULAR HARTFORD LINE.
First-class steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE leave Peck-slip, East River, daily (except Sundays) at 4 P. M., for Hartford, Conn., connecting for Springfield, Cabotville, Holyoke, Northampton, and all Connecticut River towns for passengers and freight. Fare $1 50 to Hartford; second-class $1 25.

FOR ALBANY AND TROY AND ALL POINTS NORTH AND EAST.—The first-class steamers of the New-York and Troy Steamboat Company leave daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., from their new and extensive wharf, Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &c.—Fare 75 cents. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

AUCTION SALES.

A. L. RICHARDS & Co., Auctioneers.
FIFTH SPRING SALE OF BOOTS AND SHOES.
At their store,
NO. 4 CORTLANDT-ST.,
ON
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3, 1867, AT 10½ O'CLOCK,
When they will offer a
LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT
OF
SPRING GOODS,
comprising almost every
STYLE AND QUALITY.
ALSO
100 LOTS OF STOCK GOODS.
All in good order.

BENJ. F. THEALL, Auctioneer—Late salesman with E. H. Ludlow & Co.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, SUPERB REAL BRONZES, PAINTINGS, ROSEWOOD BILLIARD TABLE, CARPETS, &c.
THEALL & BROS. will sell by auction on THURSDAY, April 4, 1867, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 119 5th-av., northeast corner 19th-st., the entire contents of said house, viz.: Superb ebony and rosewood parlor furniture; [illegible] cabinets and [illegible]; superior French plate pier and mantel mirrors; [illegible] of rosewood and walnut chamber furniture; oak and walnut library and dining-room furniture; French china and cut glassware; a collection of very fine real bronzes and mantel ornaments; original oil-paintings by Gignoux, Doughty, and others, together with all the elegant bronze and gilt gas fixtures, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, kitchen utensils, &c. The house will be open for inspection on Wednesday, 3d inst., by permit, which, with descriptive catalogues, may be had at the offices of the auctioneers, No. 62 Liberty-st., or of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

WM. H. MILLER, Auctioneer.
JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL
Will sell at auction on
WEDNESDAY, April 3, 1867,
at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,
FOURTEEN VALUABLE NEW-YORK HOUSES AND ONE VACANT LOT ON WEST 49TH-ST.
No. 52 West 52d-st., near 5th-av., one four-story high-stoop brown-stone house, basement and connected sub-cellar, containing 14 rooms, all modern improvements; splendid location.
Sixty-second-st., commencing 86 feet east of 2d-av., four three-story high-stoop F. B. brown-stone basement houses, contains nine rooms; all improvements.
Sixty-second-st., north side, beginning 32 feet west of 1st-av.; six similar houses.
First-av., beginning 68 feet 5 inches north of 62d-st., two houses, same as above.
West 49th-st., north side, 200 feet west of 5th-av., one vacant lot, 25x100.
Terms easy on all the above property.
Maps and permits with the auctioneers, 25 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE,
On WEDNESDAY, the 3d day of April next, at 12 M., at Hoboken, near the ferry,
The Revenue steam-propeller
CUYAHOGA;
full-rigged brig; burden 535 tons, old measurement; built by Westervelt, New-York, in 1856. Frame live-oak, locust and cedar; repaired and thoroughly repaired by John Linn, in Philadelphia, 1864. Is now in complete order.
Has one complete suite of cotton sails, nearly new, and is well found in anchors, chains, boats, &c. Fine poop cabin, ward-room, berth deck and all the appointments of a man-of-war. Has
Two oscillating engines, 36x36.
Two horizontal tubular boilers.
Composition screw, 8 feet diameter, 14 feet pitch.
Stows 135 gross tons coal in bunkers.
The vessel can be examined on and after Monday, 18th inst., at Hoboken, near the ferry, until the day of sale, and every information given by the officers in charge.
H. A. SMYTHE,
Collector of Customs, New-York.

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.
Public notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on MONDAY, April 22, 1867, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, in the City of New-York, several pieces or parcels of improved and unimproved real estate, belonging to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York.
Description of property, together with the terms and conditions of sale, may be had upon application at this office, where will be furnished, on and after April 15, maps of the property to be sold.
Warrantee deeds will be given to all purchasers.
RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Comptroller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, March 19, 1867.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
HOUSE AND LOT ON 37TH-ST. AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 1, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
WEST 37TH-ST.—The lot of land, with two-story and basement frame house on the front, and the brick and frame stable, for 7 horses, on the rear thereof, situate on the south side of West 37th-st., 150 feet west of 9th-av., and known as No. 243. Lot 25x100 feet.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.
THURSDAY, APRIL 4,
At 10 o'clock A. M., at No. — Clinton-av., between Gates and Greene avs., Brooklyn.
Walnut parlor suits, hair cloth; centre tables, walnut marble-top chamber sets, hair and spring mattresses, feather bolsters and pillows, marble-top hat-stand, extension table, china, glassware, Brussels and three-ply carpets, &c., &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
VALUABLE HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., BELONGING TO A GENTLEMAN LEAVING FOR EUROPE, AT HIS PRIVATE STABLES, NO. 45 WEST 18TH-ST., ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, AT 10 O'CLOCK.
FULL PARTICULARS HEREAFTER.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION,
On WEDNESDAY, April 3, 1867, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 100 Lexington-av., comprising rosewood parlor suite, centre tables, eta eres, mahogany extension table, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, easy chairs, tapestry carpets, mattresses, bolsters, pillows, mantel ornaments, china and glass ware, &c. Catalogues at office of Auctioneer, No. 14 Pine-st.

SPECIAL AUCTION NOTICE.
We would call particular attention to the fine original oil paintings by Gignoux, Doughty, Fisher and others, as also to the superb real bronzes, clocks and mantel ornaments, to be sold at auction TO-MORROW, (Thursday,) at the private residence No. 119 5th-av., corner of 19th-st. The house is now open for inspection, by permit, with catalogue, may be had at the office of THEALL BROTHERS, Auctioneers, No. 62 Liberty-st., or of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

EDWARD A. LAWRENCE, Auctioneer.
BY E. A. LAWRENCE, OFFICE TRINITY BUILDING, NO. 111 BROADWAY.—Peremptory sale of valuable water-power, docks, slips, mill property and houses and lots, situated at Flushing, Queens County, L. I., by order of the executors of William Hamilton, deceased. To be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on TUESDAY, April 9, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesrooms, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, the following desirable property, viz.:
One grist mill, a well-built frame building, 32x40, four stories, with six run of stones; a saw-mill attached, 31x18, five stories, in perfect order, both doing a large and remunerative business; two large, convenient and well-built barns, one 48x24, the other 36x18; one handsome English basement two-story and attic frame house, filled in, 32x25, with wing, and sub-cellar. The mansion is a well-built two-story frame house, 32x25, with wing, in perfect order, both handsomely situated on Clinton-av., the healthiest and most desirable part of the village. Also, 20 very beautifully located building lots of various sizes, fronting on Clinton and Myrtle avs.; also, 530 feet of the most valuable slips and dock property at Flushing, accessible to vessels of 300 tons.
The desirable location of this water power, mill, slips and dock property, together with its accessibility to the City, it being but six miles over a splendid avenue to Hunter's Point Ferry, with hourly trains over the Flushing Railroad, and frequent steamboat communication daily to New-York, render it for distillery store-houses or manufacturing purposes of any kind, unequaled in the vicinity of New-York.
Particular attention is also called to the houses and lots, they being in the most desirable, healthy and convenient part of that beautiful and thriving village.
MORTIMER W. HAMILTON, } Executors.
CHARLES A. HAMILTON, }
For maps and further information apply to the Auctioneer, No. 111 Broadway, Room D, basement; M. W. HAMILTON, No. 87 Front-st.; CHARLES A. HAMILTON, on the premises.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE PROPERTY ON MONROE, 49TH AND 103D-STS., AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 4, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, New-York:
MONROE-ST.—The lease of the lot, with two-story and attic brick house, No. 189 Monroe-st., near Pike-st.; lot leased from Rutgers' estate; 8 years to run from May 1, 1867; ground rent $150 per annum, with renewals at 5 per cent. valuation.
WEST 49TH-ST.—19 years' lease from Jan. 1, 1867, of a lot south side West 49th-st., 225 feet west of 8th-av.; ground rent $200 per annum; with renewals; lot 25 by 100 feet 5 inches; cellars excavated.
103D-ST.—The two two-story and basement frame houses north side, 75 feet 6 inches east of 3d-av.; houses each 17 feet 1 inch by 40 feet; lot 17 feet 1 inch by 100 feet 10 inches; a portion may remain on mortgage.
Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
FIRST-CLASS STORE ON PEARL AND WATER STS.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 4, 1867, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York.
PEARL AND WATER STS.—The first-class five-story brick store, No. 64 Pearl-st., running through to No. 38 Water-st., being 28 feet 6 inches on each street by 105 feet in depth; the store is very substantially built by days' work, and of the best material; foundation is built on piles, including centre pillars, asphaltum cement bottom, cellar walls 2 feet thick and 18 inches above, has double offices on second floor, front and rear, and also one on first floor; altogether one of the best built south of Wall-st. Sold subject to a lease of two years from May next, at $5,500 per annum; $25,000 can remain on bond and mortgage at 7 per cent.
Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, 3 Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 3, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 23 Liberty-st.:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of a general assortment, removed for convenience of sale, including parlor, dining-room, library and chamber furniture; velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets; gilt-frame French plate oval mirrors, rosewood suites in crimson brocade, black walnut suites in reps, Turkish easy chairs, black walnut and rosewood bedsteads, bureaus and chairs; cottage suites, window curtains and shades, silver-plated dishes, sugar-bowls and teapots; china, crockery, glassware, &c.; copper molds, &c.; kitchen and barroom furniture.
ALSO, AT 12 O'CLOCK.
Rosewood and mahogany pianos; rosewood, marble-bed billiard-table.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT, }
WASHINGTON CITY, March 14, 1867. }
SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES OF ORDNANCE.—There will be sold at public auction to the highest bidders, at noon, THURSDAY, the 11th day of April, 1867, at the office of the Inspector of Ordnance, Navy-yard, Philadelphia, Penn., a lot of old and unserviceable articles of ordnance, embracing shot and shell, about seven hundred (700) carbines, breech-loaders, about twenty-five hundred (2,500) muskets, rifled and smooth-bore, gun carriages and other stores.
The articles will be sold in lots.
Terms: One-half cash in Government funds, to be deposited on the conclusion of the sale, and the remainder within ten days afterward, during which time the articles must be removed from the Yard, otherwise they will revert to the Government.
H. A. WISE, Chief of Bureau.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—FOR SALE AT PUBLIC auction, on FRIDAY, April 5, at 11 o'clock, at No. 339 West 8th-st., the fixtures of a large distillery, including still, mash-tubs, &c., complete and in perfect order; also, lease of the premises until May 1, 1869. The fixtures can now be seen at said place of sale.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.
UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.
JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.
WILL SELL
ON THURSDAY, April 4, 1867,
at 1 o'clock P. M., at their Salesroom, No. 112 Pearl-st., (Hanover-square,)
By order of Francis Robinson, Special Agent Treasury Department,
600 BALES NORTH CAROLINA
AND
SAVANNAH COTTON.
The above cotton has been sampled and classed by G. W. Amory, and may be seen by sample at the office of the auctioneers,
NO. 112 PEARL-ST.,
two days before the sale.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
THE RUGGLES GEMS, BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
ALSO, A LARGE AND VALUABLE COLLECTION OF CHOICE MODERN EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN PAINTINGS.
HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER will sell by auction on WEDNESDAY, 3d, THURSDAY, 4th, and FRIDAY, 5th April, at the "LEEDS ART GALLERIES," Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, at 7½ o'clock each evening, commencing on WEDNESDAY EVENING, with the entire collection known as the RUGGLES GEMS, comprising about 120 of those well-known pictures, sold by order of the Executors of Dr. Ruggles.
ALSO,
ON THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, a valuable collection of MODERN and EUROPEAN and AMERICAN PAINTINGS, by the following and other artists:

A. Bierstadt,	Stammel,
S. Coleman,	Lambinet,
Jas. M. Hart,	Sell,
Thos. Hicks,	Girardi,
Lacroix,	Jules Noel,
Northcote,	G. Rossi,
De Dreux,	L. Smets,
Richards, of Paris;	Compe-Calix,
Chatillon, of Paris;	W. S. Hamilton,
Auken, of Paris;	Fichel,
Antigna,	H. Savry,
Schlesinger,	Van Thoren,
Caraban,	F. Boisset and others.

Also, a Portrait of
GEN. U. S. GRANT,
painted from life by
LEUTZE.
They will be on exhibition at the above Galleries FREE, from MONDAY, 1st of April, and two evenings previous to sale.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
VALUABLE PROPERTY ON BROOME-STREET AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 3, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
BROOME-ST.—The two-story attic and cellar brick store and dwelling, situated on the north side of Broome-st., between Marion and Mulberry sts., known as No. 400. This property is opposite Centre Market and Baxter-st., and is one of the most desirable store properties on Broome-st.; 25 feet 3 inches front by about 112 feet deep.
For maps apply to the auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st.

BY T. C. HOUGHTON, Auctioneer.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF ELEGANT CABINET FURNITURE.
BREWSTER & BERG will sell THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) at No. 86 Cedar-st., at 11 o'clock, the stock of a first-class cabinetmaker, comprising parlor suites in various coverings, superior chamber sets, in suites and singly; also, dining-room and library furniture. The stock is of the best workmanship and fully warranted. Also an invoice of hair mattresses and pillows, mirrors, and other house-furnishing articles, being the best assortment offered at auction this season.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. R. MINTURN,
THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) April 3, at 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 11 East River:
2,900 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
1,613 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Cargo of brig *Domenico*, from Palermo.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction on THURSDAY EVENING, April 4, at 7½ o'clock, at the Fifth-avenue Art Gallery, No. 2 5th-av., corner 14th-st., a large collection of original modern oil-paintings, comprising works of the Flemish, French, English and American schools, among which are represented the following artists, viz.:

L. Robbe,	F. Frère,	S. Anderson,
P. Seignac,	J. O. Mertz,	G. H. Durrie,
N. Ledaire,	J. Devaux,	Lilly M. Spencer,
G. Lange,	P. L. Couturier,	F. G. Melby,
J. Marohn,	G. Gassies,	E. F. Beaulieu,
J. A. Walker,	Lonfont de Metz,	E. D. Lewis,
A. Corat,	G. Washington,	P. La Croix,
T. Kinsman,	J. Crotous,	G. D. Barrow, &c.

Also, by order of executor of the late E. Johnson, deceased, three fine pictures by A. De Dreux, E. May, of Paris, and J. Palazzi, painted to order for Mr. Johnson in 1860, in Paris. The above are now on exhibition daily, and on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

W. H. MILLER, Auctioneer.
JOHNSON, MILLER & HALL, AUCTIONEERS and Real Estate Brokers, No. 25 Nassau-st., will sell at auction,
on WEDNESDAY, April 10, at 12 o'clock,
on the corner of Albany Post-road and Beekman-st., Tarrytown, N. Y.
By order of the executors of CHARLES O'NEIL, deceased, the following valuable Tarrytown property, only half a mile from the depot:
Two large and well-built houses, with five lots of ground, on corner of Broadway (Albany Post-road) and Beekman-st.
The grounds are filled with flowers and shrubbery.
Terms easy. For particulars apply to
ISAAC GREERY, No. 223 Canal-st., N. Y.,
or HENRY ROCKWELL, Tarrytown, N. Y.,
Executors.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.
CABINETMAKERS' STOCK OF GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—THIS DAY, at No. 8 Murray-st., at 10½ o'clock, a large and varied stock of City-made work, removed for convenience of sale, including parlor suites of various kinds, rosewood and black-walnut chamber suites, library and dining-room suites, book-cases, lounges, easy-chairs, &c. Catalogues at sale.
N. B.—GEORGE COOK gives his personal attention to the sale of furniture at the residences of owners or at his salesrooms, No. 8 Murray-st.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.
HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE at auction, THURSDAY, April 4, at 10½ o'clock, by MINER & SOMERVILLE, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.—Consisting of rosewood and mahogany book-cases and secretaries; library tables, marble top; cottage suites; parlor suites; two fine rosewood pianos; mattresses, beds, bedding, &c. Also, a stock of dry goods.

GEO. G. HAYDOCK, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—PLUMBERS' BASINS.—ROE, HAYDOCK & SON will sell on THURSDAY, April 4, at 10½ o'clock, at their auction room, No. 101 Liberty-st., for account of whom it may concern, 24 crates PLUMBERS' BASINS, damaged by water on the voyage. The wares can be seen at the store of Messrs. Machay Bros., No. 112 Liberty-st., where dealers are requested to examine them before the sale.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.
EXTRA LARGE SALE—WILL SELL THIS DAY, April 3, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 724 Broadway, the entire contents of a large house, removed to the store for convenience of sale, embracing elegant carved bedsteads and bureaus in rosewood and black walnut, best hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, rosewood parlor suite, pier mirrors, rosewood piano, lounges, centre and extension tables, carpets, oil cloths, &c., all in good order.

BYLANDT & WALDRON, Auctioneers.
WILL SELL BY AUCTION ON THURSDAY, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 646 Broadway, second-hand furniture, carpets, mirrors, beds and bedding, china and glassware, silver-plated ware, paintings and engravings, chamber suites, kitchen articles, &c.; on exhibition this day.

F. COLTON, AUCTIONEER, WILL give his personal attention to the sale of household furniture at the residence of families giving up or at the spacious salesrooms, No. 724 Broadway. Goods bought when preferred.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 19, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.
10 A. M. Express and Mail train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for North.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.
3:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:15 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection at Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-car attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 8:20 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3:45 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:15 P. M.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:30 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 5 P. M., arriving in New-York at 11:30 A. M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
8:45 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
4 P. M.—Way, for Port Jervis, Newburgh, Warwick.
5 P. M.—Night Express, Buffalo, Salamanca and Dunkirk.
5:30 P. M.—Way train for Suffern.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
7:30 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45, 3:45, 4:30, 6:15 and 11 P. M.—Daily. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock.
Express trains run in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT, FROM JAN. 3, 1867.
Leave James-slip, New-York:
8 A. M., mail train for Greenport and way stations.
11 A. M., for Syosset and way stations.
3 P. M., Yaphank Express train; and on Saturday nights for Riverhead.
4 P. M., for Syosset and way stations.
5 P. M., for Farmingdale and way stations.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 6:25 and 8:12 A. M. and 1:15 4:22 and 6:22 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 8:12 and 4:22 run through to Monsey.
THOMAS W. DEMAREST, Sup't.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. TO-NIGHT.
ITALIAN OPERA.
DIRECTOR......MAX MARETZEK.
THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, April 3, at 8 o'clock,
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN AMERICA
Petrella's extraordinarily successful OPERA BUFFO,
IL CARNIVALE DI VENEZIA,
THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.
A work received with immense favor throughout Italy, and recognized as the equal of the "Barber of Seville" and "Crispino."
The immense cast includes
Miss CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
Mlle. ANTONIETTA RONCONI,
Mme. NATALI TESTA,
Signor BARAGLI,
Signor GIORGIO RONCONI,
Signor BELLINI,
Signor MARRA,
Signor BACELLI,
Mlle. KRUGER, Mlle. TERESA and others.
The NEW SCENERY, by Sig. R. W. CALYO. The new costumes and appointments, by Signor BRUSCHI and Mme. MACCHI. The NEW DANCES, by Signor RONZANI.
CONDUCTOR......Signor TORRIANI
THURSDAY—OPERA IN BROOKLYN, LA FAVORITA.
FRIDAY—THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON—GRAND MATINEE, FRA DIAVOLO.
The sale of reserved seats of tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING, at the box-office of the Academy, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MAX MARETZEK'S ITALIAN OPERA.
TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING, April 4, at 8, only night of Donizetti's grand opera,
LA FAVORITA,
with the same great cast as produced in New-York.
Reserved seats and tickets may now be had at the box-office of the Academy, Brooklyn, and at Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway, New-York.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
MAX MARETZEK'S ITALIAN OPERA.
SUBSCRIPTIONS
FOR THE LAST HALF OF THE SEASON, CONSISTING OF FIFTEEN NIGHTS,
Will be received TO-DAY at the Box Office of the Academy of Music.

SONGS OF SCOTLAND.
SIX NIGHTS IN SCOTLAND,
SIX NIGHTS IN SCOTLAND,
AT IRVING HALL,
AT IRVING HALL,
MR. D. KENNEDY,
MR. D. KENNEDY,
THE CELEBRATED SCOTTISH VOCALIST,
THE CELEBRATED SCOTTISH VOCALIST,
will give SIX of his highly interesting entertainments, commencing on
FRIDAY EVENING, April 5.
Tickets, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra.

STEINWAY HALL.
CARL WOLFSOHN'S GRAND CONCERT,
NEXT SATURDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock,
when he will be assisted by
SEVERAL EMINENT OPERATIC ARTISTS,
THE LIEDERKRANZ SOCIETY, AND THOMAS' GRAND ORCHESTRA.
Tickets, $1; for sale at Steinway Hall, Agency No. 112 Broadway, and at the principal Music Stores. Reserved seat checks, 50 cents extra, may be had at Box-office, Steinway Hall.

ON EXHIBITION.
CONSTANT MAYER'S LAST PAINTING,
"THE CONVALESCENT,"
At No. 845 Broadway. Admission 25 cents.

JUST OUT—THE HUMOROUS SONG "YOU NAUGHTY, NAUGHTY GIRLS." C. M. TREMAIN, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.
RAVEN & BACON, Manufacturers of PIANO-FORTES with PATENT COMBINATION SOUNDING-BOARDS, patented Aug. 14, 1866. This invention, introduced exclusively into our Pianos, is of the greatest advantage to the tone of the instruments, as it affects the sounding-board—the very soul of the Piano—and produces thereby a pure liquid tone, greatly superior in quality and power to that of the ordinary Piano. The sounding-board, released from its connection with the piano-case, and resting upon under sounding-boards, is relieved from the rigidity caused by such connection, and its vibratory quality greatly increased. All lovers of this eminently household instrument, as well as parties proposing to purchase new Pianos, are invited to call and examine our assortment.
WAREROOMS, 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, N. Y.

WATERS' SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS, MELODEONS, AND CABINET ORGANS, the best manufactured, to let, and rent allowed if purchased. Monthly payments received for the same. Second-hand pianos at bargains, from $60 to $225. Old pianos taken in exchange. Liberal discount to teachers and clergymen. Cash paid for second-hand pianos. Pianos tuned and repaired. New 7-octave pianos for $275 and upward. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway, N. Y.
HORACE WATERS.

HAZELTON BROTHERS, PIANO-FORTE manufacturers, would call the attention of musicians and the public generally to the many and great improvements in the construction of their pianos. Their "EUPHONIC AGRAFFE TREBLE" has been tested by the highest musical talent in the country, and conceded by all to possess power, brilliancy and sweetness in the highest degree. Pianos to let.
Warerooms, No. 99 Prince-st.

A STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS TENOR, with unexceptionable voice and qualifications, now occupying a leading position in an up-town church, is open to engagement from May 1. Those willing to pay a liberal salary may address H., Box 3,691 Post-office.

FAR AWAY—A NEW SONG COMPOSED by W. A. KING; published by A. GOULD, dealer in books, stationery, sheet music, toys and fancy goods, with circulating library, No. 394 4th-av., New-York.

INSTRUCTION.

SEWARD INSTITUTE FOR BOYS,
Florida, Orange Co., N. Y.
Institution endowed. Advantages superior. Terms, $200 for 21 weeks.
T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
Classical French and English School, with primary department and gymnasium, 5th-av., corner of 28th-st.

A LADY WHO TEACHES ALL THE English branches and French and Latin would like an engagement as visiting governess, or to form a class of a limited number of pupils; particular attention paid to composition and penmanship; references given. Address Miss HARVARD, Station A, Box No. 74 New-York Post-office.

FOUR YOUNG MISSES WILL BE RECEIVED as boarding scholars in the family of an experienced piano-forte and vocal music teacher, at New-Canaan, Conn. An excellent academy is connected with the music school, and the health and happiness of the scholars will be considered, as well as their advancement. Apply to J. V. ROCKWELL, No. 2 Maiden-lane.

MOUNT PLEASANT INSTITUTE—PRIVATE classes for boys, Amherst, Mass., H. C. NASH, Principal. The Forty-third semi-annual session will commence May 1. Location, seven hours from New-York; unsurpassed for beauty and healthfulness; $400 per year. Circulars upon request.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT BARRINGTON, Berkshire County, Mass.—A safe, healthy and delightful home for 20 boys; instruction thorough and practical. Summer term will commence April 15; Circulars upon application.
S. PARSONS PRATT, A. M., Principal.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE, SEMINARY HILL, NEWBURGH ON THE HUDSON.—English, French and Classical School for 25 boys, commences Summer session April 1. For circulars address HENRY W. SIGLAR, Principal.

MORRIS FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, MORRIS, CONN.—Semi-annual session commences May 1. A preparatory class of young boys will be received. Admission at any time. For circulars apply to the Principal. SAMUEL M. ENSIGN.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, Classical, Commercial and French, with preparatory departments, No. 125 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., 29 Washington-square. Terms reasonable. GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal.

COTTAGE HILL SEMINARY, POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.—A thorough and earnest Church school for young ladies. The Spring quarter opens April 10. The prospectus may be had by addressing the Rector. Rev. GEORGE T. RIDER, A. M.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH and French Boarding School for young ladies, College-av., New-Brunswick, N. J. A native French teacher resides in the family.

FRENCH IN SIXTY LESSONS, $5 PER month; no grammar required; schools and families attended. Prof. JOSEPH J. GRIEBE, No. 1 Brevoort-place, 10th-st.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR LADIES, at Poughkeepsie. English, French, Latin and music. Quarter begins April 17. Send for circular. Rev. C. D. RICE.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS, ESSEX, CONN.—Spring term commences May 1. Terms $225 per year. Send for Catalogue. M. A. CUMMINGS, Principal.

MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE—HAVERSTRAW, N. Y.—A select boarding school for ten boys. Pleasant location. Terms moderate.
LAVALETTE WILSON, A. M., Principal.

SUBURBAN HOME SCHOOL, NEW-HAVEN, Conn., in the open country; Rev. Dr. SHEARS, Rector. Session begins April 23. See reference circulars, with terms.

HOME INSTITUTE.—A BOARDING SCHOOL for young ladies. The Spring term will commence April 15. Address the Principal, Miss M. METCALF, Tarrytown, N. Y.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES—Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars address MISS EMILY NELSON.

ROSE HILL FAMILY SCHOOL FOR Young Ladies and Misses, at Danbury, Conn. For circulars, address Mrs. C. M. WHITE, Principal.

POUGHKEEPSIE, (N. Y.) MILITARY INSTITUTE—A classical, commercial and military school. C. B. WARRING, A. M., Principal.

YOUNG LADIES' BOARDING SCHOOL, Fishkill, N. Y.; terms moderate. For circulars, &c., address the principal, REV. W. PECK.

WANTED—LESSONS IN ALGEBRA IN EXCHANGE for German or French. Address P. S., Station D.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A POSITION AS GOVERNESS BY a young lady competent to teach the English language and the rudiments of music. Address R. M. B., Box No. 117 Times Office.

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THE POPULAR LOCAL ROMANCE,
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STREETS OF NEW-YORK,
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NEW LOCAL SCENERY AND EFFECTS,
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THE FINAL OPPORTUNITY
of seeing the finest specimens
OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS
ever exhibited.
POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK OF THE ENTIRE VAN AMBURGH COLLECTION
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GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES!
MRS. LYON, THE BEARDED LADY,
A GIANT AND GIANTESS, A LEOPARD CHILD,
TWO DWARFS, CIRCASSIAN GIRL.
GORDON CUMMING'S COLLECTION,
COSMORAMAS, LEARNED SEAL, HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA, HISTORICAL RELICS,
OVER 250,000 OTHER CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager......WM. WHEATLEY
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 3, 1867.
TWO HUNDRED AND SEVENTH PERFORMANCE OF THE BLACK CROOK,
with Jarrett & Palmer's celebrated
PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
AND THE
GORGEOUS TRANSFORMATION SCENE.
THIRTY-FOURTH GRAND MATINEE,
SATURDAY, April 6, 1867, at 1 o'clock.
ADMISSION TO MATINEE:
Parquet and Dress Circle......$1
Family Circle......50c
Curtain rises at night at 7¾; at Matinee 1 P. M.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Managers......Lewis Baker and Mark Smith
JEANIE DEANS.
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EVERY NIGHT.
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Received with the
MOST UNBOUNDED ENTHUSIASM.
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MOST UNBOUNDED ENTHUSIASM.
Miss ROSE EYTINGE in her beautiful personation of the heroine, and Messrs. MARK SMITH, LEWIS BAKER, and their excellent company in the cast.
Seats may be secured a week in advance.

WOOD'S THEATRE.
No. 514 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
EVERY EVENING,
Wonderful success of the talented artists,
MR. AND MRS. F. M. BATES,
who will appear in the new sensational play of
OSCAR, THE HALF BLOOD,
supported by an
ENTIRE COMPANY OF BROADWAY FAVORITES.
MATINEES ONLY ON SATURDAYS.

WOOD'S THEATRE,
No. 514 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
THIS EVENING.
BENEFIT OF
MRS. F. M. BATES,
when she will appear in the great sensation play of
EAST LYNNE,
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MR. F. M. BATES
and an entire
COMPANY OF BROADWAY FAVORITES.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
THIS EVENING AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
The most popular Comedienne in America,
MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL,
supported by Mr. JAMES W. COLLIER
FANCHON THE CRICKET.

WALLACK'S.
MR. A. W. YOUNG
respectfully announces that his
BENEFIT
will take place on
FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 5,
when will be presented, for the first time this season the popular Comedy, entitled
AMERICANS IN PARIS,
and first time in three years of
SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES.
Box-book now open.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
THURSDAY EVENING, April 4, 1867, at 8 o'clock,
LUCRECE BORGIA, piece in five acts, by Victor Hugo.
MADAME LARMET in LUCRECE BORGIA.
Ticket offices: Beer & Schirmer, No. 701 Broadway; Macoy & Herwig's, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS—720 B'dway.
First appearance of Mr. WM. S. BUDWORTH.
A glorious programme, Traveler's Trials, first time. EDWIN KELLY'S Darling Dora, and the great POLE-I-O.
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The only LEON has no equal in his illustrations of the GREAT ARTISTES of the opera, the ballet, and the drama.

STEINWAY ROOMS—CHAMBER MUSIC.
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 4,
FOURTH AND LAST
SOIREE OF CHAMBER MUSIC.
PROGRAMME:
Sonate, Piano and Violoncello, A, Op. 69......Beethoven
Quartet, String, B flat, No. 3......Mozart
Trio, Piano, No. 1, D minor, Op. 63......Schumann
By Wm. Mason, Piano; Theo. Thomas, 1st Violin; J. Mosenthal, 2d Violin; G. Matzka, Viola; Fr. Bergner, Violoncello.

READINGS AND RECITATIONS AT Western Branch Young Men's Christian Association, No. 76 Varick-st., THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, by Prof. [illegible]. Public invited.

JUST OUT—THE HUMOROUS SONG "YOU NAUGHTY, NAUGHTY GIRLS." C. M. TREMAIN, Publisher, No. 481 Broadway.

FURNITURE.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
SPRINGMEYER BROS.
LATE J. H. BELTER & CO.
FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.
PATENT ROSEWOOD BEDSTEADS.
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(one lock controlling four drawers.)
Also, Rosewood, Black Walnut and Oak Library, Dining and Bedroom Furniture.
No. 722 Broadway, New-York.
Factory, 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.
BRAUNSDORF & METZ,
(Successors to Weil & Braunsdorf,)
offer their stock of well-assorted furniture consisting of
PARLOR, SITTING-ROOM, LIBRARY, BEDROOM AND DINING-ROOM SUITES, OF THE LATEST STYLE,
to the public at Wholesale Prices,
AT NOS. 125 AND 127 RIVINGTON-ST.
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CHAMBER AND DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.—The greatest variety of
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made from Walnut or Chestnut; also the most extensive assortment of
ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE,
is to be found at wholesale or retail, at Nos. 206 and 208 Canal-st., corner Mulberry, by EDWARD W. BAXTER & CO. We are manufacturers, and sell at lower prices than any other house in the City.

A GENTLEMAN WHO HAS SOLD HIS house recently, wishes to sell the entire furniture, either at one sale or in portions. The furniture was mostly made by the best Broadway makers, and is of the finest kind, solid rosewood and black walnut, oak in the front basement, statuary, marble-top tables throughout. This is a rare chance to purchase first-class well-made furniture at a bargain, without running any risk of imposition. Apply to ROBERT MACLAY, No. 79 Cedar-st., for permits and further information.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture. Also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 365 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

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ALL PARTIES WISHING TO BUY OR desirous to sell horses, carriages, wagons or anything pertaining to the horse business, should apply to MINER & SOMERVILLE, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

FOR SALE—A COUPE, MADE BY WOOD Brothers; a Park phaeton, by Brewster & Co., of Broome-st., and Concord phaeton, by Brewster & Baldwin; all in perfect order. Private stable, 45 West 18th-st.

FOR SALE—THREE BUSINESS WAGONS. ROBERT SIBLING, No. 28 Broome-st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ABOUT APRIL 1, AN OLD POCKET-book, containing $300. The finder will be suitably rewarded upon returning the same to No. 117 East 26th-st., near 4th-av.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK COMMON PLEAS.—EDWARD N. LINN against JUSTUS R. SACKETT and others. Notice.—I, WILLIAM J. OSBORNE, appointed by an order of the above court, Receiver of the above defendant, Justus R. Sackett, will sell, through MULLER & WILKINS, Auctioneers, at the Merchants' Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of April, 1867, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said Justus R. Sackett of, in and to the following described real estate, stocks, notes and judgments, viz.: A tract of land containing 120 acres, more or less, situate in Newaygo County, Michigan; lot No. 238, 50x150, on the northerly side of Medford-st., in the village of Malden, Mass., subject to about six years arrears of taxes; 2,800 shares of stock of the Central Montana Gold and Silver Mining Company; five shares of stock of the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad Company, old issue; two shares of stock of the Delano Life Preserving Coat and Vest Company; 100 shares of stock of the Portsmouth Dry Dock and Steamboat Basin Company; note of R. B. Sackett, dated Nov. 8, 1849, at 12 months, for $1,678 66; note of R. B. Sackett, dated Jan. 12, 1858, at one day, for $125; note of N. B. Sackett, dated July 14, 1862, on demand, for $50; note of N. B. Sackett, dated Feb. 15, 1863, at 4 months, for $50; note of N. B. Sackett, dated May 25, 1865, at one day, for $20; judgment against A. M. Sackett, recovered April 1, 1866, on which there is now due $3,108 17 and interest; 100 shares of old stock of the Relief Fire Insurance Company, hypothecated for a loan of about $800.
Dated NEW-YORK, March 18, 1867.
W. J. OSBORNE, Receiver, No. 45 William-st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from Second-avenue to Third-avenue, in the City of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty, of the City of New-York, hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on Tuesday the 16th day of April, 1867, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment, in the above entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended, is the opening of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from Second-avenue to Third-avenue, in said City, as laid out on the map or plan of said City, under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the people of the State of New-York, entitled "An Act relative to improvements touching the laying out of Streets and Roads in the City of New-York and for other purposes," passed April 3, 1865.
RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.
Dated NEW-YORK, March 22, 1867.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager......Mr. Lester Wallack.
Wednesday Evening, April 3,
BENEFIT
OF
Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS.
On which occasion will be given, for the first time this season, the Poole Comedy, entitled
SIMPSON & CO.
Mr. Peter Simpson......Mr. John Gilbert
Mr. Charles Bromley......Mr. Frederick Robinson
Foster......Mr. [illegible]
[illegible]......Mr. [illegible]
Mrs. Peter Simpson......Miss Mary Gannon
Madame La Trappe......Miss Fanny [illegible]
Mrs. Charles Bromley......Mrs. Clara Jennings
Mrs. Fitzallan......Miss Mary [illegible]
After which, the old Standard Comedy, entitled
THE POOR GENTLEMAN.
Sir Robert Bramble......Mr. John Gilbert
Frederic Bramble......Mr. Frederick Robinson
Lieut. Worthington......Mr. Chas. Fisher
Humphrey Dobbins......Mr. George Holland
Doctor Ollapod......Mr. A. W. Young
Sir Charles Cropland......Mr. B. T. Ringgold
Corporal Foss......Mr. W. H. Norton
Valet......Mr. Graham
Emily Worthington......Mrs. Clara Jennings
Miss Lucretia Mac Tab......Mrs. Vernon
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 4, 1867,
SECOND NIGHT IN AMERICA
of an
ENTIRELY NEW AND ORIGINAL DRAMA,
BY DION BOUCICAULT, ESQ.
Presented with Appropriate Scenery, Costumes, Appointments and Original Music, entitled
HUNTED DOWN,
or the
TWO LIVES OF MARY LEIGH.
WITH A POWERFUL CAST.
Concluding with the excellent Farce, for the second time this season, entitled the
LAUGHING HYENA.
which will also be given on
SATURDAY EVENING, April 6.
FRIDAY EVENING, April 5,
BENEFIT
OF
Mr. A. W. YOUNG.
First night this season of the popular Comedy entitled
AMERICANS IN PARIS,
and first time in three years of
SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES.
Doors open at 7¼; commences at 8.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Mr. STUART begs to announce that on
THURSDAY EVENING, April 4,
MR. EDWIN BOOTH
will appear in the role of
HAMLET,
devoting with sincere sympathy his services for
THE BENEFIT
OF THE ARTISTS AND EMPLOYES,
who have suffered so heavy a calamity in the destruction by fire of the
WINTER GARDEN THEATRE.
Mr. BARTON HILL......as......Laertes
Mr. J. N. GOTTHOLD......as......The Ghost
Mr. Leffingwell......as......The King
Mr. W. Davidge......as......Polonius
Mr. J. Duff......as......Horatio
Mr. W. S. Andrews......as......Grave-digger
Mr. W. A. Donaldson......as......Player King
Miss Ida Vernon......as......The Queen
Mme. Scheller......as......Ophelia
Miss Andrews......as......Player Queen
Seats may be secured at the Academy box office.
Admission—Tickets, $1. Reserved seats, 50 cents extra; Family-Circle, 75 cents; Private Boxes, $10.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Reserved seats in Parquette and Balcony for HAMLET, THURSDAY EVENING, for sale at Ticket Office, New-York Hotel.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Continued success of the
RICHINGS ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.
THIS EVENING, repetition of the greatly successful production of last evening, Auber's charming opera, the
CROWN DIAMONDS.
CROWN DIAMONDS.
CAMPBELL, CASTLE, SEGUIN,
WYLIE, PEAKES, ARNOLD,
MISS CAROLINE RICHINGS,
MRS. SEGUIN,
and a full cast. The opera elegantly mounted with appropriate scenery and properties, and DRESSES MADE EXPRESSLY for it in Paris.
FRIDAY—BENEFIT OF MISS RICHINGS,
THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.
GRAND OPERATIC MATINEE ON SATURDAY.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Mr. G. L. FOX'S new pantomime,
LITTLE BOY BLUE AND HUSH-A-BYE BABY; OR, PATTI AND HER PITCHER.
New Scenery, Dresses, Properties and Effects.
Novel Machinery, Music, Singing and Dancing.
CLOWN......G. L. FOX
PANTALOON......C. K. FOX
Supported by Pantomime and Ballet Troupe.
Seats secured one week in advance.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT......Director.
MATINEES AT 2½.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
EL NINO EDDIE, THE CHILD WONDER.
THE GIFTED RUNNELLS FAMILY,
Mlle. CARLOTTA DE BERG,
and the entire strength of the
INCOMPARABLE CIRCUS TROUPE
IN BRILLIANT ARENIC SCENES.

HARTZ' TEMPLE OF MYSTERY,
NO. 808 BROADWAY.
Tickets, 50c.; Reserved seats, $1. For sale at the hall.
LAST WEEK BUT TWO.
Two Hundred and Tenth performance.
Immense sensation caused by the WONDROUS HEAD, or the oracle of the nineteenth century
The Basket Trick, with other new wonders, miracles and illusions.
EVERY EVENING AT 8. SATURDAY AT 2.
Chickering Piano is used at the seances.
WEDNESDAY—Juvenile night. Children half price.

GRIFFIN AND CHRISTY'S
MINSTRELS.
Fifth-avenue Opera House, Nos. 2 and 4 West 24th-st.,
G. W. H. Griffin......Manager
THE FAMILY RESORT.
Every evening during the week will be presented the Grand Spectacular Burlesque,
BLACK CROOK,
pronounced by the Press and the public to be the
MOST LAUGHABLE BURLESQUE ever written.
Reminiscences of Dixie, Othello, Step Jig, Palace of Dew Drops, Trouble at the Ball, Ginger Blue, Mad McGibbney O'Halloran, &c.
GEORGE CHRISTY EVERY NIGHT.
Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY,
at 2½ o'clock.

MR. GEORGE SIMPSON'S ANNUAL concert will take place on
THURSDAY EVENING NEXT, APRIL 4,
at Irving Hall, when he will be assisted by the following artists: Miss Lizzie M. Gates, Miss Nettie Sterling, Mr. J. R. Thomas, Mr. Jules Lumbard, Mr. Henry Mollenhauer and Mr. Kennedy, the celebrated Scotch vocalist.
Conductor......Mr. Geo. W. Colby.
Tickets $1. For sale at the door.

BUNYAN TABLEAUX, LARGEST PANORAMA in the world. Sixty magnificent scenes, illustrating Bunyan's Pilgrims' Progress. Union Hall, Broadway and 23d-st. Open every night at 7¾ commencing at 8. Admission, 50 cents; children, 25 cents. Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, at 2 o'clock.
ROBERT J. GREENWOOD, Manager and Proprietor.

THE NEW UP-TOWN THEATRE AND OPERA HOUSE on Broadway and 29th-st., in connection with the GREAT NEW-YORK MUSEUM, will open at an early day. Members of the profession of talent wishing engagements can address J. BANVARD, Museum, No. 1,225 Broadway. The scenic plane of the stage is the largest on the continent.

A FAIR FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE freedmen, under the auspices of members of the Society of Friends, will be opened at the New-York Assembly Rooms, corner Broadway and 29th-st., on the 8th of April, at 12 M., continuing the remainder of the week.

EXERCISE, HEALTH, AMUSEMENT.
J. WOOD'S GYMNASIUM, No. 6 East 28th-st.; open day and evening. Subscription $20 a year.

THEATRE TICKET OFFICE.
Reserved seats for all first-class theatres, concerts, balls, &c., can always be obtained at the
THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,
Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.
PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in a letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or sent by mail, free of postage. Address Box No. 1,224 New-York Office.

HASTEN TO DR. KENNEDY, NO. 195 Elm-st. He makes the greatest cures known. Thousands are saved by Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment. Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. In 20 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases than all others combined. Will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will. Call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. Call at once. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power restored to full vigor. Address Dr. G. KENNEDY, 195 Elm-st. Call or write.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 84 West 34th-st., near 5th-av., or sent by mail. Address Box 2,322 New-York Post-office. Also sold at Druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich st.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by using Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. Restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. Office 195 Elm-st.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of thirty-two years devoted to the treatment of diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. COOPER to make speedy cures. The victims of misplaced confidence can call with the certainty of being cured, or no charge made.

WHEN YOUTHFUL FOLLY INDUCES impotency Dr KENNEDY'S Invigorator will in 15 minutes produce a perfect restoration of the seminal functions. No. 195 Elm-st.

LADIES' DERANGEMENTS CURED by the French Compound-like Magic. Sealed, by mail. Consult, or address for circular Dr. POWERS No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

BE WISE IN TIME.—DR. KENNEDY'S remedies are the only medicines known to extirpate all vestiges of certain diseases. Office, No. 195 Elm-st. All hours.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.; his Periodical Drops guaranteed effectual.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical Drops and Pills; one interview sufficient. Office, No. 195 Elm-st.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP IS THE only remedy that will root out poisonous virus of a certain disease; all others dry it in the blood. No. 3 Division-street, Price $5, with a book of 60 pages.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages, gratis.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated. $5 per vial. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 60 pages, gratis.

ART MATTERS.

Not long since an American artist of the Pre-Raphaelite school wrote to Mr. Ruskin for advice upon the subject of art. The eminent English critic, who doubtless has had ten readers in the Northern States for one in any other part of the world, replied in a manner that severely tries our confidence in his judgment and his sincerity. The barbarous manner in which the people of the North, he wrote, had conducted the war upon the Southern people and their patriarchal institutions, had utterly destroyed his interest in American art. True art, in fact, could not flourish among a people so depraved; and he, therefore, advised his friend to abandon all effort to tread the true path in art, and to confine himself to painting such pictures as were suited to the degraded taste of the Northern Americans. We scarcely know which to admire most in this precious piece of advice, the critic's ignorance of the great contest now happily closed, or his elevated morality. Mr. Ruskin's fanaticism and prejudices have long been familiar to the reading public, as well his peculiar views on the question of human servitude; but we never supposed him to be capable of deliberately advising an artist, who had come to him for assistance and direction, to pursue the wrong and false way in art, because, forsooth, the people who were to buy his pictures had not followed Mr. Ruskin's ideas of political right. But, after all, Mr. Ruskin may not be wholly to blame in this matter. The disciples of the Pre-Raphaelite school in this country, an insignificant and unpopular clique, have filled his ears with dolorous complaints of their own want of success, arguing, from their failure to sell their pictures, the total depravity of artistic sentiment among Americans. The great English exponent of the Pre-Raphaelites naturally lends a favorable ear to the statements of his followers in this country, some of whom came over here fresh from his own instruction. Their complaints accord with his own notions of a Democratic and Republican people, and he seizes the opportunity to reiterate his oft-expressed contempt for a self-governing nation. Yet it seems rather hard to be so utterly abandoned to our evil practices. Has Mr. Ruskin no compassion for a people sitting in the outer darkness of Republican barbarism, that he should advise his young prophets not to lift upon them the light of true art! We have been accustomed to regard Mr. Ruskin as the great missionary of art, and art as one of the great civilizers of humanity. How can he so cruelly deny us its benefits? One would suppose that our very debasement would be an argument in favor of giving us the highest art, that what in us is dark might be through his instrumentality illumined. But as he thinks otherwise, and as our people seem to be obstinately blind to the merits of the few Pre-Raphaelites in this country, we fear we must stand condemned to remain in our native ignorance and debasement. And all because Mr. Ruskin did not approve of the war for the Union! Well, we shall endeavor to endure in patience, and meanwhile take a depraved pleasure in such art as Church, Bierstadt, Colman, Innes, Kensett, Eastman Johnson and other false lights of the American schools of painting may disclose to our benighted vision.

At the same time we intend to have our own opinion of the works of Mr. Ruskin's disciples. At the recent art reception in Brooklyn there were a large number of paintings by New-York artists that would have attracted attention by their high qualities in any picture gallery of Europe. Yet it is asserted by some of the small Ruskins of New-York that the only meritorious work in the collection was from the hands of Mr. T. C. Farrer, Mr. H. Farrer, Mr. Linton and Miss McDonald. This is said of a collection containing works by such men as Eastman Johnson, George Inness, J. F. Kensett, Edwin White, S. Colman, J. A. Oertel, J. McEntee, R. Gignoux and other eminent artists. We would be the last to deny the merits of the four artists named by the Pre-Raphaelite critics, but we are not quite prepared to acquiesce in the total extinguishment of all the others. The engravings of Mr. Linton are indeed admirable specimens of the art in which he excels. It would be an excellent thing if we had Mr. Linton multiplied a thousand times, and Mr. Frank Leslie deserves thanks for bringing him over to this country. Miss McDonald's work exhibits commendable painstaking, and promises good results. But as for Mr. T. C. Farrer, we think it must require a great deal of prejudice in his favor to find much that is commendable or pleasant in his pictures. He had several in the collection, the most important being a view of Mount Tom. It was painted with great care, and with the most painstaking attention to minute details. The artist had evidently endeavored to show every tree on the distant mountain, every ripple on the lake, and every leaf in the near group of trees. The result is not an artistic realization of the scene, but a kind of Chinese portrait, faithful enough to delude a careless observer with an impression of minute exactness, but, when closely examined, displaying the systematic sacrifice of great truths for small ones. The almost numberless small touches on the mountain, intended for tree-shadows, are perceived to be all alike, ever after conveying the impression of limitless monotony, and not that of infinite variety. The reflections in the lake are not natural, and the leaves of the near trees stand hard and black against the sky, as if cut out of sheet-iron. The moment one begins to study the picture, all its apparent realism vanishes, and its true mechanical character is brought out.

We have no wish to be over-severe upon Mr. Farrer's pictures; and we notice his work chiefly because it has been so prominently praised in connection with persistent depreciation of the work of other artists. No one will deny that he works conscientiously, nor that much of what he does is admirable in a small way. Few men can paint a peach or a plum more dexterously; he can even grapple successfully with so large a subject as a pineapple, and imitate its color and texture, its spots and irregularities, with servile and even microscopic fidelity. But when he endeavors to paint a whole landscape—in other words, when he attempts a genuine work of art—he fails,—fails in sentiment, fails in color, fails in the expression of light and distance, and even in the expression of near detail fails infinitely behind such painters as Eastman Johnson, Church, Bierstadt, S. Colman, and a dozen others we could name.

We have already mentioned, in connection with the Artists' Saturday afternoon Receptions, many of the pictures exhibited at the Brooklyn Reception, and it is unnecessary to describe them at length in the present article. Among the finest were McEntee's superb "October in the Catskills," Gifford's "Sunrise on the Seashore," and Yewell's "First Communion." There were several "Springs" in the collection, among which the most noticeable were Colman's "Early Spring," and "Spring Advanced," by Regis Gignoux. Colman's "Spring" is so very early that a feeling of March wind pervades the picture. The season has not yet reached the tempting development of May or even April. A little bit of water in the foreground is exquisitely painted, and on this portion of the picture the eye rests with chief delight. The more advanced "Spring" of Mr. Gignoux presents the pleasanter attributes of the poet's season. The fresh, crisp, bright cheeriness that is so characteristic of the apple-blossom month is felicitously portrayed, while the tender feeling so omnipresent, so all-pervading, so enervating in the lazy days of late spring, is skillfully reproduced. The picture is a composition from [illegible] made in the land of pellucid pools, fragrant apple blossoms, school-houses and universal [illegible]. The little [illegible] is there, ducks included, the landscape is made tender and charming by the introduction of [illegible] fairly blooming [illegible] the prophecy of fruit, the distant mountains, suggestive of [illegible] and clearing, [illegible] while the floating cloud [illegible] the shower and [illegible].

The approaching Academy Exhibition, which will open on the [illegible] inst., will give our readers an opportunity to compare the work of the New-York Pre-Raphaelites with that of other artists, and to form an intelligent judgment of their comparative merits.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE CENTRAL PARK.

The long months of Winter have not been spent in idleness by the custodians of Central Park. A great deal has been accomplished toward providing new sources of pleasure and happiness for visitors during the coming season. The promenades and drives are thoroughly cleared from end to end. The roads are firm and dry, new walks are being rapidly completed at the romantic north end, and the picturesque heights near the old Powder Magazine, have been seized upon by the landscape gardener to produce his best effects. Rustic resting-places are being constructed in every place suggestive of quiet and of coming shade. The great rustic building at the southern end, to be the central point of the children's playground, will be finished in a month or so, and before the odor of May blossoms has left the fields, the Dairy will pour its treasure of good milk into the open mouths of thirsty youngsters. The lawns, rolled to the evenness of "velvet pile," will be free to school children within certain hours, and to persons of larger growth on stated days, as usual. Space is laid off for the lovers of croquet, and base ball, and cricket, with a corner or two to spare suitably provided with comfortable seats for the best players—the lookers on.

THE TERRACE.

This year it is expected the works about this most beautiful point will be completed. The figures and surroundings of the centre-piece of the fountain are all but complete. The parti-colored encaustic tiles, of which the roof of the hall beneath the terrace, and its floor, are to be formed, will soon arrive from England, and these once placed, and the niches and panels filled, the work here will be complete.

THE TOWER.

On the site of the old watch-tower, which not long ago overlooked the lower reservoir, we shall soon see a very beautiful structure, being a fortress in miniature with its donjon keep, look-out tower, battlements and moat. On this tower, which will be visible from all parts of the Park, will rise a tall flagstaff with the national banner, a rallying place for all lovers of the country, and a good trysting spot for those who love each other. To those who had courage enough, despite the crush and the corns, to venture to the top of the old wooden tower, it will only be necessary to remind them of how well they were repaid for their labors by the view, that they may appreciate the good taste in restoring this point of sight after such a fashion as that proposed.

THE HALL OF STATUES.

Those who grumbled, and with some justice, that the room in the Arsenal, used as a place for the temporary exhibition of the plaster casts and other statuary matter, was unfit for the purpose, will be pleased to learn that the collection has been removed to the chapel building at St. Vincent. This very handsome little building has been restored, its walls and ceilings frescoed, and the surrounding grounds improved with taste and skill. The collection, which will now no doubt receive many valuable additions, will be a great attraction, and do much to induce many to make their first visit to this most beautiful end of the Park. Those who have once made the tour of the North End, need no coaxing to make a second visit; the recollection of the pleasant surprises of the first will be stimulus enough.

The Arsenal will be used, as it now is, for the safe-keeping of the animals during the Winter, and for general storage purposes. The hall lately occupied by the statues will be used probably to exhibit specimens of stuffed animals, birds, minerals, and the like—the nucleus for a museum.

THE ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS.

The Zoological Gardens will not be completed this year, but the preliminary work is already begun. These gardens will be on the site of that which was formerly known as Manhattan-square, bounded on the east by Eighth-avenue, on the west by Ninth, on the north by Eighty-first-street, and on the south by Seventy-seventh-street; 800,000 square feet in all. This, it is proposed, to make most attractive, and when our Park Commissioners propose to do, they do, and what they do is always well done.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The number of deaths registered in this City for the week ending March 30 was 408, being a decrease of 25 from the number reported in the previous week and 26 less than in the corresponding week of last year. Of the whole number 205 were of children under 15 years of age. Sixty-five died in the public institutions. Eighty-two died from zymotic diseases, of which 7 were from measles, 10 from scarlatina, 9 from diphtheria, 6 from whooping-cough, 7 from typhus fever, 5 from typhoid fever, and 7 from diarrhœa. There were 112 deaths from constitutional diseases, 158 from local diseases, 43 from developmental diseases, and 12 by violence.

From a weather abstract prepared by Dr. Jonas P. Loines, of the Eastern Dispensary, comparing the tables of the two remarkably cold months, March, 1866, and March, 1867, it appears that the mean temperature of the month this year was one degree lower than that of last year; that the mean reading of the barometer was 5-100 of an inch higher this year, while the average humidity of the air was 64, or the same in both years, and that the total of the precipitation by rainfall and snowfall this year was more than twice that of last year.

THE REGISTRAR'S WEEKLY LETTER.

The following letter from the Registrar of Vital Statistics contains some important points for the study of readers who take an interest in sanitary science or in the public health:

"In the week ending March 30, there were 408 deaths in New-York—including 65 in the public institutions—37 being inmates of the island hospitals. In Brooklyn there were 156 deaths, not including the mortality in the Kings County institutions. The death-rate in the week would be estimated as equal to 26.56 per annum, exclusive of the island institutions in New-York, and to 27.39 in Brooklyn—estimating the population as given by last census.

Zymotic diseases destroyed 82 lives in New-York and 38 in Brooklyn. There was an increase of fatal diarrhœal diseases and scarlatina in Brooklyn, and in New-York an increase in typhus, croup and diphtheria. Phthisis and inflammatory diseases of the respiratory organs destroyed 127 lives, or 31 per cent. of all who died in New-York, and 49, or 30 per cent. of all in Brooklyn.

The rate of infant mortality in New-York last week was, for the first year of infancy, 24.07 per cent., and for children five years old and under, 40.44 per cent. of the total list. In Brooklyn, the same periods gave 33.33, and 55.55 per cent. of the total mortality, including institutions that reported to the Board of Health.

Inflammatory and constitutional diseases have been in the ascendant, as usual, all Winter, and the severity of the weather and attendant evils of bad housing of the poor in our stormy March, swelled the total mortality from these two classes of causes to an excess not reached before in ten months, though the average rate of mortality from all other causes was unusually low. The weekly abstracts have presented such facts as words and numerals can show, but we need to push inquiry into the actual reasons that account for the excessive mortality from these so-called constitutional and inflammatory causes of death. In such an inquiry we encounter the fact that among the well-housed yet crowded population (25,772 by census) of the Fifteenth Ward, only 31 persons died the past four weeks; while in the Fourth Ward, (population 17,352, all in tenant-houses,) 81 persons died; that is, the death-rate in the Fifteenth Ward is found to be only equal to 15¼ deaths to the 1,000 inhabitants, while in the Fourth Ward it is, even in Winter, 69 per 1,000. In the three Summer months the rate of mortality in the latter ward was as 70 per 1,000 annually. Thus the fact confronts us that the badly-housed population of the City suffers a perpetual pestilence by one cause or another, while the decently-housed and cleanly, as the Fifteenth Ward, enjoys a salubrity scarcely equaled in any rural village. It is possible to make the health standard of the Fifteenth Ward the standard for the city, Summer and Winter."

The New-York City Sunday-School and Missionary Society.

A public meeting of the New-York City Sunday-school and Missionary Society was held last evening in the Trinity M. E. Church, Thirty-fourth-street, near Eighth-avenue, W. W. Cornell, Esq., President, in the chair.

The exercises were commenced with the singing of the hymn beginning

"Come, Holy Spirit, Heavenly Dove,"

after which prayer was offered by Rev. Samuel Mower, of North Ohio Conference.

The Chairman then introduced Rev. J. S. Inskip, who proceeded to address the audience upon the work of Sunday-school teachers. He did not belong, he said, to the class of people who believe that Christianity is a failure in the City of New-York. He thought it was a very great success, and among the most efficient means of bringing about the desirable end—the salvation of the whole [illegible]—is the New-York City Sunday-school and Missionary Society. There are now 120,000 children in this Metropolis who do not go to [illegible] Protestant or Roman Catholic schools, and [illegible] should be gathered in by such organizations as this Society. It is a mistake to suppose that there is [illegible] disposition on the part of these outcasts to come into the Sabbath-school. As an instance of their willingness to come into our school ranks, he would say that the Greene-street Church people, over whom he is pastor, in a recent brief visiting effort, succeeded in bringing in 175 new scholars, and in not a single instance were the missionaries received with unkindness. In conclusion, he prayed the blessing of God upon the Society's efforts.

Rev. H. H. Ridgeway then addressed the meeting. He said, substantially, that there is no difficulty in providing churches and other places of worship for the rich, but it is difficult to provide these same precious privileges for the poor, and by such benevolent organizations as this are the great masses of our people to be reached by the Gospel. As workers of Christ we need very great zeal, and with it mighty faith in God. We have the means of accomplishing this if we only have the faith. The conversion of the inhabitants of this City is perfectly feasible. In Germany there are several communities in which the simple, pure Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ so thoroughly saturates the minds and hearts of the people that there is not a single Sabbath-breaker, swearer, thief, idler, or poor person, to be found within their borders. This result may be attained in this City, and may God hasten the glorious day when we may realize the fruit of all our present labors.

The meeting was then dismissed with the doxology and benediction.

POLICE COURTS.

ESSEX MARKET—SHANDLEY, Justice.

A BURGLARY.

A young man named Henry Johnson was arrested on the charge of having burglariously entered the lager-beer saloon No. 153 Avenue A, on the morning of Sunday last, and stole therefrom a quantity of pennies and fractional currency. When the Police searched the prisoner, they found a complete set of implements peculiar to his profession upon him, and among the rest a slung-shot, with which he intended, doubtless, to "finish" any one who might venture to interfere with him in his work. He was held for trial without bail.

JEFFERSON MARKET—DODGE, Justice.

EXCISE.

Jacob Danner, of Broadway, between Sixty-fourth and Sixty-fifth streets, was arrested and held to bail in the sum of $300, to answer for alleged violation of the Excise Law, in exposing his bar after midnight on Monday.

STEALING A DIAMOND RING.

Mrs. Mary F. Monks, who dwells at No. 263 West Forty-third-street, charges a girl who calls herself Minnie Geary, with stealing a diamond ring, valued at $15, from her on the 29th inst. Minnie was committed for trial at Special Sessions, in default of $300 bail.

SNATCHING A POCKETBOOK.

On Monday afternoon as Mrs. Landon, of No. 178 Waverly-place, was passing through East Thirteenth-street, she was approached by two young men named Wm. Canfield and Peter Burke, one of whom snatched her port-monnaie from her hand, immediately after which they both fled. They were both pursued by the Police and soon captured. They were committed for trial in default of $1,500 bail each.

CARRYING A SLUNG-SHOT.

A man named Wm. Poole was seen loitering about suspiciously in Thirty-sixth-street at an early hour yesterday morning when he was arrested by the officer on post, who escorted him to the Jefferson Market Police Court, where he was committed for trial. The prisoner had a slung-shot in his possession.

ASSAULT UPON AN OFFICER.

In August last, Officer Connor, of the Thirty-first Precinct, while endeavoring to quell a street disturbance, was assaulted by one of the rioters, who struck him in the head with a paving-stone, depriving him of his consciousness, after which the ruffian escaped. Yesterday the officer met him in the street, and took him into custody. He was held for trial in default of bail.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

A butcher, named Nathan Goldschmidt, was arraigned upon the charge of driving a cart in which eleven calves were confined within too limited a space, so that they were lying one upon the other. The butcher was bailed in the sum of $300 to answer.

VIOLATING A HEALTH ORDINANCE.

Matthew J. Toumey was arrested and taken before the Magistrate, charged with keeping a slaughter-house in East Twenty-eighth-street, near First-avenue, without the required license from the Board of Health. He was committed for trial at Special Sessions.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

The Spring Book Trade Sale.—The catalogue of 316 pages containing lists of the books to be offered from the leading publishing houses of New-York, Boston and Philadelphia, by Messrs. Leavitt, Strebeigh & Co., gives evidence that on the part of the publishers there is no lack of confidence in the growing intelligence of the people, and in the increased desire for knowledge. The people will read and must, therefore, have books—useful, standard works which serve the twofold purpose in the household of being useful and ornamental—furniture for the library and food for the mind. To this end the people's messengers wing their way from North, South, East and West to the trade sales for the purpose of providing themselves with stocks ample in variety and quality as well as in quantity. Yesterday the sale was opened, and Lippincott's invoice led the way, good prices ruling throughout. In addition to the other works offered and sold, which bring excellent prices as in former seasons, it is a noticable fact that the various editions and styles of the Bible do not occupy a secondary place. The sale, even at this early stage, is well attended, and so far buying has progressed briskly.

Fire in First-avenue.—At about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon a fire was discovered in the fancy goods store, No. 783 First-avenue, occupied by Isaac Goldsmith. The store was closed at the time, but a neighbor, named Keller, smelled the smoke, and, forcing an entrance into the place, succeeded in extinguishing the flames with a few pails of water. Upon examining the premises in the region of the fire, which commenced beneath the counter, Mr. Keller found a quantity of shavings and pieces of kindling wood piled up, evidently by an incendiary. It was also discovered that most of the goods and furniture had been removed from the store and the rear dwelling apartment. Goldsmith was arrested soon afterward, and locked up on a charge of arson. He had an insurance of $1,600 upon his goods and furniture.

The Trades and Wages.—It is claimed by some of the carpenters now on strike that a number of the employers have consented to the desired increase of fifty cents per day. Some of them have, it is understood, agreed to pay the proposed increase as soon as nine of the leading shops shall have taken the initiative. The masons have resolved that on and after Monday next their wages shall be $4 50 per day. The coopers are to have $3 per day. The flaggers have obtained an increase of fifteen cents per day, and leave to stop work on Saturdays at 4 o'clock. The varnishers, cigar-makers and chair-makers, owing to the inactive state of their business, are obliged to take what they can get, as a strike with any of them would be disastrous to themselves.

The New-York Methodist East Conference.—To-day the New-York Methodist East Conference meets in the Bedford-street M. E. Church. Among the appointments likely to be made in this City and Brooklyn are the following: Old John-street Church, Rev. W. De Puy; Willett-street, Rev. J. W. Horne; Allen-street, Rev. A. W. Weed; Seventh-street, Rev. W. P. Corbett; Twenty-seventh-street, Rev. C. B. Sing; Thirty-seventh-street, Rev. W. McAllister; Beekman Hill, (Fiftieth-street,) Rev. F. Bottome; Sands-street, Brooklyn, Rev. Dr. Andrews; South Second-street, Williamsburgh, Rev. W. H. Boole; North Fifth-street, Rev. A. S. Francis.

A Murderous Assault.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning Carrie Boardman met an unknown man in the Bowery, and accompanied him to the Manhattan House, No. 265 Bowery. Soon after entering the place the pair quarreled, when the man drew a revolver and discharged one chamber at the girl, the bullet missing its aim and lodging in the wall. So close was the weapon to Carrie's head that her face was severely burned by the exploding powder. Her assailant succeeded in making his escape, although he was pursued by the Tenth Ward Police and some citizens.

The Thirty-first-street Alleged Arson Case.—Edward Thornman was arrested charged with setting fire to the rear shop No. 109 West Thirty-first-street, on Monday night. He was seen to go into the shop, (as sworn to by Lewis Stitch, who occupies the front as a cabinet warehouse,) with a bag containing wood and shavings, and shortly thereafter the fire was discovered and extinguished before much damage had been done. Justice Dodge committed him in default of bail to answer.

Attempt at Suicide.—At a late hour on Monday night, Wm. H. Milliken, recently discharged from the United States service at Fort Columbus, attempted suicide by jumping into the East River, at Pier No. 42. Scarcely had the misguided man risen to the surface of the water ere he repented of his act, and shouted lustily for help. He was speedily rescued by the Seventh Precinct Police in an exhausted condition. He assigned no reason for his suicidal attempt.

Obituary.—The death of Mr. James A. Edgar, of the firm of Booth & Edgar, sugar refiners and merchants of this City, is announced, much to the grief of a large circle of friends. Mr. Edgar was very highly esteemed by all with whom he had any occasion to be related in business or in social life. His death was the result of pneumonia, a sickness contracted about a week ago.

An Infant Smothered.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner Schirmer, at No. 275 West Thirty-ninth-street, over the remains of Thomas Gillendus, aged three months, who was accidentally smothered by having crawled under the mattress of the bed. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

A Burglarious Attempt.—About 1 o'clock yesterday morning two young boys, names unknown, effected an entrance into the premises No. 884 Sixth-avenue, occupied by L. Strauss as a butcher-shop. Before the youthful burglars had obtained any plunder their movements roused the inmates, when they ran off, and escaped arrest.

Sudden Death.—George Thornell, a cooper, residing at No. 106 Second-street, Brooklyn, E. D., was taken with cramps yesterday morning while at work, at No. 29 Front-street, and died almost immediately afterward in great agony. An inquest will be held to-day.

Another Sudden Death.—Johannah B. Brower, aged seventy-five years, lately from Holland, and boarding at No. 8 Broadway, was found dead in his room yesterday morning. It is supposed, from the appearance of his face, that he died in convulsions. The Coroner was notified.

Attempted Suicide.—At about 6 o'clock last evening, an Irishwoman named Margaret Wedgewood, aged 41 years, and residing at No. [illegible] East Houston-street, attempted suicide by taking some Paris green. She was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

One Hundred Guns.—The Democratic victory in Connecticut was celebrated in this City yesterday by the firing of 100 guns in the City Hall Park, under the direction of the Tammany Society.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

The Board of Education.—A meeting of the Board of Education, Dr. J. S. Thorne in the chair, was held last evening. The Committee to which was referred the authority to sell the lots on Willow-place, originally purchased for school site, No. 29, report that the premises in question are situate on Willow-place, extending to Columbia-street, being 100 feet front on each street, and 150 feet deep. The cost of the same was $11,250; add interest, four per cent., same as allowed on deposits in bank, $2,850. Total, $14,100. On the 14th of November, 1865, the Board referred the matter to the President, the Chairman of the Finance Committee, and Chairman of the School-house Committee, with power to sell the said premises. The same has been offered at private sale from time to time without a purchaser, and the pressing demand for more school accommodation for primary schools in the Twelfth Ward, also, in other parts of the city, induced the Committee to offer the sale of the premises at public auction. Accordingly, maps and handbills were issued for sale on March 21, and the same was struck off to David G. Leggett at $14,100, payable in cash on delivery of the deed. (The sale was made so as to be dependent on the action of the Board.) In the minds of some members it is deemed unwise to sell the premises, as the location is desirable for a primary school in that vicinity at some future day, and no other equally desirable location could be procured at anything like the price at which the premises were struck off. Certainly, very pressing necessity exists for means to erect school accommodations at this moment in the Twelfth Ward, as 1,000 children are swarming the streets without school facilities. The Committee refer the matter back to the Board, whether the sale shall be completed or not. At the same auction sale the Committee offered the lots on Van Buren-street, originally purchased for school No. 11. No such price was bid for them as to justify the sale, the amount bid being less than the cost and interest. The subject was referred back to the Committee for report. The School-House Committee, to whom was referred, on the 3d of October, 1866, the petition of A. Folk, to be allowed $2,200 for an error in his proposal to furnish material and labor required by the carpenter's specification for the erection of Primary School No. 1, reported favorably, and offered a resolution to the effect that Folk should be allowed $2,200. The error, it appears, was made by the sash and blind maker in his estimate. The resolution was adopted. The Board shortly after adjourned.

The Crimes of the Late Burglar Monzani.—Crimes greater than those previously alleged against the burglar Monzani, who was shot in his tracks in Williamsburgh, on Sunday morning last, have been developed. It is now believed that he murdered his first wife and child, by drowning them in Newtown Creek. The story is common in that township that a few years ago he took them out on the creek in a small boat and returned some time afterward, saying that the boat upset and they were both drowned, which appeared a very improbable story at the time, and more improbable now that his bad character has been revealed. It is also believed by Mr. Francis Smith, who was shot in his bedroom, at his residence in South First-street, during the small hours of the morning of a Sunday in December, 1865, and robbed of $1,200, that Monzani committed the deed. Mr. Smith examined the body of the criminal after his death, and expressed the belief that he was the man. The fact that Monzani deposited a large sum of money in the Kings County Savings Bank about this time, is additional proof against him in this matter. His assassination of Officer John Hipwell, it is firmly believed, will be fully proved at the inquest on Friday night. The right name of the monster was Toraldi H. Monzani. He had accumulated considerable real estate by his villanies, and owned property in Kings and Queens Counties.

Opening of the New Turkish Baths.—The fourth season of the Brooklyn Hammam, or Turkish Baths, which are under the care of Dr. Charles H. Shepard, M. D., at Nos. 63 and 65 Columbia-street, was celebrated yesterday. About 3:30 o'clock quite a large party sat down to dinner, and after the good things had been disposed of, Dr. Shepard gave an interesting account of the establishment of the institution and the effects of the baths on the constitution. Several gentlemen who had tested the baths in various cases of disease also spoke of the excellent results produced by them. The baths, which are fitted up in beautiful style, consist of a *frigidarium*, *tepidarium*, *calidarium* and *lavatorium*, or a cool, warm, hot and bathing room. The highest temperature of the hot room is 130°. The heat, however, is of such a nature that its effect is by no means unpleasant, and the bather, after undergoing the various processes, retires to his dressing-room with a feeling of invigoration. The baths in Brooklyn are now visited by ladies and gentlemen from all parts of the country, and are recognized as one of the institutions of that city.

The Army and Navy Association.—A meeting of the Army and Navy Association was held at the Court-house last evening. Gen. E. L. Molineux presided. Gen. Kozlay presented the following statement: The total receipts since the organization are $40 25, and expenditures, $21 60; balance on hand, $18 65. A letter from Senator Conklin was read, acknowledging the receipt of a series of resolutions from the Committee, with reference to the refusal of the Senate to confirm certain candidates. A Committee of Seven was appointed to prepare an address to the public, asking its aid in the erection of a building for the accommodation of the Union, and from which revenue might be obtained to enable the Union to support the orphans of disabled soldiers. Gens. Kozlay, Molineux and S. H. Roberts; Cols. Nelson Shaurman, C. H. Pierson, Charles O. Belden, Acting Ensign F. O'Bierne, U. S. N., Acting Master, W. F. Pratt, U. S. N., and Capt. P. H. O'Byrne, were appointed a Board of Trustees, and to apply to the Legislature for a charter. The meeting then adjourned.

Fire.—Yesterday morning, about 5 o'clock, a fire broke out in the basement of the four-story brick building No. 10 Water-street, which extended throughout the entire structure. Mr. John Frazier, tinsmith, occupied the first floor. Loss about $2,000; insured in the Montauk Company. A. J. Hicks, gold pencil manufactory; loss about $1,000; insured. John H. Baldwin, Assistant Internal Revenue Assessor, lost all his books and papers. Damage about $500. Stewart & Bowie, brass finishers, who occupied the basement, lost about $1,000. Henry Linesburg, oyster dealer, lost about $500; not insured. The loss on building amounts to about $10,000; insured in the Nassau and Mechanics' Companies, of Brooklyn. The Union Boiler Works of Mr. R. J. Hutchinson, adjoining, were damaged to the extent of about $50. The premises of Mr. H. Nutt, mat and bagging manufactory, were damaged about $500; not insured. The fire originated in the basement, as supposed, by accident.

The Anneke Jans Estate.—The heirs of Anneke Jans, pursuant to call of the Chair, held a meeting yesterday afternoon in the vestry room of the Church, corner of DeKalb-avenue and Walworth-street. The attendance was not as numerous as the supposed interest in the affair might warrant. The meeting was presided over by William B. Humbert, Esq., who made a brief statement of their claim against the Trinity Church Corporation. He urged the propriety of their bringing the subject at an early day before the United States Courts, Mr. Brown, their counsel, having given up the case. A Committee consisting of the following named gentlemen was appointed to meet the heirs in New-York on Thursday next: William B. Humbert, Robert Mason and George Gale. The meeting then adjourned.

Crushed to Death.—A girl named Mary McAvoy, aged 17 years, was crushed to death about noon yesterday in the machinery of a paint factory, No. 135 Plymouth-street. The girl was at work, filling cans at the mill, when her clothes were caught in the cog wheels, and she was drawn in and mangled. The machinery was stopped, but too late to save her life. The body was conveyed to the residence of the mother of deceased, in Plymouth-street, near Bridge-street. The Coroner was notified.

The Republican General Committee.—The Kings County Republican General Committee met at No. 9 Court-street last evening. Mr. G. L. Sanderson presided. They ordered the Senatorial Conventions to be held at 7:30 P. M. in the Second District, at No. 9 Court-street. The Third District Convention is to meet at the same place at 3 o'clock P. M. The Committee then went into executive session, and transacted their business in secret.

Coroner's Inquest.—Coroner Lynch held an inquest yesterday upon the body of Agnes Nason, who died at a house in Navy-street, near Myrtle-avenue, on Sunday. The evidence proved that she died of acute disease of the spine, caused by a fall, and a verdict in accordance was rendered by the jury.

Brooklyn City Court—Wednesday, April 3. Nos. 5, 26, 35, 43, to 45 inclusive; 47, to 60 inclusive and 33.

NEW-JERSEY.

Political.—The municipal elections will take place in Hudson County on Tuesday next, but the [illegible] municipal nominations have not yet been made, as the different Corporations are awaiting the result of the bills pending before the Legislature, and which will be acted upon in a day or two. In the Fourth Ward of Jersey City the Republicans have nominated for Alderman, Philip P. Vanarsdale; for Chosen Freeholder, Dr. Adolphus Kirsten. In the Fifth Ward, for Alderman, Capt. Chas H. Lambert; for Chosen Freeholder, Moses K. Kellam. The Republican primary meetings for the First, Second and Third Wards of Jersey City were held last evening. The Republicans of Bergen meet this evening, at which ward tickets will be reported and delegates chosen to attend the Town Convention.

Women Beaters.—A young man named Frederick Carroll, was examined before Recorder Martindale, of Jersey City, and held for trial, on a charge of brutally assaulting a colored woman named Julia Ward, in Prospect-street, on Sunday night. ...A man named Richard Murphy, was also taken before the Recorder charged with having on Monday night beat his wife and little boy, and compelled them to sleep in the woodshed. [illegible] he was committed to the County Jail for trial.

Gas Explosion.—On Monday night, a man named Adam Reibold, who had moved into the premises No. 35 Market-street, Newark, on that day, was quite seriously injured by an explosion of gas in one of the rooms. There being a strong smell of gas he incautiously took a lamp to search for the locality of the leak. Upon entering an upper room where the gas was escaping from a defective pipe, an explosion occurred. Mr. Reibold was very severely burned, and his wife, son, and a workman, were also burned.

Base Ball.—The Active Base Ball Club, of Jersey City, have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, W. L. Janeway; Vice President, T. L. Henry; Secretary, H. Clarke; Treasurer, J. Clarke; Directors, J. Clarke, T. L. Henry and William Henry.

Southern Relief.—Mayor Peddie, of Newark, has addressed communications to the clergymen of that city, asking their views respecting a proposed collection to be taken up on some Sabbath for the benefit of the destitute women and children in the South.

Accident.—On Monday evening a laborer named James Early, in attempting to get upon the cars at the East Newark station, fell under the wheels and had one of his legs crushed so badly that amputation was necessary.

Alleged Pickpocket.—A man named James Rafferty, was yesterday taken before Justice Pope, at Hoboken, charged with having picked a lady's pocket of $3 on the Morris and Essex Railroad, soon after leaving the depot. He was committed for trial.

Station-house Lodgers.—During the month of March 962 persons, of both sexes, were accommodated with lodgings at the Station-house in Jersey City.

Markets by Telegraph.

Cincinnati, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour dull but firmer, with large speculative inquiry. No. 2 Wheat has advanced 1c.@1½c.; sales No. 1 is scarce and higher; sales at $2 60@$2 73, according to location; sales of No. 2 at $2 25@$2 28. Corn firm and active, and advanced 2½c.; sales at 96½c.@98½c. for Winter, and $1 for fresh receipts of No. 1, closing weak at 98c. for Winter. Oats active; sales of No. 2 at 49c.@50½c., closing weak at 50c. Rye quiet at an advance of 1c.@2c.; sales of No. 1, in store, at $1 30@$1 33. Barley advanced 1c.@2c.; sales of No. 2 at 91c.@92c. Provisions dull and nominal; Mess Pork, $22 50@$22 75; news from Liverpool has depressed the market. Whisky nominal; $2 26 offered, but illicit traffic has demoralized trade, and none can do a legitimate business without loss. Bulk Meats are offered at 8c.@11c. without buyers. Bacon declined ⅛c.@¼c. Lard dull; City, 13¼c. Butter, 30c.@33c. Eggs, 19c.@20c. Cheese, 17c.@17½c. Clover Seed, $10 50; Timothy Seed, $2 90; Flax Seed, $2 50@$2 60. Linseed Oil, $1 30. Gold, 133¾ buying. Money closed at 10@12.

Chicago, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour firm; market without decided change; stock light; trade brands, $11 50@$13 50; fancy brands, $14@$16. Wheat firmer, but unsettled; No. 2 Spring, $2 45; No. 1 Winter, $2 95. Corn firmer; chiefly for shipment South; No. 1 is quoted at 88c.; White, 89c., sacked; Ear, 87c., Oats, 60c.@61c. Rye, $1 60 and scarce. Barley unchanged. Cotton dull; Middlings, 27c. Shoulders steady; sales at 8c., loose. Lard quiet at 12¾c.@13c. Dressed Hogs, $8 75@$9. Live Hogs advanced 10c.@15c.; sales at $6 75@$8 for common to choice. Receipts,—5,000 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bushels Wheat, 12,000 bushels Corn, 1,900 bushels Oats, 2,400 Hogs. Shipments,—2,800 bbls. Flour, 8,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Corn.

St. Louis, Tuesday, April 2.

Tobacco steady at $15@$17 75 for Leaf. Cotton nominal at 27c. for strict Middling. Flour active; medium and better grades advanced 25c.@50c.; Superfine, $9@$9 25; Extra, $11; Double Extra, $11 50@$14 75; Choice Double Extra, $15@$16. Wheat advancing; sales at $2 70@$2 75 for Prime and Choice Spring, and $3 25@$3 30 for Prime and Strictly Prime Fall. Corn advancing; sales at $1@$1 02 for Mixed; $1 01@$1 06 for Yellow, and $1 04@$1 08 for White. Oats advancing; sales at 74c.@76c. Barley advancing; sales at $1 15@$1 40 in sacks for Extra. Rye advancing; sales at $1 35@$1 37. Mess Pork inactive at $22 50@$23. Bacon unchanged. Lard and Whisky, nothing doing.

Oswego, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour in good demand, but unchanged. Sales 2,000 bbls. at $12 25@$12 50 for No. 1 Spring; $13 75@$14 for Red Winter, $15 for White, and $15 75@$16 for Double Extra. Rye flour sales at $7. Buckwheat flour unchanged. Wheat quiet, and no sales. Corn quiet; sales of No. 1 at $1 12. Oats—Choice Western are selling at 65c. Barley, Rye and Peas nominal. Corn Meal sales at $2 60@$2 75 ℔ 100 lbs. Mill Feed firm and higher. Shorts selling at $26@$27. Shipstuffs at $30@$34, and Middlings at $36@$37 ℔ ton. Railroad Freights—Flour to Boston, 80c.; to New-York, 60c.; to Albany and Schenectady 50c.

New-Orleans, Tuesday, April 2.

Cotton unchanged; sales, 3,300 bales; Low Middling, 28½c.@29c.; receipts since Friday evening, 650 bales; exports for the same period, 8,434 bales. Sugar quiet and firm; strictly prime, 13½c. No Louisiana Molasses in the market. Flour quiet and steady; superfine $12 50. Corn has an upward tendency; Mixed, $1 15; Yellow, $1 17½; White, $1 20. Oats firm at 75c. Mess Pork $24 50@$24 75. Lard quiet and firm; tierces, 13½c.; kegs, 14c. Gold 135¼. Sterling 45½@46½. New-York Sight ⅛@¼ ℔ cent. premium.

Buffalo, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour firm and in good demand for Spring; sales of 350 bbls. from Northwestern Club at $11 75; 100 bbls. from White Canada at $15. Wheat is quiet; one car of No. 2 Milwaukee sold at $2 60. Corn is active and excited, closing with an advance of 5c. on new Ohio; sales of four cars of new Ohio at 96c.@$1, on the State line track. Oats are dull; small lots sold at 57c. for Western. Rye is dull and held at $1 35 for Western. Barley is quiet and unchanged. Provisions, Lard and Highwines firm and unchanged.

Baltimore, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour firm; no sales. Wheat—Sales of White at $3 20@$3 55 for fair to good, and at $3 40 for prime to choice Red. Corn active and advanced 1c.@2c.; sales 15,415 bushels of White at $1 08@$1 11; 8,260 bushels Yellow at $1 09@$1 10; 2,500 bushels Mixed Western at $1 03@$1 04. Oats—Sales 2,500 bushels at 67c.@69c. Rye—Offerings light; sales at $1 40. Clover-seed—Sales 50 bushels at $10 50. Provisions unchanged. Whisky, in bond, 30c.@32c. Cotton weak; Middling Uplands 30c.

Cambridge, Mass., Tuesday, April 2.

Beef—Cattle receipts 155 head; market rather dull, but quotations are unchanged; extra, $13@$13 50; first quality, $12@$12 50; second quality, $10 50@$11; third quality, $9 50@$10. Milch Cows and Calves, $40@$125. Veal Calves, $2 50@$15. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 3,066 head; market firm at last week's prices, viz.: 6½c.@10c. ℔ lb.

Louisville, Tuesday, April 2.

Sales of 220 hhds. Tobacco at full prices, from $2 25@$18 50. Flour—Superfine, $9 50@$10 25. Wheat nominal. Corn firm at 73c.@75c. shelled in bulk, and 70c.@72c. on the ear. Oats, 60c.@64c. Mess Pork $22 50. Bacon—Shoulders, 9½c.; Clear Sides, 12½c. Lard, in tierces, 12½c. Raw Whisky, $2 22. Cotton, 26½c.

Milwaukee, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour firm. Wheat active; per cental, $4 17 for No. 1 and $3 87 for No. 2. Oats advancing; No. 1 at $1 72 for old. Corn steady; $1 70 for old No. 1. Provisions firm; Mess Pork $23. Receipts—1,200 bbls. Flour, 2,000 centals Wheat, 500 centals Oats, 1,600 centals Corn. Shipments—4,500 bbls. Flour, 1,000 centals Wheat.

Toledo, Ohio, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour quiet. Wheat firm and advanced 2c.; sales at $3 10 for White Michigan, $2 92 for Amber do. Corn active and advanced 1c.@1½c.; sales at 87c.@88½c. for No. 1. Oats firm at 58c.

Memphis, Tuesday, April 2.

Cotton declining; Middling, 27½c.@28c. Receipts 161 bales. Flour, $9 25@$9 50. Corn, $1 10@$1 12. Oats, 73c.@75c. Pork and Bacon unchanged.

Savannah, Tuesday, April 2.

Cotton dull and heavy; sales to-day 550 bales at 28c.; quotations are barely maintained; receipts to-day 510 bales.

Wilmington, N. C., Tuesday, April 2.

Cotton—Quotations are nominal; Middling Upland, 28c. Spirits of Turpentine steady at 71c. Resin firm; sales at $3 25@$10.

San Francisco, Tuesday, April 2.

Flour continues firm at $8@$8 50. Wheat quiet; choice shipping grades $1 75@$1 85. Legal Tenders 75.

Charleston, S. C., Tuesday, April 2.

Cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales to-day 320 bales.

Augusta, Ga., Tuesday, April 2.

Cotton opened active but declined ½c.@1c.; sales 280 bales Middling Upland at 27½c.

[Advertisement.]

The Spring Style of Gentlemen's Hats.—The unmistakable favorite among the various styles introduced this Spring by the different leading hatters is that of Knox, its beauty, lightness and general superiority challenging universal admiration. Sojourners at the hotels and others who want to secure a becoming and fashionable hat can be accommodated at either of KNOX'S establishments, No. 539 Broadway and No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st.

[Advertisement.]

The great question of beverages is settled in favor of Kent's East India Coffee. Everybody uses it. Sold by all grocers at 25 cents, per pound. Depot, No. 154 Reade-st.

[Advertisement.]

"A Fact."—One dollar will purchase a pocket [illegible], warranted to denote correct time; horizontal construction; latest American improvements; [illegible] Address JACQUES [illegible], West Hoboken, New-Jersey.

[Advertisement.]

[illegible] Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and [illegible] Patent [illegible] Burglar-proof Safes, [illegible] which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR AMERICA.			
Great Eastern	Mar. 20	Liverpool	New-York
[illegible]	Mar. [illegible]	[illegible]	New-York
[illegible]	Mar. [illegible]	[illegible]	New-York
[illegible]	Mar. [illegible]	[illegible]	New-York
[illegible]	Mar. [illegible]	[illegible]	New-York
[illegible]	Mar. [illegible]	[illegible]	New-York
Germania	Mar. [illegible]	[illegible]	New-York
St. Laurent	Mar. [illegible]	[illegible]	New-York
Manhattan	Mar. 20	Liverpool	New-York
FOR EUROPE.			
City of Manchester	April 3	New-York	Liverpool
Australasian	April 3	New-York	Liverpool
New-York	April 4	New-York	Bremen
Hibernia	April 6	New-York	Glasgow
Atlantic	April 6	New-York	Bremen
City of Paris	April 6	New-York	Liverpool
Europe	April 6	New-York	Havre
England	April 6	New-York	Liverpool
Chicago	April 6	New-York	Liverpool
Saxonia	April 6	New-York	Hamburg
FOR HAVANA, NEW-ORLEANS, &c.			
Eagle	April 4	New-York	Havana
Missouri	April 4	New-York	New-Orleans
General Grant	April 6	New-York	New-Orleans
Montgomery	April 6	New-York	New-Orleans

Departure of Ocean Mails.

Mails for Europe close:

Per *Australasian*, via Liverpool, on Wednesday at 11:30 A. M.

Per *New-York*, via Bremen, on Thursday, at 10:30 A. M.

Per *Nestorian*, via Portland, on Friday, at 1:30 P. M.

Per *Europe*, via Havre, on Saturday at 6 A. M.

Per *City of Paris*, via Liverpool, per *Saxonia* via Hamburg, and per *Atlantic*, via Bremen, Saturday, at 10:30 A. M.

Mails for Havana and West Indies, per *Eagle*, close on Thursday at 2 P. M.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at......5 A. M., 1:30, 2:30 and 6 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails..5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island......5 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Newport and Fall River......3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad......5 P. M.
North Mails......5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
North Mail, Way......5 A. M. and 2 P. M.
South Mails......5 A. M., 4:30, 5:30 and 10:30 P. M.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises.... 5 41 | Sun sets...... 6 27 | Moon rises.. 5 00
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.... 6 47 | Gov. Island.. 7 36 | Hell Gate.... 8 36

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, April 2.

Cleared.

Steamships Norfolk, Vance, Alexandria, J. Hand; Virgo, Bulkley, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Neptune, Baker, Boston, W. P. Clyde; Geo. Cromwell, Vail, New-Orleans, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Washington, Chichester, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, J. Hand; May Flower, Robinson, Philadelphia, J. Hand; Ladona, Hovey, Charleston, C. H. Mallory & Co.; Australasian, (Br.,) Cook, Liverpool, E. Cunard; Palmyra, (Br.,) Liverpool, E. Cunard.

Ships Ukraine, Metcller, Bremen, Ruger Bros.; Lady Blessington, Emery, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; J. S. De Wolf, (Br.,) Dearham, Bremen, Ruger Bros.; Sam. Russell, Lucas, Hong Kong, A. A. Low & Bro.

Bark Catalina, Perkins, Nuevitas, J. Thompson.

Brigs Concordia, (Pruss.,) Holtz, Rotterdam, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Ida Gutten, (Br.,) McAlmon, Hillsboro, N. S., P. I. Nevius & Sons; Osprey, (Br.,) Poitras, Aspinwall, S. L. Merchant & Co.; Johanna, (Old.,) Peters, Bremen, Louis Meyer; Fred. Clark, (Br.,) Coalfleet, St. Thomas, Peniston & Co.; Wild Flower, (Br.,) Sanford, Demerara, Peniston & Co.; Katie, (Dan.,) Sayne, St. Croix, P. Humford; Anna M. Knight, Knight, Neuvitas, Brett, Son & Co.

Schooners Horace L. Frances, New-Haven, Rackett & Taylor; Wellington, (Br.,) Barker, St. John, N. B., and Wolfville, N. S., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; C. W. Stetson, Lincken, Boston, Ferguson & Wood; Waterfall, Cameron, Boston, Ferguson & Wood; City Point, Fisher, Boston, Ferguson & Wood; Horatio Nichols, Brown, Cedar Keyes, Van Brunt & Slaght.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Manchester, (Br.,) Jones, Liverpool March 20, via Queenstown 21st, with mdse. and 306 passengers to John G. Dale. March 27, lat. 43, lon. 50 05, passed steamship City of Cork, bound E.; same day, passed a large quantity of ice; 28th, lat. 43 17, lon. 54 51, exchanged signals with steamship Nova Scotian, bd. E.

Ship Elizabeth Hamilton, Gillespie, New-Orleans Feb. 21, and the Bar March 4, with mdse. to J. Atkinson & Co. March 30, off Hatteras, saw a vessel's boat, painted white, with black gunwales, about 19 feet long; had been but a short time in the water.

Ship Columbia, Robinson, Liverpool March 5, with mdse. and 169 passengers to Chas. H. Marshall & Co.

Bark Orchilla, (of Searsport,) Havener, Cardenas 8 ds., with sugar to Walsh & Carver.

Bark Golden Fleece, (of Barbados,) Rhades, Mayaguez, P. R., 24 ds., with sugar and molasses to H. Trowbridge's Sons. 1st inst., 20 miles E. by S. of the Highlands, saw a vessel's spar, about 10 feet out of water, apparently attached to some vessel.

Bark Zinzarella, Megill, Vera Cruz 31 ds., with hides, &c., to F. Alexandre & Sons. Has been 17 ds. north of Hatteras, with very heavy gales.

Bark Chanticleer, (of Baltimore,) McLennan, Cienfuegos March 15, with sugar and molasses to master. Sld. in co. with bark Lavinia, for New-York.

Bark Raleigh, (Hamb.,) Heiderich Hamburg 80 ds., with mdse. and 7 passengers to R. M. Sloman & Edye. Had very heavy weather; has been on the coast 12 ds., with strong W. and N. W. gales.

Bark Walkyrien, (Dan.,) Broberg, Rio Janeiro 62 ds., with coffee to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Had very heavy weather north of Hatteras.

Brig A. G. Jewett, Reed, Malaga Jan. 5, and passed Gibraltar 24th, with fruit to J. K. Ward & Co. Feb. 24, lat. 33 20, lon. 59 50, in a heavy gale from N. W., lost head and cutwater, and sprung a leak, and was obliged to bear up for Bermuda, where we arrived March 5; left Bermuda 9th; 2d inst. off Absecum, was obliged to haul off in a heavy gale from E. N. E. to E.; stove hatch-house and received other damage.

Brig Nellie Ware, Ware, Manzanilla 38 ds., with molasses, &c., to Moss & Ward. March 12, off Hatteras, passed large pieces of a wreck, apparently part of the deck of a vessel.

Brig Cuban, (of St. John, N. B.,) Jenkins, Trinidad de Cuba 17 ds., with sugar and molasses to Boyd & Hincken.

Brig Riverside, (of St. John, N. B.,) Cox, Matanzas 19 ds., with molasses to Miller & Houghton. Sld. in co. with brigs J. A. Pearce, Mary J. Goddard and schr. Capella.

Brig Omaha, (of East Machias,) Toothaker, Trinidad, Cuba, 24 ds., with sugar and molasses to F. Talbot & Co. Sld. in co. with brig H. E. Rich, for Philadelphia.

Brig Dirigo, (of Harrington,) Bumball, Cienfuegos 23 ds., with sugar and molasses to F. Talbot & Co.

Brig T. J. Maguire, Littlefield, Zaza 13 ds., with sugar to J. E. Ward & Co.

Brig Ricardo Secondo, (Ital.,) Caffano, Palermo 105 ds., with fruit, &c., and 1 passenger to Manara & Co.

Brig Gondolier, (of Parrsboro, N. S.,) Crane, Kingston, Jam., 19 ds., with logwood and 3 passengers to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Brig Lorana, (of Boston,) Knowles, Trinidad de Cuba 16 ds., with sugar and molasses to master.

Brig G. T. Ward, (of Philadelphia,) Willeby, Sagua 10 ds., with molasses to master.

Schr. Powow, (of Provincetown,) Atkins, Grand Cayman 19 ds., with mahogany, &c., to G. Wessels. The P. has as passengers Capt. Osgood and P. Corse, mate of bark Le Yik, from Aspinwall for the West Indies, which was lost on Serana Reef, Carribean Sea, on the night of March 1. The Captain and crew left the vessel on the 2d March in the boats, and arrived at Old Providence Island on the 4th, the vessel and cargo becoming a total loss. The L. Y. was an A 1 vessel, four years old, 537 tons burden, and owned by C. G. Chapin, of Boston, B. McNear, of Brooklyn, and Capt. Osgood, of New-York.

Schr. Salmon Washburn, Taylor, Philadelphia, for Taunton.

Schr. Nathaniel Chase, (of Nantucket,) Snow, Baracoa 11 ds., with fruit to J. T. Pearsall.

Schr. White Sea, Blatchford, Boston, with molasses to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. Chas. Shearer, ——, Gloucester, with fish to Chas. Shearer.

Schr. Abbie Brackett, (of Rockland,) Alexander, Cienfuegos 18 ds., with molasses to Metcalf & Duncan.

Schr. Jeddie, (Br.,) Fanning, St. Andrew's, N. B., 10 ds., with lumber to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. A. J. Russell, Hodges, Newbern, N. C., 3 ds., with naval stores to Thomas & Holmes.

Schr. W. F. Cushing, Cook, Galveston 15 ds., with cotton and wool to Tupper & Battie.

Schr. Magellan, Amer, Baltimore.

Schr. J. H. Seguine, French, Virginia.

Schr. G. B. Smith, Banker, Virginia.

Schr. J. J. Morrow, Vail, Virginia.

Schr. Speedwell, Dixon, Virginia.

Schr. Undine, Marvin, New-Haven.

By Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, April 2.—The African packet-ship Galconda, Capt. Miskelly, belonging to the American Colonization Society, arrived to-day, 40 days from Monrovia. Everything was prosperous on the coast, and the passengers who left Charleston in the Galconda were landed in good health, and reported generally well pleased with the country. She brought several colored passengers, who have returned either on business or pleasure. The Galconda sails again for Monrovia on the 20th, and will take out a large number of emigrants.

The steamship Cuba, Capt. Duke, sailed this afternoon for Havana and New-Orleans, with a full cargo and 12 cabin passengers.

The steamship Sea Gull, from Charleston for Baltimore, was towed into Hampton Roads yesterday by the steamship Grenada, with her machinery disabled.

BOSTON, April 2.—Arr. brig Candace, from Goree.

Below—Brig Wanda, Furstin; schr. Puttbus, from Leghorn.

CHARLESTON, April 2.—Arr. steamers Manhattan, Saragossa, and schr. Waring, New-York; steamers Falcon and Patapsco, Baltimore.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 2.—Arr. steamer Grenada, towing the disabled steamer Sea Gull, from Charleston for Baltimore. The Grenada sld. for New-York this morning.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—Arr. bark Glasgow, from London; bark Atlantic, Bremen; brigs Mechanic, Cardenas; Regina and Alice Lea, St. Domingo; schrs. J. L. Clark, Mayaguez; on the 21st, in a gale, lost her deckload and one man overboard; Kate Carlton, Matanzas; A. V. Bergen, Cardenas; brigs Alma Jane, Bermuda; Isabel Bowman, Matanzas; schrs. E. A. Valentine, Trinidad; Scribner, do.

Below—Brig Despatch, from Messina.

Miscellaneous.

The pilot-boat Chas. H. Marshall, No. 3, reports having boarded, about 20 miles to the eastward of Montauk, on Sunday morning, March 31, ship Carolina Marsaque, hence for San Francisco March 19, she being in distress, having lost foretopgallantmast, and bulwarks stove, decks swept, and the third mate, Mr. Ashley, a brother of the Captain, washed overboard.

Spoken, &c.

Alexandria—bark, from Cienfuegos for Boston, March 24, in the Gulf of Florida.

Chesapeake—brig, from Savannah for New-York, 1st inst., lat. 38 38, lon. 73 50.

Carrie M. Rich—schr., from Georgetown, S. C., for Boston, March 24, lat. 35 30, lon. 74 30.

Costa Rica—Fr. bark from Havre de Grace for Buenos Ayres, Feb. 16, lat. 18 N., lon. 24 11 W.

Cumberland—Br. bark from Montevideo for Marnham, S. A., 30 ds. out, Feb. 24, lat. 30 55 S., lon. 34 20 W.

Favorite—Fr. brig, from Baltimore, bound E., March 30, 60 miles E. of Cape Henry.

Ralph Carlton—schr., of and from Camden Me., for New-Orleans, March 24, lat. 35, lon. 74 20.

Foreign Ports.

At Matanzas, March 13, barks Isabella, ldg. for Cork, for orders; Loches, do. for Greenock, and Lachies, do. for Boston; brigs Silver Oar, do. for New-York; Emma G., and schrs. Frigate Bird and Rescue, discng.

At Trinidad de Cuba, March 15, bark Union and brig Martha, ldg. for a port north of Hatteras; and schr. Mary G. Farr, do. for Philadelphia.

At Baracoa, March 21, schr. W. A. Thorndike, for New-York in 3 days.

At Zaza, March 19, brig Caroline E. Kelly, for Portland in 3 days.

At Cienfuegos, March 16, schrs. Annie Rich and Mary Miller, for New-York March 18.

MUTUAL
BENEFIT
Life Insurance Company,
NEWARK, N. J.
[Organized in 1845.] [Charter Perpetual.]

[illegible] paid losses on deceased members amounting to $[illegible], and declared in dividends to the living the sum of $6,082,838, with assets well secured amounting to over $[illegible], has just declared its TWENTIETH annual dividend, being [illegible] per cent.

It continues to issue all classes of Life Policies, at the lowest rates consistent with perfect security to the members, its distinguishing features are economy in expenditure and care in its management.

It pays no stockholders for the use of capital, no bonuses or commissions to officers, and no immoderate compensation to agents.

All its Directors attend its meetings, and serve on its committees. Its risks are carefully selected, so as to secure sound lives. It is careful in adjusting losses, and prompt in payment.

Its funds are invested with regard to security, never hazarding principal for interest; hence it has never lost a dollar on its investments. After paying losses and expenses, and reserving the value of all outstanding policies, it has always made an annual dividend of return premiums to the members, and paid them when due.

It is a "Mutual Benefit" Company, having but one class of members, all life policies, both new and old, sharing equally in the annual division of surplus, receiving a dividend on every premium paid.

It endeavors, in brief, to act in all respects as a faithful trustee for the members. Having for over twenty years pursued this course, it proposes to continue it in the future, and offers its advantages to all who desire to insure in a Company so conducted.

LEWIS C. GROVER, President.
BENJ. C. MILLER, Vice-President
Edward A. Strong, Secretary.
Alex H. Johnson, Cashier.
Amzi Dodd, Mathematician.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:
JOSEPH B. JACKSON, M. D.
EDGAR HOLDEN, M. D.
GABRIEL GRANT, M. D.
F. G. SNELLING, M. D.

DIRECTORS:
LEWIS C. GROVER, JOHN R. WEEKS,
HENRY McFARLAN, NEHEMIAH PERRY,
CHARLES S. MACKNET, EDWARD A. STRONG,
A. S. SNELLING, JOSIAH O. LOW,
RANDALL H. GREENE, JOSEPH A. HALSEY,
L. H. FROTHINGHAM, BENJ. C. MILLER.

New-York Office, 137 Broadway.
SAMUEL H. LLOYD, Agent.
Hours for medical examination at office, daily, from 11 A. M. till 2½ P. M.

SCALES.
BROWN'S STANDARD SCALES,
IN GOVERNMENT USE FOR OVER 30 YEARS,
ADAPTED TO EVERY BRANCH OF BUSINESS,
FOR HOME OR FOREIGN MARKETS.
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